The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser's.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

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The Mutual Life Insurance Co of New York.

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Net accumulating Cash Funds, July 31st., 1853.

$2,193,802.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital and Surplus, over $300,000,

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and informations on the subject of Life Insurance, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more the moral duty of man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

General Insurance Agency.

CHAS. WHITMORE

Is agent for the following responsible Insurance Companies:

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE Co., of Hartford, Conn.

NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE Co., of New York City.

ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE Co., of Utica, N.Y.

GRANITE INSURANCE Co, of Utica, N. Y.

AMERICAN INSURANCE Co, of Amsterdam, N. Y.

ALL of the above Companies are No 1 and boast of no more capital than they really have, but one thing they do boast of, and that is a safe and profitable business. All persons about getting their property or lives insured will do well by calling on the undersigned, who has insured more lives and property, within the last four years, than all the rest of the agents of this place put together.

CHAS. WHITMORE *Agent.*

☞ Times copy. 6m11

NEW ENGLAND

Live Stock Insurance Co.,

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

CAPITAL $100,000.

HORSES, Cattle, and Sheep Insured against *death* or *damage*, from natural causes, accidents or disease, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection.

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon their teams for a livelihood, should come immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured before they are injured or take sick and die.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

WM. COULSON, *Inspector.*

November 12, 1851. y19

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. v17

Ohio Live Stock Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS Company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever, at low rates.

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S. W. REEDER, Sec'y. WM. BURNETT, Pres't.

Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies Office over B Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, May 10, 1851 y41

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained and stored therein, against

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Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandise or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any town in the Western country, against the hazards of

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Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maratime ports whatsoever in the atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance—also pamphlets containing further information, apply to

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Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. y45

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J. P. KILBRETH,	E. S. HAINES,
H. L. HOFFMAN.	

E. B. REEDER, *President,*

N. GREGORY, *Secretary.*

☞ Office No. 8, Front Street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 1 court house.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

W. S. HOAGLAND,

Attorney at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Room No. 2, over Recorder's Office. y7

JOHN HOUGH, JR. WILLIAM S. JONES

HOUGH & JONES,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IND.,

WILL attend to all Legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the state.

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J. W. Townley & Co. "	David Leavitt, "
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J. L. WORDEN. C. CASE.

WORDEN & CASE,

Attorneys at Law.

Office s. w. corner of Public Square, over Recr's office.

Aug. 1st, 1853 FORT WAYNE, Ind.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

LAND & COLLECTION AGENT.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collection of Debts* in any part of Indiana.

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Grinnell, Minturn & Co.	*New York.*
Dibblee, Work & Moore,	
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Allen Hamilton,	*Fort Wayne*
Hugh McCulloch,	
R. W. Taylor.	

OFFICE—On Clinton-st., opposite the Brick Church.

July 16, 1851. y—4

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS *Attorneys and Counsellors at-Law, and General Land and Tax Agents, Fort Wayne, Indiana.* Will attend to the Collection and Securing of DEBTS, and Examination of TITLES, &c., in Indiana.

☞ OFFICE.—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald	*Professor of Law*
" William T. Otto,	*Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna,	*Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton,	"
Allen Hamilton,	"
Samuel L. Rugg.	*Decatur.*

☞ OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. 138

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery,* Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

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Messrs W. G. & G. W. Ewing,	*Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton,	"
" S. Hanna,	"
" Hugh McCulloch,	"
" Alfred Harrison,	*Indianapolis*
" Richard Snydam,	*New York.*
" W. Hyslop,	"
" Alex. Keenan,	"
" Jos. Jamieson.	"
" J. D. & C. Jones.	*Cincinnati, Ohio*

OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

L. C. JACOBY. I. M. NINDE

JACOBY & NINDE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

April 7, 1853. y40

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. ROGERS

Office on Corner Main and Calhoun streets, Over R. Evans & Co's Store.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. pc6m12

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN have formed a co-partnership in the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country and will at all hours promptly attend those who may wish their services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence on Clinton Street, two doors north of Washington-st

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 1st, 1847. tf8

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M.D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged p1y8

Homœopathy.

DR. G. W. BOWEN respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity. He will be ready at all times to visit, or serve with medicine at his office which is in Smith's Building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.

Ague, Asthma, Fevers, Dysentery, Headache, Rheumatism Toothache, &c. &c. are *successfully* treated with Homœopathic Medicines.

☞ Residence on Barr Street, at the house of Wm. Bowen.

May 21, 1853. 46tf

1850. 1850.

J. M. HILL, A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

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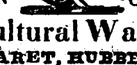
E. Haskell & Co.,	*Toledo.*	Ayres & Tunis,	*New York.*
Smith, Robinson & Co.	"	Kent, Poog & Co.,	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kimberley, Penn & Co.,	*Buffalo.*
Peckham & Scott.	"	C. McKennell & Co.	*Cincinnati.*
Field & King,	"	John Rauch,	*Dayton.*
Kirk & Lawton,	*Piqua, Ohio.*	H. S. Mayo,	*Troy Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

ALLEN  COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st, 1852.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The interest with which the people of the republic anticipate the assembling of Congress and the fulfilment on that occasion of the duty imposed on a new President, is one of the best evidences of their capacity to realize the hopes of the founders of a political system, at once complex and systematical. While the different branches of the Government are to a certain extent independent of each other, the duties of all alike have direct reference to the Source of Power.

Fortunately, under this spstem, no man is so high and none so humble in the scale of public station, as to escape from the acrutiny, or to be exempt from the responsibility which all official functionaries imply.

Upon the justice and intelligence of the mass in a government thus organized, is the sole reliance of the confederacy, and the only security for honest and earnest devotion to its interests, against the usurpations and encroachments of power on the one hand, and the assaults of personal ambition on the other.

The interest of which I have spoken is inseparable from an inquiring, self-governing community, but stimulated, doubtless, at the present time by the unsettled condition of our relations with several foreign powers, by the new obligations resulting from a sudden extension of the field of enterprise, by the spirit with which that field has been entered, and the amazing energy with which its resources for meeting the demands of humanity, have been developed. Although disease, assuming at one time the characteristics of a wide spread and devastating pestilence, has left its sad trace upon some portions of our country, we have still the most abundant cause for reverent thankfulness to God for our accumulation in signal mercies showered upon us as a nation.

It is well that a consciousness of rapid advancement and increasing strength be associated with an abiding sense of dependence upon Him who holds in his hands the destiny of men and of nations. Recognising the wisdom of the broad principles of absolute religious toleration proclaimed in our fundamental law, and rejoicing in the benign influence which it has exerted upon our social and political condition, I should shrink from a clear duty did I fail to express my deepest conviction that we can place no secure reliance upon any apparent progress, if it be not sustained by national integrity, resting upon the great truths affirmed and illustrated by divine revelation. In the midst of our sorrow for the afflicted and suffering, it has been consoling to see how promptly disaster made true neighbors of the districts and cities separated widely from each other, and cheering to watch the strength of that common bond of brotherhood which unites all hearts in all parts of the Union when danger threatens from abroad, or calamity impends over us at home.

Our diplomatic relations with foreign powers have undergone no essential change since the ajournment of the last Congress. With some of them, questions of a disturbing character are still pending, but there are good reasons to believe that those may all be amicably adjusted.

For some years past, Great Britain has so construed the first article of the convention of the 20th of April, 1818, in regard to the fishery on the north-east coast, as to exclude our citizens from some of the fishing grounds to which they freely resorted for ndarly a quarter of a century subsequent to the date of the treaty. The United States have never acquiesced in this construction, but have always claimed for their fishermen all the rights which they have so long enjoyed without molestation. With a view to remove all difficulty on the subject, to extend the right of our fishermen beyond the limits fixed by the convention of 1818, and to regulate trade between the United States and the British North American provinces, a negotiation has been opened with a fair prospect for a favorable result. To protect our fishermen in their rights and prevent collision between them and British fishermen, I deemed it expedient to station a naval force in that quarter during the fishing season. Embarrassing questions have also arisen between the two Governments in regard to Central America.—Great Britain has proposed to settle them by an amicable agreement, and our Minister at London is instructed to enter into negotiations on the subject. A Commissioner for adjusting the claims of our citizens against Great Britain and those of British subjects against the United States, organized under the Convention of the 8th of February last, is now sitting in London for the transaction of business. It is in many respects desirable that the boundary between the United States and the British Provinces in the north-east as designated in the Convention of the 15th June, 1846, and especially that part which separated the territory of Washington from the British possessions on the north, should be traced and marked. I therefore present the subject to your notice.

With France our relations continue on the most friendly footing. The commercial relations between the United States and that country might, it is conceived, be relieved of some unnecessary restrictions to the mutual advantage of both parties. With a view to this object some progress has been made in negotiating a treaty of commerce and navigation.

Independently of our trade with Spain we have import political relations with her, growing out of our neighborhood to the Islands of Cuba and Porto Rico. I am happy to announce that since the last Congress no attempts have been made by unauthorized expeditions within the U. States against either of these Colonies. Should any movement be manifested within our limits, all the means at my command will be rigorously executed to repress it. Several annoying occurences have taken place at Havana or in the vicinity of the Island of Cuba, between our citizens and Spanish authorities. Considering the proximity of that Island to our shores, lying as it does, in the track of trade between some of our principal cities, and the suspicious vigilance with which foreign intercourse, particularly that with the United States is thus guarded, a repetition of such occurances may well be apprehended. As no diplomatic intercourse is allowed between our Consul at Havana and the Captain General of Cuba, ready explanations cannot be made, or prompt redres afforded, where injury has resulted. All complaint on the part of our citizens under the present arrangement, must be in the first place be presented to this Government, and then referred to Spain. Spain again refers it to her local authorities in Cuba, for investigation and postpones an answer until she has heard from those authorities. To avoid this irritating and vexatious delay, a proposition has been made to provide for a direct appeal for redress to the Captain General by our Consul in behalf of our injured fellow citizens. Hitherto the Government of Spain has declined to enter into any such arrangement. This course on her part is deeply regretted, for without some arrangement of this kind, the good understanding between the two countries may be exposed to occasional interruption. Our Minister at Madrid is instructed to renew the proposition and to present it again upon the consideration of her Catholic Majesty.

For several years Spain has been calling the attention of this government to a claim for losses by some of her subjects in the case of the schooner Armistad. This claim is believed to rest on the obligation imposed by our exisiting treaty with that country. Its justice was admitted in our diplomatic correspondence with the Spanish government as early as March, 1847 and one of my predecestors, in his annual message of that year, recommend that provision should be made for its payment. In January last, it was submitted to Congress, but as yet there has been no final action upon it. I conceive that good faith requires its prompt adjustment; and I present it to your early and favorable consideration.

M. Kozta, a Hungarian by birth, came to this country in 1850, and declared his intentions in due form of Law, to become a citizen of the U. States. After remaining here nearly two years he visited Turkey. While at Smyrna, he was forcibly seized, taken on board an Austrain brig of war, then lying in the harbor at that place, and there confined in irons, with the avowed design to take him into Austria: our Consul at Smyrna, and Legation at Constantinoble, interposed for his release, but their efforts were ineffectual. While thus imprisoned, commander Ingraham, with the United States ship of war St. Louis, arived at Smyrna, and after into the circumstances of the case, came to the conclusion that Kosta was entitled to the protection of this government, and took energetic and prompt measures for his release. Under an arrangement between the agents of the United States and Austria, he was transferred to the custody of the French Consul General at Smyrna, there to remain until he should be disposed of by the mutual agreement of the Consul of the respective Governments at that place.—Pursuant to the agreement he has been released and is now on his way to the United States. The Emperor of Austria has made the conduct of our officers who took part in the transaction a subject of grave complaint. Regarding Koszta as still his subject, and claiming the right to seize him within the limits of the Turkish Empire, he has demanded of this Government its consent to the surrender of the prisoner, a disavowal of the acts of its agents, and satisfaction for the alleged outrage. After a careful consideration of the case, I came to the conclusion that Koszta was seized without legal authority at Smyrna, that he was wrongfully detained on the board the Austrian Brig of War, that at the time of his seizure he was clothed with the nationality or the United States, and that the acts of our officers under the circumstances of the case, were justifiable, and their conduct fully approved by me, and a compliance with the several demands of the Emperor of Austria has been declined. For a more full account of this transaction, and my views in regard to it, I refer to the correspondence between the Charge D'Affairs of Austria and the Secretary of State, which is herewith transmitted.

The principles and policy therein maintained on the part of the United States, will, whenever a proper occasion occurs, be applied and enforced.

The condition of China at this time render it probable that some important changes will occur in that vast empire, which will lead to a more unrestricted intercourse with it. The commissioner of that country, who has been recently appointed its instructed to avail himself of all occasions to open and extended our commercial relations not only with the Empire of China, but with other Asiatic Nations.

In 1852, an expedition was sent to Japan under the command of Commodore Perry, for the purpose of opening commercial intercourse with that Island. Intelligence has been received of his arrival there and of his having made known to the Emperor of Japan the object of his visit, but it is not yet ascertained how far the Emperor will be disposed to abandon his restrictive policy and open that populous country to a commercial intercourse with the United States.

It has been my earnest desire to maintain friendly intercourse with the Governments upon this continent and to aid them in preserving good understanding among themselves.

With Mexico a dispute has arisen as to the true boundary line between our territory of New Mexico and the Mexican State of Chihuahaa. A former Commissioner of the United States employed in running that line, pursant to the treaty of Gaudaloupe Hidalgo, made a serious mistake in determing the initial point on the Rio Grande; but inasmuch as his decision was clearly a departure from the directions for tracing the boundary contained in that treaty and was not concurred in by the surveyor appointed on the part of the United States, whose concurrence was necessary to give validity to that decision, this Government is not concluded thereby; but that of Mexico takes a different view of the subject. There are other questions of considerable magnitude pending between the two Republics. Our Minister in Mexico has ample instructions to adjust them. Negotiations have been opened, but sufficient progress has not been made therein to enable me to speak of the probable result. Impressed with the importance of maintaining amicable relations with the Republic; and of yielding with liberality to all her just claims, it is reasonable to expect that an arrangement mutually satisfactory to both countries may be concluded, and a lasting friendship between them confirmed and perpetuated.

Congress having provided for a full mission to the States of Central America, a Minister was sent thither in July last. As yet he has had time to visit only one of those States—Nicaragua—where he was received in the most friendly manner. It is hoped that his presence and good offices will have a benign effect in composing the dissensions which prevail among them, and in establishing still more intimate relations between them respectively, and between each of them, and the United States.

Considering the vast regions of this Continent, and the number of States that would be made accessible by the free navigation of the river Amazon, particular attention has been given to this subject. Brazil through whose territories it passes into the ocean, has hitherto persisted in a policy so restrictive in regard to the use of this river, as to obstruct and nearly exclude foreign commercial intercourse with the states which lie upon its tributaries and upper branches.

Our Minister to that country is instructed to obtain a relaxation of that policy, and to use his efforts to induce the Brazillian government to open to common use, under proper safeguards this great national highway for international trade. Several of the South American states are deeply interested in this attempt to secure the free navigation of the Amazon; and it is reasonable to expect their co-operation in the measure. As the advantage of free commercial intercourse among Nations are better understood, more liberal views are generally entertained, as to the common rights of all, to the free use of those means which nature has provided for international communication. To those more liberal and enlightened views it is hoped, that Brazil will conform her policy, and remove all unnecessary restrictions upon the free use of a river, which traverses so many states and so large a part of the continent. I am happy to inform you that the republic of Paraguary and the Argentine confederation, have yielded to the liberal policy still resisted in Brazil in regard to the navigable rivers within their respective territories.

Treaties embracing this subject among others, have been negotiated with those governments which will be submitted to the Senate at the present session.

A new branch of commerce important to the agricultural interests of the United States, has within a few years past, been opened with Peru. Notwitstanding the inexhaustible deposits of guano upon the islands of that country, considerable difficulties are experienced in obtaining the requisite supply. Measures have been taken to remove these difficulties, and to secure a more abundant importation of the article.

Unfortunately, there has been a serious collission between our citizens who have resorted to the Chinca islands for it, and the Peruvian authorities stationed there. Redress for the outrages committed by the latter was promptly demanded by our minister at Lima. This subject is now under consideratirn, and there is reason to believe that Peru is disposed to offer adequate indemnities to the aggrieved parties.

We are thus not only at peace with all foreign countries, but in regard to the political affairs are exempt from any case of serious disturbance in our domestic relations.

The controversies which have agitated the country heretofore, are passing away with cause see which produced them, and the passions which they had awakened; or if any trace of them remains, it may be reasonably hoped, that it will only be perceived in the zealous rivalry of all good citizens to testify their respect for the rights of the States, their devction to the Union, and this dominion determination of the States, that its institutions, its welfare, and its domestic peace shall be held alike secure under the sacred ægis of the Constitution. This new league of amity, and of mutual confidence into which the people of the Republic have entered, happily affords inducement and opportunity for the adoption of a more comprehensive and unembarrassed line of policy and action as to the great national interests of the whether regarded in themselves or in connection with the powers of the civilized world.

The United States have continued gradually and steadily to expand through acquisitions of territory which, how-much-soever some of them may have been questioned, are now universally seen and admitted to have been wise in policy, just in character, and beneficial to the human race in freedom, in prosperity and in happiness.

The Thirteen States have grown to be Thirty-one, with relations reaching to Europe on the one side, and on the other to the distant realms of Asia. I am deeply sensible of the immense responsibilities which the present magnitude of the Republic and the diversities and multiplicities of its interests devolve upon me, the alleviation of which, so far as relates to the immediate conduct of the public business, is first in my reliance on the wisdom and patriotism of the two Houses of Congress, and secondly in the directions afforded me by principles of public policy affirmed by our Father of the epoch of 1798, sanctioned by long experience and confirmed anew by the overwhelming voice of the people of the United States. Recurring to these principles which constitute the organized basis of union, we presume that vast as are the functions and the functions and the duties of the Federal Government vested in or entrusted to its three great departs, the Legislative, Executive and Judicial, yet the substantive power—the popular voice—and the larger capacities of social and material developments exist in the respective States, which all being of themselves well constituted republics, as they produced so they alone are capable of maintaining and perpetuating the American Union.—The Federal Government has its appropriate line of action in the specific and limited powers conferred on it by the constitution, chiefly as to those things in which the states have a common interest, in their relations to one another and to foreign governments, while the great mass of interests which belong to cultivated men, the ordinary business of life, the springs of industry, all the diversified personal and domestic affairs of society rest securely upon the several reserved powers of the people of the several states. There is the effective democracy of the Nation, and there is the vital essence of its being and its greatness. Of the practical consequences which flow from the nature of the Federal Government, the primary one is, the duty of administering with integrity and fidelity the high trust reposed in it by the constitution, especially in the application of the public funds as drawn by taxation from the people and appropriated to specific objects of Congress.

Happily I have no occasion to suggest any radical changes in the financial policy of the Government. Ours is almost, if not absolutely the solitary power of Christendom, having a surplus revenue drawn immediately from immediately from imports on commerce, and therefore measured by the spontaneous enterprise and national prosperity of the country, with such indirect relation to agriculture, manufactures and the products of the earth and sea, as to violate no constitutional doctrine, and yet vigorously promote the general welfare. Neither as to the sources of the public treasury, nor as to the manner of keeping and managing it, does any grave controversy now prevail, there being a general acquiescence in the present system.

The report of the Secretary of the Treasury will exhibit in detail the state of the public finances, and the condition of the various branches of the public service administered by that department of the Government. The revenue of the country, levied almost insensibly to the tax payer, goes on from year to year, increasing beyond either the interests or the prospective wants of the Government. At the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1852, there remained in the Treasury a balance of fourteen millions six hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and thity-six dollars.

The public revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1853, amounted to $58,931,866, from customs, and $2,405,780, from public lands and other miscellaneous sources; amounting together, to $61,337,574; while the public expenditures for the same period, exclusive of payments on account of the public debt, amounted to $43,554,262; leaving a balance of $32,425,447 of receipts above expenditures.

This fact of increasing the surplus in the Treasury, became the subject of anxious consideration at a very early period of my administration; and the part of my duty in regard to it, seemed to be obvious and clear, namely: first to apply the surplus revenue to the discharge of the public debt, so far as it could possibly be done, and secondly to devise means for the gradual reduction of the revenue to the standard of the public exigences.

Of these objects, the first has been in the course of accomplishment in a manner and to a degree highly satisfactory. The amount of the public debt of all classes was, on the fourth of March 1853, sixty nine million, one hundred and ninety thousand and thirty seven dollars; payments on account of twelve million, seven hundred and twenty nine dollars leaving unpaid and in the continuous course of liquidation the sum of fifty six million, four hundred and eighty six thousand, seven hundred and eight dollars.

These payments, although made at the market price of the respective classes of stocks, have been effected readily, and to the general advantage of the Treasury, and have at the same time proved of signal utility in the relief the have incidentally afforded to the money market, and to the industrial and commercial pursuits of the country.

The second of the above mentioned objects—that of the reduction of the tariff—is of great importance, and the plan suggested by the Secretary of the Treasury, which is to reduce the duties on certain articles, and to add to the free list many articles now taxed and especially such as enter into manufactures, and are not at all produced in this country, is commended to your candid and careful consideration.

You will find in the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, also, abundant proof of the entire adequacy of the present system to meet the requirements of the public service, and that while properly administered, it operates to the advantage of the community, in ordinary business relations.

I respectfully ask your attention to sundry suggestions of improvements in the settlement of accounts, especially as regards the large sum of outstanding arrears due to the government, and of the reforms in the administrative action of this department, which are indicated by the Secretary, as also to the progress made in the construction of maaine hospitals, custom houses, and of a new mint in California, and an assay office in New York, heretofore provided for by Congress, and also to the eminently successful progress of the coast survey, and of the Light House Board.

Among the objects meriting your attention will be important recommendations from the Secretaries of War and Navy. I am fully satisfied that the navy of the United States is not in a condition of strength and efficiency commensitrate with the magnitude of our commercial and other interests, and commend to your respectful attention, the suggestions on this subject made by the Secretary of the Navy.

I respectfully submit, that the army, which under our system must always be regarded with the nation may gather in the hour of danger, requires augmentation or modification, to adapt it to the present extended limits and frontier relation of the country, and the condition of the Indian tribes in the interior continent, the necessity of which will appear in the communications of the Secretaries of War and the Interior.

In the administration of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1853 the gross expenditure was seven millions nine hundred and eighty two thousand seven, hundred and fifty six dollars, and the gross receipts during the same period, five million, nine hundred and forty two thousand, seven hundred and thirty four dollars—showing that the current revenue failed to meet the current expenses of the department by the sum of two millions, forty thousand and twenty two dollars.

The causes which under the present postal system and laws lead inevitably to this result, are fully explained by the report of the Post Master General—one great bause being the enormous rates the department has been compelled to pay for mail service rendered by railroad Companies. The exhibit in the report of the Postmaster General, of the income and expenditures be mail steamers will be found peculiarly interesting and of a character to demand the immediate action of Congress.

Numerous and flagrant frauds upon the pensions bureau have been brought to light within the past year, and in some instances merited punishment inflicted; but unfortunately, in others, guilty parties have escaped, not through the want of sufficient evidence to warrant a conviction, but in consequence of the provision of limitation in the existing laws. From the nature of these claims, the remoteness of the tribunals to pass upon them, and the mode in which the proof is of necessity furnished, temptations to crime have been greatly stimulated by the obvious difficulties of detection. The defects of the law upon this subject are so fatal to the ends or justice, that your early action relating to it is most desirable.

During the last fiscal year, nine millions, eight hundred and nineteen thousand four hundred and eleven acres of the public lands have been surveyed, and ten millions three hundred and sixty-three thousand eight hundred and ninety-one acres, brought into the market. Within the same period, the sales by public purchase and private entry, amounted to one million eighty-three thousand four hundred and ninety-nine acres located under military bounty land warrants six million one hundred and forty-two thousand three hundred and sixty acres located under certificates; nine thousand four hundred and twenty-seven acres ceded to the States as swamp lands; sixteen millions six hundred and eighty-four thousand two hundred and fifty-three acres, selected for railroads and other objects under acts of Congress; one million four hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred and twenty-seven acres. Total amount of lands disposed of within the fiscal year, twenty million three hundred and forty-six thousand nine hundred and ninety-two acres, which is an increase in quantity sold and located under land warrants and grants, of twelve millions two hundred and thirty-one thousand, eight hundred and eighteen acres over the fiscal year immediately preceding. The quantity of land sold during the second and third quarters, of 1852, was three hundred and thirty-four thousand, four hundred and fifty-one acres. The amount received therefor was six hundred and twenty-three thousand, six hundred and eighty-seven dollars. The quantity sold the second and third quarters of the year 1853, was one million six hundred and nine thousand, nine hundred and nineteen acres; the amount received therefor two millions, two hundred and twenty-six thousand, eight hundred and eighty-six dollars, the whole number of land warrants issued under existing laws, prior to the 30th of September last, was two hundred and sixty-six thousand nine hundred and forty-seven. The quantity of land required to satisfy these outstanding warrants is four million seven hundred and seventy-eight thousand one hundred and twenty acres. Warrants have been issued to the 30th of Sept. last, under the act of 11th Feb. 1847, calling for twelve million eight hundred and seventy-nine thousand two hundred and eighty acres; under acts of Sept. 28th 1840, and March 23d, 1852, calling for twelve millions five hundred and five thousand three hundred and sixty acres—making a total of twenty-five millions three hundred and eighty-four thousand six hundred and forty acres.

It is believed that experience has verified the wisdom and justice of the present system with regard to the public domain in most essential particulars. You will perceive by the report of the Secretary of the Interior, that opinions which have often been expressed in relation to the operation of the land system, as not being a source of revenue to the Federal Treasury were erroneous. The net profits from the sale of the public lands to June 30, 1853, amounted to the sum of fifty-three million two hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and sixty-five dollars. I recommend the extension of the land system over the territories of Utah and New Mexico, with such modifications as their peculiarities may require.

Regarding our public domain as chiefly valuable to provide homes for the industrious and enterprising, I am not prepared to recommend any essential change in the land system, except by modifications in favor of the actual settler, and an extension of the pre-emption principle, in certain cases, for reasons, and on grounds which will be fully developed in the reports to be laid before you.

Congress representing the proprietors of the territorial domain, and charged especially with power to dispose of territory belonging to the United States, has for a long course of years, beginning with the administration of Mr. Jefferson exercised the power to construct roads within the territories, and there are so many and such obvious distinctions between the exercise of this power, and that of making roads within the States, that the former has never been considered subject to such objections as apply to the latter, and such may now be considered the settled construction of the power of the Federal Government upon the subject.

Numerous applications have been and no doubt will continue to be made for grants of land in aid of the construction of railways. It is not believed to be within the intent and meaning of the Constitution, that the power to dispose of the public domain should be used otherwise than might be expected from a prudent proprietor, and therefore that grants of land to aid in the construction of roads should be restricted to cases where it would be for the interest of a proprietor under like circumstances thus to contribute to the construction of these works.

For the practical operation of such grants thus far in advancing the interests of the States in which the works are located, and at the same time the substantial interests of all other States by enhancing the value and promoting the rapid sale of the public domain, I refer you to the report of the Secretary of the Interior. A careful examination, however, will show that this experience is the result of a just discrimination, and will be far from affording encouragement to a reckless or indiscriminate extension of the principle.

I commend to your favorable consideration the men of genius of our country who, by their inventions and discoveries in science and art, have contributed largely to the improvement of the age, without, in many instances, securing for themselves anything like an adequate reward.—For many interesting details upon this subject, I refer you to the appropriate reports, and especially urge upon your early attention the apparently slight, but really important modification of existing laws thereon suggested.

The liberal spirit which has so long characterized the action of Congress in relation to the District of Columbia, will, I have no doubt, continue to be manifested.

The erection of an Asylum for the Insane of the District of Columbia, and of the Army and Navy of the United States, has been somewhat retarded by the great demand for men, material, and labor during the past summer, but full preparation for the reception of patients before the return of another winter, is anticipated, and there is the best reason to believe, from the plan and contemplated arrangements which have been devised, with the large experience furnished within the last few years in relation to the nature and treatment of the disease, that it will prove an asylum indeed to this most helpless and afflicted class of sufferers, and will stand as a noble monument of wisdom and mercy.

Under the Acts of Congress of August 31st 1852, and March 3d, 1843, designed to secure for the cities of Washington and Georgetown, an abendant supply of good and wholesome water, it became my duty to examine the report and planf of the Engineer who had charge of the surveys under the act first named. The best, if not the only plan calculated to secure permanently the object sought, was that which contemplates taking the water from the great Falls of the Potomac, and consequently I give it my approval.

For the progress and present condition of this important work and for its demands, so far as appropriations are concerned, I refer you to the report of the Secretary of War.

The present judicial system of the United States has been in operation for so long a period of time, and has in its general theory, and much of its details become so familiar to the country and acquired so entirely the public confidence that if modified in any respect, it should only be in those particulars which may adapt it to the increased extent of population and legal business of the U. States. In this relation the organization of the courts is now confessedly inadequate to the duties to be performed by them; in consequence of which the States of Florida, Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas and California, and districts of other states are in effect excluded from the full benefits of the general system, by the functions of the Circuit Court being

ment exists, under a written contract between sovereign states, uniting for specific objects, and for specific grants to their general agent. If, then, in the progress of its administration there have been departures from the terms and intent and intent of the compact, it is, and will ever be proper, to refer back to the fixed standard which our fathers left us, and to make a strong effort to conform our actions to it. It would seem that the fact of a principle, having been resisted from the first, by many of the wisest and most patriotic men of the republic, and a policy having provoked constant strife without arriving at a conclusion which can be regarded as satisfactory to its most earnest admirers, should suggest the enquiry, whether there may not be a plan more likely to be crowned by happier results. Without perceiving any sound distinction or evidences to assert any principle as opposed to improvements needed for the protection of internal commerce, which does not equally apply to improvements upon the seaboard for the protection of foreign commerce; I submit to you woether it may not be safely anticipated that if the policy were once settled against appropriations by the General Government for Local Improvements, for the benefit of commerce, localities requiring expenditures would not by modes and means clearly legitimate and proper raise the fund necessary for such constructions as the safety or other interests of their commerce may require. If that can be regarded as a system which, in the experience of more than thirty years, has at no time so commanded the public judgement as to give it the character of a settled policy, which, though it has produced some works of conceded importance, has been attended with an expenditure quite disproportionate to their oalue, and has resulted in squandering large sums upon objects which have answered no valuable purpose, the interests of all States require it to be abandoned unless hopes may be indulged for the future, whoe find no warrant in the past.

With an anxious desire for the completion of the works which are regarded by all good citizens with sincere interest, I have deemed it my duty to ask at your hands a deliberate reconsideration of the question, with a hope thot animated by a desire to promote the permanent and substantial interests of the country, your wisdom may prove equal to the task of devising and maturing a plan, which if applied to this subject may promise something better than constant strife, the suspension of the powers of local enterprise, the exciting of vain hopes, and the disappointment of cherished expectations.

In expending appropriations made by the last Congress, several cases have arisen in relation to works for the improvement of Harbors, which involves questions as to the right of local jutsdiction, and have threatened conflict between the authority of the State and General Governments.

The right to construct a breakwater, jetty, or dam, would seem necessarily to carry with it the power to protect and preserve such constructions This can only be effectually done by having jurisdiction over the soil. But no clause of the constitution is found on which to rest the claim of the United States to exercise jurisdiction over the soil of a State, except that conferred by the 8th section of the first article of the constisution. It is then submitted whether in all cases where constructions are to be erected by the General Government the right of soil should not be first obtained and legislative provision be made to coeer all such cases. For the progress made in the construction of roads within the appropriation of the last Congress, I refer you to the report of the Secretary of War.

There is one subject of a domestic nature, which from its intense importance, and the many interesting questions of future policy which it involves cannot fail to receive pour early attention. I allude to the means of communication by which different parts of the wide expanse of our country are to be placed in closer connexion, for purposes both of defence and commercial intercourse, and more especially such os appertain to the communication of those great divisions of the Union which lie on opposite sides of the Rocky Mountains. That the government has not been unmindful heretofore, is apparent from the aid it has afforded through appropriations for mail facilities and othea purposes; but the subject will soon present itself uneer aspects more national, by reason of the surveys ordered by Congress, and now in process of completion, for communication by railroad across the continent, and wholly within the limits of the Unitch States.

The power to declare war, to raise and support armies, to provide and maintain a navy, to call forth the military to execute the laws, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, was conferred upon Congress, as means to provide for the dommon defence, and to protect a territory and a population now wide spread and vastly multiplied. As incidental and indispensable to the exercise of this power, it must sometimes be necessary to construct military roads, and protect harbors of refuge.

To appropriations by Congress for such objects no sound objection can be raised. Happily for our country, its peaceful policy and rapidly increasing population impose upon us no urgent necessity for preparation, and leave few trackless deserts between assailable points, and a patriotic people ever ready and generally able to protect them.

These necessary links, the enterprise and energy os our people are steodily and boldly struggling to supply. All experience affirms that wherever private enterprise will, avail, it is most wise for the general government to leave to that and individual watchfulness the location an dexecution of all means of communication.

The surveys before alluded to, were designed to ascertain the most practical and economical route for a railroad from the river Mississippi to the Pacific Ocean. Parties are now in the field, making explorations where previous examination had not supplied sufficient data, and where there was the best reason to hope the object sought might be found. The means and time being both limited, it is not to be expected that all tho accurate knowledge desired will be obtained, but it is hoped that much and important information will be added th the stock previously possessed, and that partial, if not full reports, of the surveys ordered, will be received in time for transmission to the two houses of Congress on or before the first Monday in February next, as required by the act of appropriation.

The magnitude of the enterprise contemplated has aroused and will doubtless continue to exert a very general interest throughout the country. In its political, its commercial and its military bearings it has varied, great and increasing claims to consideration. The heavy expense, the great delay, and at times fatality attending the travel by either of the Isthmus routes have demonstrated the advantage which would result from international communication by such safe and rapid means as R. R. would supply. These difficulties which have been encountered in a period of peace would be magnified and still farther increased in time of war and while the embarrassment already encountered, and others made under new contingencies to be anticipated, may serve strikingly to exhibit the importance of such a work, neither these nor all considerations combined can have an appreciable valne when weighed against the obligation strictly to adhere to the constitution and faithfully to execute the power it confers within this limit, and to the extent of the interest of the government involved, it would seem far more expedient and proper if an economical and practical route shall be found to aid by all constitutional means in the construction of a road which will unite by speedy transmit the population of the Pacific and Atlantic States. To guard against misconception, it should be remarked that although the power to construct or aid in the construction of the road within the limits of a territory is not embarrassed by that question of jurisdiction which would, arise within the limits of the State it is nevertheless held to be of doubtful power and more than doubtful propriety, even within the limits of a territory, for the general government to undertake to administer the affairs of a canal or railroad or other similar constsuction and therefore that its connection with a work of this character should be incidental rather than primary. I will only add at present that fully appreciating the magditude of the subject, and solicitous that the Atlantic and Pacific shore may be bound together by inseparable ties of common interest, as well as of common fealty and attachment to the Union, I shall be disposed as far as my own action is concerned, to follow the limits of the Constitution as expounded and illustrated by those whose opinions and expositions constituted the standard of my political faith.

In regard to the powers of this Federal Government, it is I trust, not necessary to say that no grandeur of enterprise and no present inducement promising popular favor, will lead me to disregard the lights or to depart from that path which experience has proved to be safe, which is now radient with the glow of prosperity, and legitimate constitutional progress.

We can afford to wait, but we cannot afford to overlook, the ark of our security. Is is no part of my purpose to give prominence to any subject which may be properly considered as set at rest by the deliberate judgment of the people. But while the present is bright with promise and the future full of promise and inducement for the exercise of active intelligence, the past can never be without useful lessons af admonition and instruction. If its dangers serve not as beacons they will evidently fail to fulfill the object of a wise design. When the grave shall have closed over all who are now endeavoring to meet the obligations of duty; the year 1850 will be recurred to as a period filled with anxious apprehension of the results of a successful war whice had just terminated. Peace brought with it a vast augmentation of territory. Disturbing questions arose bearing upon the domestic institutions of the confederacy, and involving the constitutional rights of the States, but notwithstanding difference of opinion and sentiment, which then existed in relation to details and specific provisions, the acquiescence of distinguished citizens whose devotion to the Union can never be doubted, has given renewed vigor to our institutions and restored a sense of repose and security to the public mind throughout the Confederacy.

That this repose is to suffer no shock during my official term, if I have power to avert it, those who have placed me here may be assured. The wisdom of the men who knew what independence cost, who had put all at stake upon the issue of the revolutionary struggle, disposed of the subject to which I refer in march of power and prosperity which has made us what we are.

It is a significant fact that from tne adoption of the Constitution, until the officers and soldiers of the revolution had passed to their graves, or through the infirmities of age and wounds had ceased to participate in public affairs, there was not merely a quiet acquiesence, but a prompt vindication of the constitutional rights of the States. The reserved powers were scrupulously respected. No statesman put forth the narrow views of casuists to justify interference and agitation but the spirit of the compact was regarded as sacred in the eye of honor, and indispensable. For the great cause of civil liberty though environed by inherent difficulties was yet borne forward in apparent weakness by a power superior to all obstacles.

There is no condemnation which the voice of freedom will not pronounce upoo us, should we prove faithless to this great trust. While men inhabiting different parts of this vast continent can no more be expected to hold the same opinions or entertain the same sentiments, than every variety of soil or climate can furnish the same agricultural products; they can unite in a common object and sustain common poinciples essential to the maintenance of that object.

The gallant men of the south and the north could stand together in the more trying perion which succeeded the change of arms. As their united valor *was* adequate to all the trials of the camp and the dangers of the field, so their united wisdom proved equal to the greater task of founding upon a deep and broad basis, institutions which it has been our priviledge to enjoy. It is but a feeble expression of a fact strong and universal to say that their sons whose blood mingled so often upon the same field during the war of 1812, and who have more recently borne in triumph the flag of the country upon a foreign soil, will never permit alienation of feeling to weakdn the power of their united efforts, nor internal dissensions to paralize the great arm of freedom uplifted for the vindication of self-government.

I have thus briefly presented such suggestions as seem to me especially worthy of your consideration In providing for the present, you can hardly fail to avail yourselves of the light which the experience of the pasts casts upon the future.

The growth of our population has now brought us in the destined career of our National history to a point at which it well behooves us to expand our vision over the vast prospective.

The successive decimal returns of the census since the adoption of the Constitution haue realized a law of steady progressive development which may be stated in general terms as a duplication every quarter century. Carried forward from the point already reached for only a short period of time as applicable to the exigence of the nation, this law of progress, if unchecked, will bring us to almost incredible results. A large adowance for a diminished proportional effect of emigration would not very materially reduce the estimate while the increased average duration of human life shown to have already resulted from the scientific and hy genic improvements of the past fifty years, will tend to keep up through the next fifty or perhaps a hundred years, the same ratio of growth which has been thus revealed in our past progress. And to the influence of these causes may be added the influx of laboring masses from eastern Asia to the Pacific side of our possessions, together with the probable accession of the populations already existing in other parts of our hemisphere, which, within the period in question, will feel with increasing force the natural attachment of so vast powerful and prosperous a confederation of self-governing republics, and will seek the privilege of being admitted within its safe and happy bosom, transferring with themselves, by a peaceful and healthy process of incorporation, regions of virgen and exuberant soil, which are destined to swarm with the fast growing and fast spreading of our race. These considerations seem fully to justify the presumption that the law of population above stated will continue to act with undiminished effect through at least the half century, and that thousands of persons who have already arrived at maturity and are now exercising the rights of freemen, will close their eyes on the spectacle of more than one hundred millions of population embraced within the majestic proportions of the American Union. It is not merely as an interesting topic of speculation that I present these views for your consideration. They have important practical bearings upon all the political duties we are called upon to prrform. Heretofore our system of government has worked on what may be termed a miniature scale in comparison with the developmnnt which it much thus assume within a future so near at hand as scarcely to be beyond the present life of the existing generation. It is evident that a confederation so vast and so varied, both in numbers and in territorial extent, in habits and interests, could only kept in national cohesion by the strictest fidelity to the principles of the Constitution, as understood by those who have adhered to the most restricted construction of the powers granted by the people and the States. Interpreted and applied according to those principles, the great compact adapt itself with healthy ease and freedom to an unlimited extension of the benign system of federative self government of which is our glorious and I trust immortal characteristic.

Let us then, with redoubled vigilance, be on our guard against yielding to the temptation of the exercise of doubtful powers, even under the pressure of the motives of conceded temporary advantage and apparrent temporary expedients The minium of Federal Government compatible with the maintenance of National Unity and efficient action in our relations with the of the world should afford the rule and measures of construction of our powers under the general clauses of the Constitution.

A spirit of strict deference to the sovereign rights and dignity of every State, rather than a disposition to subordinate the States in a provincial relation to the central authorities should characterize all our exercise of the respective powers, temporarily vested in us as a sacred trust from the generous confidence of our constituents. In like manner, as a manifestly inseperable condition of the perpetuation of the Union and of realization of that magnigcent national future advert to, does the duty become daily stronger and clearer upon us, as citizens of the several States to cultivate a fraternal and affectionate spirit, language conduct in regard to other States, and in relation to the varied interests institutions, and habits of sentiment and oyinion, which may respectively characterize them. Mutual forbearance, respect and non-interference in our personal action as citizens, and an enlarged exercise of the most liberal principles of comity in the public dealings of State with State, whether in legislation or in the execution of laws, are the means to perpetuate that confidence and fraternity, the decay of which a mere political union could not long survive. In still another point of views is an important practical duty suggested by his consideration of the magnitude of dimensions to which our political system, with its corresponding machinery of laws, is so rapidly expanding With increased vigilance does it require us to cultivate the cardinal virtues of public frugality and official integrity and purity.

Public affairs ought to be so conducted that a settled concord shall pervade the entire Union, that nothing short of the highest tone and standard of public morality marks every part of the administration and the legislation of the General Government. Thus will the Federal system, whatever expansions time and progress may give it, continue more and more deeply rooted in the love and confidence of the people.

That nice economy, which is as far removed from parsimony as from corrupt and corrupting extravagance; that single regard for the public good, which will frown upon all attempts to approach the treasury with insidious projects of private interest, cloaked under public pretexts; that sound fiscal administration, which in the legislative department guards against the dangerous temptations incident to an overflowing revenue, and in the executive, maintains an unsleeping watchfulness against the the tendency of all national expenditure to extrrvagance, are admitted elementary public duties which may, I trust, be deemed properly adverted to and urged, in view of the more impressive sense of that necessity which is directly suggested by the considerations now presented

Since the adjourrment of Congress, the Vice President of the United States has passed from the scenes of earth, without haeing entered upon the discharge of the duties of the station to which he had been called by the voice of his countrymen. Having occupied almost continuously for thirty years a seat in one or the other of two Houses Congress, and having by his singular purity and wisdom secured unbounded confidence and universal respect, his failing health was watched by the nation with painful solicitude. His loss to the country, under all the circumstances, has been justly regarded as irreparable. In accordance with the act of Congress of March 2d, 1853, the oath of office was administered to him, at Arcadue estate, near Matadzas, in the Island of Cuba, but his strength gradually declined, and was hardly sufficient to enable him to return to his home in Alabama, where on the 18th day of April, in the most calm and peaceful way, his long and eminently usefullcareer was terminated,

Entertaining unlimitted confidence in your intelligent and potriotic devotion to the public interest, and being conscious os no motives on my part which are not inseperable from the honor and advancement of my country, I hope it may be my privilege to deserve and secure not only your cordial co-operation in great public measures, but also those relations of mutual confidence and regard, which it is always so desirable to cultivate between members of co-ordinate branches of government.

FRANKLIN PIERCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6, 1853.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1853.

☞ The President's Message, and an unusual press of new advertisements this week leaves us no room for extended editorials.

The Message is a plain, temperate, statesmanlike document of reasonable length, and will of course be perused by all our readers. We leave them to make their over remarks.

Magazines at Club Prices.

We are making up clubs for Graham's and Peterson's Magazines for 1854. The lists are nearly complete. Those who want either of these Magazines at the reduced rates must hand in their names by Tuesday next.

The Club price of Graham is $2,00—single subscriptions $3,00. Peterson, Club price $1,25; single $2,00

Military Supper.

The MAD ANTHONY GUARDS will give a Supper at Colerick's Hall on Monday Evening, Jan. 2d—the proceeds to be applied towords the expense incurrrd by the company in equipping, &c.

This company bids fair to be a credit to our city, and our citizens ought to feel it a duty to come forward liberally on the occasion and sustain them.

The War in Erie has commenced. The mayor assisted by a big nigger named Vosbrugh, and a large mob of other citizens, has torn up about two miles of the track and broken down the bridge. The company have not as yet made any resistance; if they should, there will probably be bloodshed. Erie is gaining an unenviable notoriety by the lawless course pursued by its functionaries and citizens in this unjust effort to annoy and inconvenience travellers, for the miserable purpose of fleecing them, and compelling them to spend a few dimes, while waiting for the change of cars.

Opening of the New Concert Hall.

BENEFIT CONCERT.—Colerick's new Concert Hall will be opened on Monday evening, Dec. 26th, with a grand Concert for the benefit of Mr. Colerick, the enterprising proprietor of the Hall.

He has erected a splendid hall, which was much needed here, at a very heavy expense, and we trust our citizens will show their appreciation of his public spirit by giving him a rousing benefit—a bumper. He richly deserves this mark of public approbation, and the Hall ought to be filled to its utmost on the night of the benefit.

A gift Concert is to be given in the same Hall on the following Friday evening, and some have confounded the two together. Remember, Mr. Colerick's Benefit Concert comes off on *Monday* evening, Dec. 26th; and Messrs. Hill & Bond's Prize Concert on *Friday*, Dec. 30th. They are totally distinct and separate.

Monument to Gen. Wayne.—A petition is in circulation asking Congress to make an appropriation for the erection at this place of a monument to the memory of the gallant Mad Anthony. The petition can be found at P. Kiser's, and will of course be signed by every citizen of Fort Wayne.

The U. S. mail steamship Humboldt, from Havre, was lost near Halifax, on the 6th inst. Passengers all saved. Vessel a total loss; part of the cargo saved in a damaged condition.

Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroad.—The following have been elected Directors of this Company:—Wm. H. Gibson, A. C. Baldwin, W. P. Noble, W. D. Scott, Geo. Knupp, R. G. Pennington, Wm. C. Hedges, Joseph Walker. Charles L. Johnson. Wm. H. Gibson is elected President, and G. Knupp, Secretary. The work is expected to be put under contract next week.

CONGRESS.—Gen. Armstrong, editor of the Union, is elected printer to the House by a large majority; and Rev. Mr. Wilburn, Chaplain.—Beverley Tucker, editor of the Washington Sentinel, is elected printer to the Senate; and Rev Mr. Slicer, Chaplain.

The Committees in the House are announced. Disney, in chairman on Public Lands; Stanton on Judiciary; Orr, on Indian affairs; Benton on Military affairs; Dunham, on roads and canals; Olds, on Post Offices. Mr. Benton declined serving as chairman of the Military committee, and Mr. Bissell of Illinois was appointed in his place.

In the Senate, Mason of Va. is Chairman on Foreign Relations; Hunter on Finance; Butler on Judiciary: Rusk on Post Office; Bright on Roads and Canals; Douglass on Territories: Hamlin on Commerce.

PRIZE CONCERT.—Messrs. Hill and Bond have engaged the service of the KIMBALL Brothers, and will give a Concert in Colerick's Hall on Friday evening, Dec. 30th. From the high reputation of the Kimballs as Vocalists, we anticipate having a rich treat on the occasion. The interest will be greatly enhanced by the distribution by lot, to the audience, of a splendid Piano and a Melodeon, as gifts or prizes—after the manner of the distribution of paintings by the Art Unions.

The prospect of securing a Piano for the price of a ticket, and enjoying the concert to boot, will we think ensure a large audience, and create quite an interest in the result. Some few straight-laced pharisees may perhaps attempt to whine against the affair as a species of gambling: but our citizens generally, we are assured, will not be influenced by such croakings; nor look upon the gift concert as any worse than the religious fairs, where gold rings are sometimes concealed in cake, and the slices sold at a high price, in hopes of securing the ring, and various other harmless devices resorted to, to which the harsh term gambling might be applied with as much propriety as it can to the distribution of gifts at this concert.

A Newspaper in Columbia.—Mr. R. J. STRICKLAND proposes to commence the publication of a paper to be called the Columbia News in Columbia, Whitley Co. That county is second to none in the State for richness of soil, and natural resources; it is rapidly filling with an intelligent and enterprising population; will soon have three railroads running through it; and all it now needs is a good newspaper to make its advantages known abroad. The citizens of that county will therefore consult their own interests by giving the News a liberal support. From our acquaintance with Mr. Strickland we should judge he is well calculated for the undertaking, and worthy the confidence and patronage of the public. We wish him ample success.

The Musical Review and Choral Advocate, edited by C. M. CADY.—A new volume of this popular journal will commence on the 1st of January. It is to be published *semi-monthly*, instead of *monthly* as heretofore. without addition to the original price—$1,00 per annum,—making it the cheapest musical publication in existence. Each number contains four pages of choice music—96 pages in a year, which alone is worth far more than the whole subscription price. It would be an excellent New Year's present to any lady having a taste for music.

Published by MASON BROTHERS, 23 Park Row, New York.

Harper's Printing Office, in Cliff Street, New York, the largest printing office in the United States, was totally destroyed by fire on Saturday last. loss estimated at $1,200,000 of which only 000 was insured.

Johnny Chinaman of the Times is out in full blast this week. He appears to be laboring under the strange hallucination that he is the great champion of the Protestant faith, and that when his insolence and vile language procure for him a merited thrashing, it ought to be paraded as a "Catholic outrage on the freedom of the Press." Keep cool, Johnny; don't visit any place where beer or ale is kept, even it be a respectable store; some persons are so constituted that there is no safety for them except in total abstinence; read the eloquent denunciations of these "snake holes" which have appeared *as* editorials in the Times; keep a civil tongue in your head, and there will be no danger to the liberty of the press. But if, unfortunately, you should again use insulting language to any person, and as a natural consequence be flogged for it, don't try to gull the community into the belief that the liberty of the press is attacked, or that you are to be canonized as a martyr to religious persecution.

Arrival of the Niagara.

HALIFAZ, Dec. 8.

The Niagara, from Liverpool has arrived. The Arctic was out on the 23d of November—having been ashore on Barbadoes bank a few hours, in a dense fog. She sustained no damage. The screw steamer, Sarah Sands, sailed from Liverpool for Portland, Maine, on the 26th, being the pioneer of that line.

The Turkish War.—For she present, hostilities have ceased all along Moldavia. Floods on the Danube preventing operations; but when the frost sets in, the fighting will be resumed. On the 7th, the British steamer Fury brought to Constantinople draft of a new Anglo French note, but the Porte declined to consider it. It was therefore withdrawn. If we are to believe Austrian statements, the Czar has replied to the inquiry of Austria that he will propose a new project of peace.

The Sultan is said to be equally disposed to come to terms, but would not be the first to retract.

The present position of military affairs is that Omer Pacha holds the strong position of Caliphat with 10,000 troops, and is fortifying himself in the valley between that place, Kragrooa, and Monrovia.

The Turks under Ismael Pacha, had fought the Russians and taken Kragrooa.

The successes of the Turkish army are brilliant. They have captured the fort of St. Nicholas, and now hold it, having repulsed the Russians three times.

The rumor of the persecution of Christans was totally false. The firm of Pattago has loaned the Porte 760,000 francs.

Constantinople letters show that the operations at Ollenitza were a signed attack intended to deceive Gottshkoff, as to Omer Pacha's real intentions. The plan succeeded.

Omer is collecting his troops to attack the division of Gen. Ludens in West Austia, and the Ottoman force in the Black Sea is a co-operative.

The Porte has received assurances from the Ambassadors of England and France that he may rely on the effective co-operation of those nations, case of need, and may remove his fleet into the Black Sea, without fear of leaving his capital exposed.

Arrival of the Arctic.

NAW YORK, Dec. 11.

The Arctic left Liverpool on the 30th ult., at noon, and arrived to-day at 1 P. M.

Nothing occurred along the Danube, as heavy rain and snow had set in. There were some rumors of an armistice, but doubtful. It was also reported that the Turks and Servians had come in collions, but this was doubted.

Omar Pacha's conduct is sanctioned by his government. The Sultan has sent him a present of a horse.

The allied fleets lie at Bricons. The Turkish fleet has gone to the Black Sea, to keep open the coast of Circassia.

The Turks have repulsed the Russians five times from before the fortress of San Nicholas.

Two Russian ships have been lost on the Black Sea. The English admiral, Sir L. Lyon, is on his way to take command of the British fleet.

It is reported, contrary to former advices, that Dost Mohamed is opposed to the Russians, as are all the Mahomedans in India.

No Britisy news, except a reported treaty between Great Britian and France, to guarantee Turkey, with the option of Austria and Prussia to join it. The Prussian Chambers were opened. Prussia claims to act as she sees best for hes own interest. Some troubles are reported in Baden between government and the clergy.

A large force of artillery is ordered to Hungary.

Details of China news have come to hand.—The rebels are every where trimnphant. Some talk of a Tartar invasion.

Parliament was prorogued to January.

LIVERPOOL MARKET, Dec. 3.—Breadstuffs—Sales to a fair extent at a reduction of 1d on wheat, 6d a 1s on flour, and 1s on Indian corn. Richardson & Bros. and Mason & Son quote western canal flour 36s a 36s 6d; Philadelphia, Baltimore and Ohio 39s 6d a 37s; U. S. white wheat, 10s a 10s 5d; red and mixed 9s 4d a 9s a 10d; white Indian corn 46s 6d; yellow 45 a 46s. Provisions—McHenry reports beef more saleable. Pork unchanged: sides and shoulders lower. Tallow also lower.

Post Office Fort Wayne, Dec. 12th 1853.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Toledo & Sturgis—Leaves daily (exc't Sundays) at 8½ to 9 A M
Arrives " " " 4 " 9 P M.
Logansport—Leaves Mondays Wednesdays & Fridays at.....7½ " 8 A. M.
arrives Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays at.....8½ " 9 P. M.
Piqua—Leaves Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at.....3½ " 4 A M
arrives Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at.....5 " 6 P. M
Winchester—Leaves Mondays and Fridays at.....5 A. M.
Arrives Tuesdays and Saturdays at.....8 P. M.
Cold Water—Leaves Mondays and Thursdays at.....5 A. M.
Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at.....7 P. M.
Bluffton—Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at.....7 A M.
Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at.....3 P. M.
Goshen—Leaves Tuesdays and Fridays at.....8 A. M.
Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at.....6 P. M.
Whitley—Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at.....5 A. M.
Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at.....7 P. M.
Hicksville—Leaves Fridays at.....11 A. M.
Arrives Saturdays at.....5 P. M.
St. Joseph—Leaves Fridays at.....5 A. M.
Arrives Saturdays at.....7 P. M.
Vaughansville—Leavrs Wednesdays at.....2 P. M.
Arrives " " " .....12 A. M.

N. B. As all Mails (except Vaughansville) leave in the morning, they will be made up and closed the previous evening.

JOHN G. MAIERS, P. M.

Baldness Cured!

Emerson's American Hair Restorative

For restoring the Hair on Heads HOPELESSLY BALD, anh to prevent the hair from falling, is winning golden opinions of persons who are using it. This is a new article, recently introduced, is a sure cure for Baldness, and will stand the test of a discerning public, as thousands who have used will testify. See Circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars.—Price $1 00 in large Bottles. Sold by

H. B. REED, Agent.

C. E. FISHER & Co., Proprietors,
No. 57 Superior st, Cleveland, Ohio.

Nov. 26, 1853. 3m21

PROCLAMATION.

I ried, countrymen and lovers!—hear me for my cause, and be silent that you may hear; discard prejudice that you may believe, and read facts that you may act intelligently. Who, that is young, but value the luxuriant looks of youth and beauty?—Who, that is middle-aged, but shudders at Grey Hairs! Who, that is old, but would avert Baldness? If any, speak,—for him have I offended in addressing twenty-four million people.

Not one of these many million who have attested the virtues of Lyon's Kathairon, for Preserving, Restoring and Beautifying the Hair, but will proclaim its beneficial effects far and near. One trial will convince the most incredulous. Sold uniform, for 25 cents, by every Druggist in America.

D. S BARNES, Proprietor,
Dec. 1st. 161, Broadway, N. Y.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, December 16.

There is no change in prices this week.

Wheat sells at $1 10 for white, and 1 05 for red; Flour from wagon 5 50; extra city, 6 00; Corn 31 a 33; Oats 33 a 34, Rye 50; Beans 1 00; Potatoes 40; Onions 50; Cranberries 2 50; Butter 15; Eggs 15; Salt 2 50; Pork is firm at 4; Beef 3½ a 4¼. Flaxseed 75 a 1 00; Clover Seed 4 62: Timothy 1 25 a 1 75.

CARBON OIL just received,
Dec 14. BASS & EMERICK.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

THE Trustees of the FORT WAYNE ACADEMY, having resolved to organize a separate department for the Education of Females, the public are hereby informed that a

First Class Female Academy

will be opened on Tuesday, January 31, 1854, in the basement rooms of the First Presbyterian Church.

Competent teachers have already been securred; the rooms are central and comfortable, and discipline every way worthy of public confidence.

For further particulars inquire of

J. EDWARDS, President.

December 15th, 1853. 2w24

GIFT CONCERT.

A Grand Concert of VOCAL MUSIC will be given on Friday evening, December 30th, at Colerick's new Concert Hall, by the

KIMBALL BROTHERS,

Vocalists of the most distinguished reputation, who will introduce some new and peculiarly appropriate Music, illustrative of the joyous social season of the Holidays.

The rooms will be brilliantly lighted, warmed and ventillated, and every means adopted by the managers to secure the comfort and convenience of the audience.

It is the confident expectation of the managers that their earnest endeavor to make this Concert the best ever given in the State, and one that will make a new era in our musical history, will be eminently successful.

After the Concert the magnificent *Gifts*, a splendid new six octave PIANO FORTE, rose wood case, and a five octave MELODEON, will be distributed after the manner of the "Art Unions" of Europe and America, which have done much for our country in promoting the growth of a correct taste in art.

N. B. If any person are scrupulous in regard to that part of the Evening's entertainment relative to the distribution of the gifts, they can be supplied with tickets separately for the concert.

Tickets to be had at C. L. Hill's Book Store, and of S. B. Bond.

20 HALF BOXES FRESH RAISINS for sale by R W TAYLOR,
West end Columbia st., No. 125

75 Bbls New Orleans MOLASSES is just received and will be sold low to country Merchants by R W TAYLOR,
Dec. 12 West end Columbia st., No. 125

A Few bales of 3-4, 4-4 and 6-4 brown Sheeting will be sold low by R W TAYLOR,
No, 125 West end Columbia st.

40 doz. Amos Shovels and Lippencaffs.
20 dcz. Mattocks,
10 " Picks, for sale by
R W TAYLOR, West end Columbia st. 125.

R. W. TAYLOR

HAS now now received and offers for sale, at No. 123 & 125 west end Columbia street,
50 tons Juniata Iron.
10 " Sweeds "
American and English blister Steel,
Cast Steel, German Steel,
Steel Plow Stabs,
Steel and Iron Plow Stabs.

Dec 12. 1853.

A LARGE LOT OF WINDOW GLASS is offered very low at No. 123 & 125, by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

HOE & Co. AND ROLLAND CAST Steel Mill Saw, at No 123 & 125 Columbia st.
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.

Dec 12. 1853

2100 lbs. WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE just received and for sale at No. 123 & 125 Columbia street, by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

200 Pairs of Mackinaw and California BLANKETS for sale at No. 123 & 125 Columbia street, by R W TAYLOR.

20 Pieces new styles All Wool CARPETS received and for sale by
Dec. 2 R. W. TAYLOR.

10 Packages well assorted Queensware suitable for country Merchants, for sale by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

A FINE assorment of Floor Oil CLOTHS is offered for sale by
Dec. R. W. TAYLOR

5 Bbls Crushed Sugar,
5 bbls Pulverized Sugar, for sale by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

20 BALES COTTON BATTERY for sale by R W. TAYLOR,
West end Columbia st, No 125

OYSTER SALOON

Under the Spencer House.

THE subscribers have opened an Oyster Saloon in the basement of the Spencer House, where they will be prepared at all times to serve up Oysters in the best style.

The best of Wines and Liquors at the bar.—Families furnished with fine fresh Baltimore Oysters, by the can or keg, at the lowest rates

BITZ BELD & Co.

Dec 17 3m24

Again on Hand with more New Goods.

WILSON & TRESSELT

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that they have just received at their well known stand, corner of Calhoun and Columbia st, another

LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF

NEW GOODS,

Among which may be found the following Dress Goods

50 pieces new style De Laines,
10 " All Wool "
6 " French Merinos,
10 " plain and figured Cashmeres,
10 " " Persian Cloths,
60 " new style Ginghams,
6 " figured and plain Velvets,
15 " black and colored Silks,
20 " black Alpacas,
20 " colored Brocades,
200 " new style Prints,

Will a full assortment of

STAPLE GOODS,

Consisting of Flannels, Linseys, Tickings, bleached and brown Sheetings, Checks, Shawls, Cassimeres Suttinets, Tweeds, Jeans, Cotton Yarn, Carpet Warp, with a full assortment of

Groceries, Crockery,

Hardware, Notions, &c., &c.

All the above Goods were purchased during the late *Panic in the Money Market*, at greatly reduced rates. We always give our customers all the benefit of our purchases, consequently we can give them better *Bargains than ever*.

Dec. 17, 1853

WASH M'LEAN. F. L. WEAVER

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines,
Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,
CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Estray Notice.

TAKEN up by Jacob Keff, of Eel River township, Allen county, Indiana, one light brown, three years old Steer, left fore foot white, and both hind legs white, with some white under the belly. No ear marks. Appraised at twelve dollars, before H Treer, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on the 12th November, 1853.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
Dec 16, 1853. 3w24

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Mason & White is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

B. MASON,
A. WHITE.

October 13th, 1853. 3w24

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned have taken out letters of administration on the estate of John C. Iten, late of Allen County, Indiana, deceased, notifies all persons indebted to said estate to make an immediate settlement. The estate is insolvent.

CHARLES M. MUHLER.

Dec. 16, 1853 3w24

Lake Erie, Wabash & St Louis Railroad Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the seventh instalment of *Ten per cent* on the capital stock of the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis Railroad Company is made payable at the office of the Company, in the city of Lafayette, on the first day of January 1854

Stockholders residing in Allen County can, at their election, pay instalments up on their stock at the banking office of Messrs. Allen Hamilton & Co., Fort Wayne JOHN N DRUMMOND,
Secretary & Ass't Treasurer.

Lafayette, Dec. 1st, 1853. 3w24

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Adam Hull, deceased.

THE administrator of the estate of Adam Hull, deceased, having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec 9, 1853 ($1 45) 3w24

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the October term, 1853 of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Henry Dobson, deceased, about twenty-five dollars was found remaining for distribution among the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said court, and receive their distributive share.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec 9, 1853. ($1 35) 3w24

Notice of Distribution to Creditors.

In the matter of the Estate of Michael Sheridan, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the October term, 1853, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Indiana, after a final settlement with the Administrator of the estate of Michael Sheridan, deceased, there remained a surplus to be distributed among the creditors of said decedent. Such creditors are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive share.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec. 9, 1853. ($1 65) 3w24

State of Indiana, } Court of Common Pleas Allen Co.,
Allen County, ss. } January Term, 1854.

Complaint to Correct a Deed.

Joseph Boulton vs. Hiram M'Roberts & Mary M. Knight.

IT appearing by the affidavit of a disinterested person that said defendants are non-residents of the State of Indiana; Notice is therefore hereby given said defendants of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he be and appear before the Judge of the Allen Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, in the said county of Allen, on the first Monday of January next, and answer said complaint, the same will be heard in their absence, and a decree had therein accordingly.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec. 10, 1853. ($2 25) 3w24.

20 doz. CHURNS, 25 doz. TUBS,
25 doz. Buckets, 19 " Zinc Washboards
to offered for sale at No. 123 and 125 Columbia st.
R W. TAYLOR.

10 doz. BAY STATE SHAWLS for sale at R W TAYLOR.

In the matter of the Estate of Randal B Sprague. } Court of Common Pleas of Allen Co., Indiana.

THE Administrator of said estate having filed, in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas

COLERICK'S HALL

Will be opened on Monday evening, December 26th, with a

GRAND BENEFIT CONCERT.

Particulars next week. Dec. 10.

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10 BAGS PEPPER is offered for sale by R W TAYLOR,

---

10 Bales assorted Nos. COTTON YARN from the Cooper's factory, Dayton, by R. W. TAYLOR,

---

100 SACKS BEST RIO COFFEE for sale by R W TAYLOR, No 125 Columbia st.

A General Assortment of Men and Boys HATS and CAPS. for sale cheap by R. W. TAYLOR,

Dec 12 No 125, west end Columbia st.

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500 KEGS JUNIATE NAILS for sale low, at No. 123 & 125 Columbia st., by R W TAYLOR.

---

10 Bbls TANNER'S OIL for sale by R W TAYDOR

---

60 Bbls NEW ORLEANS SUGAR for sale by R W TAYLOR, No 125 west end Columbia st.

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County ss. } February term, 1854.

Francis S. Avaline, *vs.* Louis Bourie et Al.

IN EQUITY.

IT being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, that Louis Bourie, one of said defendants, is a non-resident of the State of Indiana: Notice is therefore hereby given said non-resident defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he be and appear before the Judge of the Allen Circuit Court, on or before the first day of the next term of said Court and answer said complaint, the same will be taken in his absence.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.
Dec. 4, 1853. [$1 95] 3w23

ESTRAYS.

TAKEN up by Abraham Hubler, of Marion township, Allen County, Indiana, November 5th, 3853, one Red Cow supposed to be four years old, with a white face; appraised at eleven dollars and fifty cents.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

TAKEN up by John Zenner, in Springfield township, Allen County, Indiana, an estray Steer; said Steer is black, with line back star in the face, both hind feet white; appraised at twelve dollars and fifty cents.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

TAKEN up by Peter Wagner, of Wayne township, an estray Cow, appraised twelve dollars, light brindle, white face, brindle around the eyes and nose, long slim horns, some white on both hips, white belly, most part of tail white, and some spots on the neck

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

Dec. 9, 1853. p3w23

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of George A. Aussm, late of Allen County, in the State of Indiana, deceased.

The estate is supposed to be solvent.

All persons indebted to said estate, are notified to settle the same immediately, and those having claims against the same, to present them for settlement.

F. D. LASSELLE, Administrator.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9th, 1853. 3w23

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture. for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

---

DOMESTICS AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL

10 bales Muslins,	15 pieces Tickings
10 " Boots,	50 " bleached Muslins
300 Grain Bags,	30 " Calicoes.
1000 lbs Cotton Yarn,	Cooper's Manufactory.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

SHAWLS—by Express—a beautiful assortment of all fashionable styles, just received at the Farmer's Depot. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

2000 lbs TALLOW & 500 lbs FEATHERS wanted, for which the highest price will be paid. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

Groceries at Wholesale.

For sale Cheap, at Wholesale or Retail, at the

Farmers' Depot.

75 sacks Coffee,	10 chests Tea,
10 hogsheads Sugar,	20 boxes Tobacco,
5 bbls Crushed Sugar,	5 bags Spice,
40 " Molasses,	5 " Pepper,
20 " Vinegar,	10 boxes Raisins,

10 boxes fine fresh Prunes,

And a full assortment of all other Groceries; also

1000 lbs Hamburgh Cheese, 1000 gallons stoneware
15 Doz. Zinc Washcords.
10 boxes Rosin Soap. H R. SCHWEGMAN.

HARDWARE, &c.

Just received at the Farmers' Depot, a prime lot of Hoe's Muley Saws, Rollin's Mill Saws, Cut Saws, a good assortment of Hand and Wood Saws, Augurs 50 kegs Nails assorted, 500 lbs. Cable Chain, 25 boxes Glass 5 0 " Log Chain, Tran Chains, a large assortment

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BIRD CAGES,—a beautiful assortment, and cheap as beautiful. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

TO BOAT BUILDERS.

FOR sale at the Farmers' Depot, 15 kegs Spikes assorted sizes, 5 bbls Pitch. 5 bbls Rosin, 2 bbls best navy Oakum. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

WOODEN WARE—25 doz. Buckets, 5 doz Churns, and an assortment of Crank Churns; doz Tubs.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

EMBROIDERIES.—The Ladies are particularly invited to give their attention to our stock of Cambric and Muslin Edgings and Insertings, Collars, and Undersleeves, as our stock is very large and prices extremely low. W. T. ABBOTT.

EMBROIDERING & SADLERS SILK of all colors may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 57 Columbia street.

WHITE ENGLISH FLANNELS—30 pieces white Flannel, varying from ¾ to 1¼ yd in width, decidedly the best assortment ever offered in this city, for sale at 57 Columbia street, by W. T. ABBOTT.

BBK. BOMBAZINES & MERINOES of the nicest qualities, just received and for sale at No. 57 Columbia street. W. T ABBOTT,

---

OPERA FLANNELS of all colors, on hand and for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store. No. 57 Columbia street, by WM. T. ABBOTT.

BLK DRESS SILKS.—A splendid assortment of Blk Dress Silks, very fine lustres and warranted not to break in wearing, for sale at Boston prices, at 57 Columbia street, by WM. T. ABBOTT.

PARAMETTA, LYONESE CLOTHS & MERINOES, 100 pes, very desirable colors, and at surprisingly low prices; just received and for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by WM. T. ABBOTT.

BLEACHED & BROWN MUSLINS—150 *pieces bleached Muslins, from ¾ to 1¼ yd* width, both dressed and undressed.

Also 20 bales brown do, various widths and qualities, for sale at great bargains by WM. T. ABBOTT.

All ready for Christmas.

FANCY FOODS

OF every description, suitable for beautiful presents for the Holidays, just arranged and ready for inspection and sale at the

Boston Dry Goods Store.

Purchasers are respectfully sollicited to call and examine at 57 Columbia street.

Dec. 8, 1853. WM. T. ABBOTT.

LADIES AND GENTS KID GLOVES.—50 dozens of ladies and gents Kid Gloves of all sizes and the very best quality just, opened & for sale at 57 Columbia street, by WM. T. ABBOTT.

Oysters! Oysters!!

R. C FILSON is on hand as usual, to supply the citizens of Fort Wayne with his celebrated

BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

put up in their own liquor, and hermetically sealed. He is daily in receipt of Oysters put up in kegs, cans and half cans, from C. S. Maltby's extensive establishment at Baltimore. Families and Social Parties supplyed at the shortest notice. Country Dealers are respectfully invited to call.

Depot at T. K. BRACKENRIDGE'S *Confectionaries Store, corner Calhoun and Berry streets.*

November 4th, 1853. tf-18

HARPER & PUTNAM'S MAGAZINES for December, also the ILLUSTRATED CRYSTAL PALACE can be had at HILL'S Book Store, Calhoun Street.

Something New.

NEWMAN & DODD are just opening, in the store room lately occupied by S. Sophlett, corner of Calhoun and Main streets, a large stock of

Books, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.,

all of which will be sold at unusually low prices.—Call and see for yourselves.

Also a large lot of *Yankee Notions, Cigars and Perfumery* for the wholesale trade.

Dec 31, 1853. tf-22

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court
Allen County. ss. } February Term, 1854.

Sophia Kennison *vs.* Mark Kennison.

DIVORCE.

IT being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, by affidavit filed, that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, Notice is therefore hereby given said non resident defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he appear before the Judge of said court, on or before the first day of the next term of said court, and answer the *same*, the same will be heard in his absence.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk.

M. JENKINSON, Att'y.
Dec 1st, 1853. p3-22

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 24th day of December, 1853, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit; All of their and each of their interest, either divided or undivided, in law or equity, in and to the section of land, in township thirty one (31), north of range thirteen (13) east, on the St. Joseph River, in said county of Allen, known as the De Rome section, which section was granted to the children of Mariah Christina De Rome, in the treaty with the Miami Tribe of Indians by the United States, made October 23d, A D 1826; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of George W. De Rome, Solomon R. De Rome, Et Al., at the suit of Franklin P Randall.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheriff A. C.

Nov. 30th, 1853 ($2 75) 4w22

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 24th day of December 1853, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: Lots numbered twenty and twenty one (20 & 21) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, and lots thirty-two and thirty-three (32 & 33) in Taber's addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Joseph Johnson, at the suit of State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheriff A. C.

Nov. 30th, 1853. ($2 00) 4w22

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Allen, the undersigned will sell at public auction at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on Saturday, December 24th, 1853, the following real estate, to-wit: Lots 9 and 21 in the town of Middletown, in said county; also the south half of the south-east quarter of section 31, town 32, north of range 12 east, containing 59 acres; also the fraction of the north-west quarter, lying west of the Lima road, in section 3, town 31, north of range 12 east, containing 30 acres All belonging to the estate of John Maston, *deceased.*

Terms of sale:—One third cash in hand, one third in six months, and one third in twelve months, with interest from date, and waiving all benefit of the appraisement laws.

J. C. WELLS, Adm'r.

Dec. 1st, 1853. ($2 00) 3w22

NEW DRY GOODS STORE!

AN

Entire New Stock

At Wholesale and Retail.

W. T. ABBOTT having leased No 57 Columbia street in the new block recently erected by E. F. Colerick, Esq, is now opening one of the most attractive assortments of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods

ever brought into the Western country, and is bound to sell them at

PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

W. T. A. having had great experience in selecting, and possessing unequalled facilities for purchasing goods, buying altogether for cash, and thereby saving a profit for his customers by having nothing to pay for his credit, by buying entirely of Importers and Manufacturers Agents he is enabled to offer

MOST DECIDED BARGAINS

to all who may favor him with a call, and assures the public generally that he shall be extremely happy to have every body examine his stock, whether they wish to purchase or not, as it a pleasure for him to exhibit his goods, and it is a difficult undertaking to weary his patience or make him trouble, and he will endeavor to convince all who wish to purchase anything in his line that their time shall be well spent at No. 57.

Particular attention has been paid in the selection of Dress Goods and of all kinds of

Fancy Dry Goods.

Below we give a few of the articles that may be found at his Store,

DRESS GOODS,

300 pieces new pattern Prints, 200 pieces elegant new style all Wool A. C. and Wool DeLaines, 15 pieces all Wool, do plain colors; 25 pieces black SILKS, all widths and prices; 100 pieces Brocade, Plaid Striped and Rep'd Silks; 50 DeBaige Robes; 40 pieces Lyonese Cloths very choice colors; 25 pieces Gala and Silk Plaids; 20 pieces Bavarian cloths plain colors ebual to any all Wool DeLaine; 10 pieces French Thibet and black and colored Alpaccas, Silk and Mp. Black Bombazines, &c., &c.

Also, 5 pieces yard wide Silk Velvet, and 10 pieces Ladies' Cloths for Cloaks, Capes, &c. 150 Empire and Bay State Long and Square SHAWLS, and a complete assortment of Cassimere Shawls and Scarfs, 50 dozen Ladies and Gent's Black, White and colored KID GLOVES of the best quality, and a great variety of Silk, Cassimere and Lisle do.

Embroideries and White Goods,

Ladies Under Hdk'fs, Undersleeves, Lace and Muslin Collars, Cambric and Muslin Edgings and Insertings, Infant Waists, Plain and Figured Laces, Lace and Thread Edgings and Insertings. 100 dozen Ladies and Gents Linen Cambric Hdk'fs; 50 pieces Irish Linen, dressed and undressed; Linen Damask Table Coverts; Linen Lawns; Bird's eye Diapers; plain and checked Cambrics and Muslins; Book and Swiss Muslins, Linen Napkins and Doilies, and a great

Variety of Fancy Goods,

Such as Ladies and Gents travelling and Dressing Cases, Reticules, Fancy Boxes, Writing and Odor Cases, Gammon Boards, Dominoes, Cologne Bottles, Cologne and Lavander Water, Lubin's Extracts, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Spool Stands, 50 different styles Portmonaie, Card Cases, Souvenirs, Cornelian Chain and Rings, Bone and Pearl Paper Folders, silver Tumbles, Ivory Combs, Buffalo Horn back and dressing do, Shell Side do, Razors, Thermometers, Fans, Wax Matches, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Brown Muslins of all widths, qualities and prices, 100 pieces bleached do, dressed and undressed; Drilling, Ticking, Stripes, Wicking, Bating, Seamless Bags, Denims bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels; also a big stock of all Wool Scarlet Flannels, Twill'd and Plain; White, Orange and Grey do; *Horse Blankets and Milled do*; Satinette, *Tweeds*, Jeans, Fancy Cassimeres, Black do, German Doe Skins and Broadcloths, Pilot Cloths, &c, &c.

And a large stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,

And choice

FAMILY GROCERIES

All of which are offered at prices that cannot fail to edit, at

Wholesale or Retail.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 28, 1853

Hurd's Golden Gloss for the Hair.

AMONG the many preparations for the growth of the HAIR, this GOLDEN GLOSS takes the lead. Three reasons will be given why it is so universally used and preferred to all others. 1st Because it has proved the most effectual in Baldness.—2d, Because it imparts a beautiful dark gloss and delightful perfume to the Hair. 3d, Because the Ladies, with fine descrimination, which they all possess, have adopted it. Many other reasons could be given why it is a great favorite, but those who want more have only to give it a trial. Price 25 cents in large bottles. For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers everywhere.

W. C HURD, Proprietor, 304 Broadway, N York.

Large Discount to Merchants. 6m 20

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa. to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 17th day of December, 1853, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The north half of the south-west quarter of section three (3), township thirty two (32), range 11, containing eighty acres, more or less; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Joseph Weidman, at the suit of John Orff & Rudolph Schwegman.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

Nov. 21, 1853 ($2 00) 5w21

REAL PREMIUM

DAGUERREOTYPES.

"Sweet copy, far more dear to me,
Lifeless, unfeeling as thou art.
Than all the living forms could be,
Save her who placed thee next my heart."

Mr. A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity for their liberal patronage, and respectfully invites them to call, examine specimens of his pictures, and see the perfection to which the Daguerrean art has arrived.

His Pictures exhibited at the late State Fair, at Lafayette, were universally admitted to be far superior to any collection of pictures there, for which he was awarded a Premium and Diploma.

Those who want perfect copies of themselves or friends are respectfully invited to call and see the

Real Premium Pictures

(not those styled so only by the advertiser) at Mr. McDONALD'S Rooms, No. 3 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street.

Instructions given in the Art, and Apparatus and Materials furnished on the lowest terms.

We, the undersigned, who attended the late State Fair at La Fayette, take pleasure in certifying that Mr. A. McDonald's Daguerreotypes were universally admitted (so far as we heard any expression) to be far superior to any exhibited at the Fair.

Mrs. Samuel Edeall,	Wm Rockhill,
Mrs. T. N. Hood,	E. C. Nelson,
Miss Letitia Hamilton,	A. J. Avery,
Miss Dos. Edsall,	Joshua Holmes,
Dr. E Pierce,	C. W Nettlehorst,
T. N. Hood,	James Story,
Mrs Mary Roop,	F. P. Randall,
John Stapleford,	Chancey Oakley,
James Vandegriff,	Wm. Hamilton.

2,000 Pounds HAMBURGH CHEESE just received.

Sept. 3, 1853. BASS & EMRICK.

The Great Exhibition

IN FULL BLAST!

AND

Kirk, Williams & Co.,

ARE now receiving a very large and general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods

for 1853-4, which we are determined to sell cheap. *We don't wish you to take our word for it, but come* and see for yourselves, and we will try and give you ocular demonstration of the fact, or no sale. We take great pleasure in showing our goods, and hope you will not be backward about calling in.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 27, 1853.

$5,000 REWARD

OFFERED to any person that can show as large and cheap a stock of *Boots, Hats, Caps and Leather* as

B. MASON

has now on hand, at the old stand of B. Mason, one door west of John Hamilton's grocery, where may be found the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, & BEST SELECTED

STOCK OF

BOOTS, SHOES, Leather, Hats, & Caps,

that has ever been brought to Fort Wayne, which he intends to sell for cash exclusively; consequently one man will not have to pay for the delinquency of another, nor shoe those who will not pay for being shod, but having no bad debts every thing can be sold at a small per centage and yet yield a living profit.

The attention of the LADIES is particularly invited as the stock will be found better, more fashionable, and more durable than ever before offered here, embracing every variety of *Gaiters, Buskins, Ties, Slippers, &c* now in vogue.

Youths', Misses' & Children's Wear

in full variety. An excellent and cheap assortment

Gentlemen's Wear.

Calf, and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans.

Good workmen are engaged and a superior article of

HOME-MADE BOOTS AND SHOES

will be kept on hand or made to measure.

Sole and Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, &c., for sale low.

HATS AND CAPS.

He has also a large and well selected stock of Hats and Caps, well deserving inspection, as they are better & cheaper than can be found elsewhere. Beebe's celebrated Moleskin Hat; Kossuth, Fur, Wool, Leghorn and Palm Leaf, Do. Silk and Mohair Plush Caps; Cloth Do., all styles and prices.

September 23.

NEW STOCK of BOOKS.

THE following is a list of Books for sale at HILL'S Book Store on Calhoun street:

Encyclopedia Americana, 14 volumes.
Fox's Book of Martyrs, large quarto with 200 engravings.
Clark's Commentaries on Old and New Testaments.
Barn's Notes on the Bible complete,
McCulloch's Geographical Dictionary,
Scott's Commentaries on the Bible,
Woodfall's Junius Letters, Plutarch's Lives,
Sturm's Reflections,
History of the World, by White,
Brandt's Encyclopedia of Science, Literature and Art,
History of the Middle Kingdom, by Robertson,
Incidents in the American Wars,
Groves' Greek and English Lexicon,
History of the Mormons,
Masonic Chart,
Stewart's Free Mason's Manual,
The Craftsman,
Odd Fellow's Text Book,
Works of Tacitus, Cæsar, Xenophon and Sallust, in English,
Tickner's History of Spanish Literature,
Prescott's Miscellaneous Works,
" Conquest of Mexico,
American Farmer,
Layard's Nineveh and Remains,
Family Kitchen Garden, by Buist,
Fruit Culturist,
Miner's Bee Keeper's Manual,
Lolly and Lowly, by McIntosh,
Thackeray's complete Works,
Ike Marvel's complete Works,
Wide World, Queechy, Women's Rights,
Spiritual Manifestations, by Charles Beecher,
Irving's Works complete,
Hydropathic Encyclopedia,
Milman's Gibbon's Rome, six volumes,
Napoleon Dynasty,
Hume's History of England.

MEDICAL WORKS.

Wood's Practice,	Watson's Practice,
Beach's "	Gun's "

Dungleson's Practice,
" Medical Dictionary,
Druit's Surgery,
Ramsbotham's Process of Therapeutics,
Carpenter's Physiology,
Carson's Synopsis of Materia Medica,
Dungleson on new Remedies,
Cod Liver Oil,
Hoblyn's Medical Dictionary,
Brodie's select Medical Works,
Muller's Physics and Meteorology,
Moore, Redwood and Procters Pharmacy,
Dungleson's Cyclopedia of Practical Medicine,
Condi on Diseases of Children,
Gross on the Urinary Organs,
Lee's Midwifery, Liston's Surgery,
Dungleson's Therapeutics and Materia Medica,
Guthrie on Urinary Organs.

LAW BOOKS,

Swan's Practice and Precedents,
Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 volumes,
Chitty's Blackstone 2 volumes,
Wendall's Blackstone, 4 vols. American Notes.

REMOVAL.

C. A. GREY has removed to his New Store, at his old stand, No. 84 Columbia street, where he is now opening a large stock of

New Fall Goods.

of every variety, which he has purchased for cash, and notwithstanding the advance in prices in New York, he will be enabled to sell as low as heretofore. Buyers therefore will save money by purchasing of him.

THE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

includes a full assortment of Alpaccas, Calicoes, Sattinetts, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels, Muslins, Tickings, &c.; Woollen Shawls, Worsted Goods, &c.

GROCERIES.

A fine stock of the choicest qualities.

Hardware, Queensware, Nails, Glass, &c.

Persons wanting a real good serviceable article at a low price will find this the place to get it.

Oct. 1st. 3m13

YARN—Woollen and Cotton knitting Yarn. A superior article. C. A. GREY.

HOSIERY—A choice lot of German Hosiery—Gloves and Mitts, children do., Wristlets-Comforts, Woollen Winter Shoes, ladies' and children's Hose, &c. C. A GREY.

SHAWLS—A general assortment—Cheap, Good and Warm. C. A. GREY.

1853. 1853.

FORT WAYNE STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER. JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, al. on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

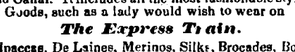
REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

THE OPENING OF THE

Ohio & Indiana Railroad



NOT having yet taken place, the subscriber has brought on his fall stock of goods, via the Lake and Canal. It includes all the most fashionable styles of Goods, such as a lady would wish to wear on

The Express Train.

Alpaccas, De Laines, Merinos, Silks, Brocades, Robe de Beige Française, Plaids, and other fashionable Dress Goods; Opera Flannels, Shawls, Ginghams. Besides cheaper and stronger articles calculated for passengers by the

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN,

and Pilot Cloths, Cassimeres, Broadcloths, Sattinets, Jeans, &c., just the thing for gentleman travelling by the

Night Train.

These goods will be sold at Bargains, as it intended they shall go off like a train running

Through to Philadelphia in 24 hours!

Also an excellent stock of choice Family Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Hats, Caps, and Bonnets. In short, a little of every thing, and a great deal of such things as are most needed It would fill the columns of the Sentinel to enumerate half of them, and it would require a

Freight Train

to contain them. Gentlemanly conductors and sober engineers are great recommendations to a Railroad, but they are far excelled in attention and accommodation by the gentlemanly clerks at this establishment.

Ample room for storing produce, for which the highest price will be given.

For further particulars call at the Depot, No 89 Columbia street.

Oct. 20, 1853. R. McMULLEN.

PARIS ZINC, WHITE PAINT.

New Jersey do., " "	
Pure White Lead.	No. 1 White Lead.
Demar Varnish.	Copal Varnish.
Japan Dryer,	fresh supply at

WALL & MEYER'S.

Fire Proof Paint.

A BETTER Article than ever, of all colors, to be had by the barrel or pound at No. 95

WALL & MEYER.

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING their **TANNERY** completed and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather,

FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,

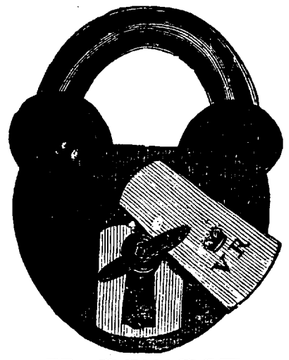
which they offer for sale at reasonable prices.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and findind business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Prices.

Sept, 10, 1853. y10d.

NEW HARDWARE.



H. DURRIE,

No. 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place, of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axles, Elliptic Springs, Anvils, Bell ws, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape*, and *warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved *patterns now in use.*

FARMER'S GOODS,

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shorels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes, Forks, &c., *&c.*

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons.

SOLAR LAMPS,

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 31st, 1853.

McKenzie, Craft & Co.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants

DEALERS IN W. R. CHEESE,

And Produce generally,

Nos 20 & 22 Main St., Cincinnati.

☞ *All orders promptly attended to.* 6m15

---

500 Hhds Sugar, 375 bf chests Tea,
350 bbls Molasses, 200 catties do
700 bags Coffee, 5 Cralles Cassia,
50 000 lbs Cotton Yarn, 2 hf bbls Nutmegs,
1,000 kegs Nails, 45 tierces Rice,
Buckets, Tubs, Ropes, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by McKENZIE, CRAFT & Co.,

6m15 Nos. 20 & 22 Main St, Cincinnati.

PIANO FORTE WARE ROOM

C. L HILL having opened rooms for the sale of

PIANO FORTES,

AND OTHER

Musical Instruments,

would say to the public that he is now receiving a fine stock of Boardman & Gray's celebrated Pianos, with and without the

DOLCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT.

This attachment combines more richness and beauty of tone than was ever before attained in the Piano Forte. In particular qualities are clearness brilliancy and delicacy of tone, which falls upon the ear with a surpassing softness, like the chiming peals of distant bells.

Messrs. Boardman & Gray's Pianos, besides their other excellences, are warranted to be of great durability and wear longer than any others made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of

Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the *music line.*

He is daily expecting a consignment of Stoddart's superior Piano Fortes. Oct. 1st.

DE LAINES.—A splendid assortment of De Laines from one shilling to one dollar per yard. WILSON & TRESSELT.

ALPACAS.—A fine stock of black and colored Alpacas, very cheap.

Sept. 28. WILSON & TRESSELT.

WOOL SHAWLS.—A large assortment of long and square Wool Sawls.

Sept. 28 WILSON & TRESSELT.

DRESS GOODS.—De Laines, Alpacas, French Merinos, all wool De Laines, Oj Baje Robes, Fancy Silks, Brocades Ginghams, &c., just received and for sale very cheap.

Sept. 28. WILSON & TRESSELT.

GUNS! GUNS!

South side of **Columbia St.,** *three doors east of Clinton*

SMITH & CO.,

Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps Guns neatly repaired.

GUNSMITHS furnished with materials a *Low Prices*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

☞ *Increased Twist Target Rifles* made to order, and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, an average of 1 inch each shot.			
200	"	2½	"
300	"	5	"
400	"	8	"

SMITH & Co.

Aug. 27. 6m8

Wholesale Boot and Shoe Store,

125 Columbia Street, Fort Wayne.

ANDERSON & Co. have received, at their new store, 125 Columbia street, up stairs, a large and general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

adapted to the present season and the wants of the country. The assortment is complete, and includes every variety of

LADIES', GENTS', YOUTH'S & CHILDREN'S WEAR.

of all kinds and prices, from the neatest and most fashionable Lady's Gaiter to the stoutest and most substantial stogs. These goods were purchased early, before the late rise in prices, and will be sold to dealers, by the case or dozen,

AT NEW YORK PRICES;

Purchasers will therefore save transportation by dealing with them. The Stock is large and well assorted, so that buyers can find every description they need.

A general assortment of the best

HOME-MADE WORK

of our own manufacture, always on hand.

All kinds of LEATHER and FINDINGS at the lowest rates.

Highest Price in Cash for HIDES.

Flaxseed.

1,000 bushels Flaxseed wanted, for which the highest market price will be paid

May 27. WALL & MEYER.

Composition Cement Roofing.

THE subscriber has made arrangement and procured the necessary materials for covering buildings with the popular Composition and Gravel Roofing. This system of Roofing has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, and is rapidly superseding all others. Its great advantages of durability, cheapness, tightness, and perfect safety from fire recommend it to all persons erecting good buildings. Though fully equal to tin in every respect, the cost is less than one half—but little more in fact than pine shingles.

For specimens the public are invited to examine the new 4 story Cabinet Shop of J. M. Miller; and Cooper's new Car Factory, south of A Hamilton

HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.

Oct. 10. y16

Pictures that are Pictures

TAKEN at DAY'S DAGUERREAN GALLERY, without regard to weather.

Rooms, third floor of Bowen's building, Columbia street, over Brandriff's Stove store. 17 f

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Selling off at Cost.

I. G. THIEME has on hand a large stock of good

Home-made Clothing,

which he is selling off at the very lowest figures, as he is resolved to sell them all out.

The stock consists of black, blue and brow cloth Overcoats; Beaver do of all fashionable colors lined throughout with all wool lining; black Frock Coats, Tweed Sacks, India Rubber Overcoats, Oil Clothing; Pants of all colors and qualities; a large assortment of Satin Vests, Cloth, Cassimere, Cassinet, and all other varieties of Vests. Drawers, Undershirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Socks Suspenders, &c. A lot of well made fine and common Shirts. Silk, Fur, and Kossuth Hats; Plush, Cloth and Glazed Capes.

These goods will all be sold at prices to make it an object for persons to buy.

A large stock of

Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Black, blue, brown and green Cloth, from $2 00 to $7 00, a good stock of fancy Cassimeres, and a very large stock of black Cassimeres and Doeskins, which he will make up to measure in a superior style at reasonable price.

Gentlemen wishing good clothing cheap, are invited to call at the store No. 5 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street.

Oct. 29, 1853 3m17

Cabinet & Chair Making.

GRIEBEL & KNOTE having commenced business in the store lately occupied by W & J. Paul, in Clinton St, two doors south of Columbia, invite the public to examine their

Furniture and Chairs,

which will be found to be of the best and most substantial workmanship, and warranted made of good seasoned lumber. Chairs, Tables, Stands, Bureaus, Bedsteads, and all other kinds of furniture kept for sale or made to order on the lowest terms.

UNDERTAKING.

They also have a Hearse and a Carriage, and will keep COFFINS of all sizes and descriptions.

LOUIS GRIEBEL.
Sept. 16. 1yr JULIUS KNOTE.

The Oyster Depot

IS well supplied with Oysters of Rowe & Co.'s celebrated brands put up in

KEGS & CANS.

Also hermetically sealed

Lobsters **Clams**
SALMON. OYSTERS.
For sale by WM. GROUT.
Fort Wayne, Oct 6, 1853. 3m14

BIRD CAGES—Plain and Fancy Bird Cages in great variety. Canary Seed, Hemp Seed, &c. C. A. GREY.

Dress Goods, Cloakings, &c.

MRS. DYKES is daily expecting a new stock of Dress Goods, Pelisse Cloths, &c., of the newest style. Also TRIMMINGS in great variety.

Oct. 15.

Fashionable Millinery.

MRS. DYKES respectfully informs the ladies that her Millinery Rooms will be opened for inspection on Thursday next, the 20th inst., with a beautiful assortment of new and fashionable

Millinery, Cloaks, Capes, &c.,

on which occasion she will be happy to show her goods to all who may favor her with a call.

Having secured the services of an able and experienced DRESS MAKER, recently from London, she will be enabled to make up goods in the best and most fashionable style. Oct 15.

SOUTH HANOVER, June 28 To R M. LYON:—"Mr. Green and Brunell have had satisfactory sales of the ROCK OIL.—Brunell had sold out—could have sold twice as much. There was a boy there that had been helpless in bed—the Dr. could not help him—his mother was at Green's store—he gave her a bottle of the Oil to try—the Dr said she must give it at her own risk, which alarmed the good mother—she went back to Green—he told her to give it at *his* risk, which she did,—and one bottle cured him, sound and well—he is running the streets. This case was one of *Inflammatory Rheumatism.*

F. M BACON.

For sale everywhere by the Druggists, at retail, and at wholesale, at Fort Wayne, by

H B REED
WALL & MEYER.

CROCKERY—White Iron Stone, Marble, Mulberry Light and Dark Blue do, with a large assortment of dommon Ware. Also, a large assortment of common Stone Ware; for sale low.

WILSON & TRESSELT.

HOES, a full supply of the Tuttle Hoe, bought of the manufacturer himself and therefore no counterfeit. OAKLEY & FRENCH.

PLANES, a full assortment of the best kinds O. & F.

HOUSE Trimmings, such as Locks, Hinges, etc. a

TREMENDOUS CRASH

Among the Eastern Banks.

THE Crystal Palace closed, and the Goods that were on Exhibition divided among the favorite firms. We being the lucky ones in Fort Wayne, the following among other articles fell to our lot:

LADIES' WEAR.

Barr'd & Plain Dress Silks, Thibet cloths,
French Merinos of all colors. Canton cloths.
French & American Ginghams,
Do do De Laines,
Do do Prints.

VARIETIES.

Marseilles and Lancaster Quits, Table Covers,
Cloths cotton and linen.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Cloths, Cassimeres Satinets, Tweeds, Janes, Draw ers, Shirts, and the best and most fashionable stock of Gloves of all varieties ever placed on exhibition, some of which took the FIRST PREMIUM at the World's Fair. These goods were purchased on credit and must be sold; any person wishing bargains would do well to call soon, as we cannot procure any more of the same kind, and we were lucky in getting the best assortment from the small stock at the Palace.

BAYLESS & Co.,
No. 87 Columbia st., Fort Wayne, Ind.
November 18, 1853.

BASS & EMRICK,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE just received and opened in the new brick building corner of Canal and Calhoun Streets, the largest, cheapest and best selected

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

of every kind and description, ever brought to this market, all of which they are now prepared to exchange for cash, or Country Produce, such as Wheat, Corn, Oats, Beans, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Hides, Beeswax, Ginseng, Potatoes, Butter, and Eggs, and in fact, almost any and everything else, except old shoes and brick-bats.

To the COUNTRY DEALERS we would say we have bought our goods from *first hands*, and can offer inducements not heretofore offered in Fort Wayne.

All we ask is an *examination of our goods and prices*. They cannot fail to please. Call and see for yourselves.

Fort Wayne, August 20, 1852. n7

The Farmer's Depot

Is now in full blast with a splendid assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN, thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him by his friends and the public in general, respectfully informs them that he has laid in a large and well selected assortment of

NEW GOODS,

to which he invites their attention; and in return for the favors of his friends, intends to give them the

Best Bargains

ever offered in the place.

DRY GOODS:

Broad Cloths, Sattinets, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linsey & Flannels. DRESS GOODS in great variety—Cashmeres, DeLaines, Alpaccas, Calicoes, and all the new and fashionable styles. SHAWLS—Long Shawls, Embroidered do. Woollen Dress Handkerchiefs, Woollen Hoods, Ladies Ties, &c.

Groceries.

A full Stock of choice quality.

Hardware, Queensware & Glassware.

A good stock, and cheap.

All kinds of produce taken at the highest prices—Beeswax, Ginseng, Seneca Snake root, Bath root, Ladies' Slipper, Wake Robin Root, Golden Seal, Yellow Paccoon,—Butter & Eggs.

Ladies, save your RAGS! The highest price in Cash or Goods paid for them. Sept. 16th.

PIANO STOOLS.

C. L. HILL has just received a large lot of Piano Stools of every description. Call and see them. Nov. 12, 1853

ALPACCAS—A large assortment black and colored Alpaccas, very low. C. A. GREY.

GRINDSTONE,

Paper and Rag Depot at

COMPARET HUBBELL & Co's Fort Wayne,

BANK and County Officers, Forwarding Merchants and others can have blank books made to order on short notice, ruled and bound to any pattern, and in the *best* style and of the very best *Eastern* paper, also *Letter and Cap Writing Paper* of the same quality.

A good article of Wrapping Paper constantly on hand to supply Merchants in the vicinity. Also the *CEREA GRINDSTONE* for the trade at quarry prices adding transportation and charges. *RAGS* taken at the highest price J. B. JOHNSON.

Fort Wayne, August 10th 1852. 3tf.

H. B. REED has on hand a larger and better variety of everything in his line than was ever offered in one stock in the State, and is being sold at lower prices. Those in want of goods in his line are invited to call and examine the prices, and if not cheaper he wont ask you to buy. He warrants all articles sold by him to give satisfaction.

Dec. 18, 1852.

Dress Goods---Fall Styles.

MRS. DYKES has received a beautiful assortment of

FALL DRESS GOODS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES:

Oriental Robes, all-wool De Laines, Plain, Plaid, and Brocade Silks, &c.,&c.

TRIMMINGS.

A neat variety of Fall Trimmings—Velvet, Gimp, &c.
August 26, 1853.

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one more Run of Stone in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all time. for sale. HOAGLAND & COMSTOCH.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

10 BBLS Spirits Turpentine, 10 bbls Rosin,
10 bbls Oakum No. 1, 10 " Pitch.
for sale by WALL & MEYER.

A Pure Article of BANK and STRAITS OIL for sale at No. 95.

Also Winter Strained SPERM OIL, do do LARD OIL, LINSEED OIL, BURNING FLUID, for sale by WALL & MEYER.

A Good COOKING STOVE for sale CHEAP, Inquire at this Office.

OAK HALL

Emporium of Fashion

SHOAFF & HANNA have always on hand the most extensive stock of

CLOTHING

in this city, consisting in part of Dress and Frock Coats, Overcoats of all colors; Pants and Vests, silk and woolen under Shirts, Shirt Collars,

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

Cravats, Stocks, Hats & Caps; also a large stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,

which will be made up in Shoaff's good style, cheap as any house in the west. Those goods will be sold at some price, for we want *gelt* to "travel over Jordan" with some of our rag merchants next spring.

Ladies, don't fail to call and get you a pair of silk vests, it will save you buying cough candy. Our prescription is two vests and three tea spoons cold water.

We intend to make this the

Fashionable and Cheap Clothing House

in this city. Read! Coats, $3 00 to $8 00, of the best make; Pants, $1 25 to $3 00 and 4 00, cassimeres; vests in proportion.

Farmers, don't forget the place, and for a few dollars we will dress you so nice your wives won't know you. Call and pop goes the weasel. Stone front and large windows is the place to get made up here.

SHOAFF & HANNA,
Oct. 29—y Proprietors

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, 85, Columbia Street, are now receiving their

Spring Supply of Groceries

Having made their purchases with a view of supplying the Country Trade—they would respectfully call the attention of Country Dealers to their Stock, as they feel confident

MONEY CAN BE SAVED

by purchasing of *them* instead of going East or to Cincinnati.

Fort Wayne, April 22, 1853.

THESE PILLS WILL RELIEVE every "human being" who has any of the following symptoms:

Indigestion,	Headache,
Biliousness,	Extreme nervous agitation,
A sense of oppression at the Stomach,	An incapacity for the slightest exertion.
Depression of Spirits,	Mistiness and Indistinctness of Vision,
Hot Flushes,	Unpleasant taste in the
Cold Hands and Feet,	Mouth, particularly when
Numbness of the Limbs and other parts,	rising in the morning,
Vertigo, Nausea,	Dull heavy Pain, and sense
Difficulty of Respiration,	of weight in the Head.
Stupor,	A temporary loss of memory,
Irritability,	A sense of Emptiness,
Drowsiness,	Pulse less frequent & more
Debility,	feeble than usual,
Extreme languor and Exhaustion,	Despondency,
Restlessness,	Emaciation and Extreme
Costiveness,	Debility.

Principal depot at **Burnet's**,

No. 14 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

☞ For sale by Druggists everywhere.
☞ Price FIFTY CENTS.
☞ Country Dealer's supplied at proprietor's prices by any of the Cincinnaty Druggists. y50

CEILING PAPER—Another lot just received.
June 9th, 1852. MRS. DYKES.

German Books.

FOR sale at the Farmer's Depot. Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Books, Sturk's Prayer Book, School Books, Kolrausch's History of the German Nation; Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20 00; Wittenberger's edition, $15 00. Leipsic edition $26 00. Hirshberger Bible, late edition $4 00; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes. And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.

July 16 H R SCHWEGMAN.

TRUSSES!

THE largest and most comelete assortment of Trusses to be found in the state. His stock comprises every thing in use of the best styles. German, French English, and American, also Children's Trusses, of every size and make; all of which will be sold lower than ever before offered. H B REED.

J. A. MAIERS,

At the old stand of J. G. MAIERS, No. 80 Columbia street,

HAS just received a large and beautiful assortment of

French, German & American TOYS,

of all descriptions; China and Albaster Mantel Ornaments; Jewelry, Porte Monaies and Pocket Books. Pictures, Gilt Mouldings for Frames.

Violins, Fifes, Accordeons, Violin Strings and Trimmings,

which will be sold at eastern prices, far cheaper than ever before offered in Fort Wayne. Also a full stock of

Family Groceries

of all kinds and the choicest quality.

Call and examine the stock. The Toys will be found far ahead of any thing ever brought here, and includes several rarities and new articles.

Oct. 1st. 3m13

Candy! Candy!

$12.00 PER HUNDRED POUNDS, and no charge for Boxes. At Mr. DEMAND'S Candy Factory, Walnut Street, between 5th and 6th Streets, *Cincinnati, O.* 1y45

NOTICE EXTRA.

OAKLEY & FRENCH have just received and will keep on hand a large supply of the best *four* ply

RUBBER BELTING,

from 6 to 12 inches wide. Also a quantity of *Rubber* and other *Steam Packing.*

They have also received

250 Stoves,

which they will sell very low in order to make room for more that are on the way.

June 11th, 1853.

China and Queensware.

SOME beautiful sets French China—latest styles Iron-stone China, and Queensware of all varieties—just received. MRS. DYKES.

Glassware! Glassware!!

THE greatest variety, *best and cheapest* Glassware ever offered in this market, can be had, by the wholesale or retail, at No. 85 Columbia street.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

June 23.

CRAPE SHAWLS, CASHMERE do. and other fashionable styles just received

May 6 MRS. DYKES.

NEEDLE WORK.—Under Sleeves, Collars, Capes, Chemisette, etc., etc., just received

May 6 MRS. DYKES.

PAPER HANGINGS.—A new assortment just received MRS. DYKES.

Tanner's Oil

BY the bbl or gallon
May 27. WALL & MEYER.

Facts for the People.

IT IS A FACT, that it is to the interest of buyers to trade at the store that has the largest and best assortment of Goods.

It is a fact, that it is also their interest to trade where they can buy the cheapest.

It is a fact, that HEDEKIN & SON have one of the best stocks of

Fall & Winter Goods

ever brought here, including every description of DRESS GOODS more especially those most in vogue; also Broadcloths, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels, and all kinds of Staple Articles; besides Shawls, Trimmings, and every thing else required by the ladies.

It is a fact, that their GROCERIES are always of the best and cheapest; and that they have an excellent stock of HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

It is a fact, that they sell so cheap that buyers save money by buying of them.

It is a fact, that it would be needless for them to particularize all the articles they have on hand. If you want any description of goods, call at their store and you may be sure of finding it.

And it is also a fact, that these facts are well known to the public, and they find it to their advantage to keep them in mind. October 29, 1853.

The Place to get your Money back

IS AT W. JACOBS'

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

IN FORT WAYNE.

I Am on hand again with a very large and most beautiful assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's

Fall & Winter Wear

of every conceivable style and variety, of the best quality found in the Philadelphia, New York and Boston Markets. Also,

Children's, Youths' Boys' and Men's Wear

of every kind. In short, the understandings from the cradle to the hoary headed, can be embellished at this establishment, with that which is neat, genteel, fashionable, comfortable and serviceable, and

AT PRICES FAR BELOW

any thing in this market, as our motto is quick sales small profits, and ready pay.

I am also constantly manufacturing in Fort Wayne, Women's Men's and Boys'

FINE & HEAVY WEAR,

of all kinds. Please give me a call at my old stand. Ten or fifteen good workmen will find employment by immediate application in this establishment.

WM. JACOBS.

Oct. 29th, 1853.

ELEVATED Oven Stoves pas, londid article, call and see them. O. & F.

JAMES COLLINS,

Chemist & Druggist,

At the Old Stand of SHOAFF & COLLINS, *next door to Peter Kiser's on Calhoun Street,*

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of Physicians, and the public generally, to his large and well selected Stock of

DRUGS & CHEMICALS,

Pure Wines, Brandy, & Gin,

which he is now receiving from

NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

Also, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty; Tooth, Nail, Hair, Clothes, Paint, and White wash Brushes.

With a general assortment of

Family Groceries,

All of which have been bought for cash, and will be offered at such prices as to render it an object for all cash customers to call at his establishment and purchase. A constant supply of fine

SWEDISH LEECHES,

always on hand; or applied by Dr. R. C. NEWMAN, who will also continue to give his attention to the preparation of Medicines and Physicians' Prescriptions.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 7th, 1852. y14

PRINTING INK!

AN excellent article—for sale at the Drug Store of WALL & MEYER.

Perfumery, Soaps, &c.

IF there is anything you want for the toilet, you will be sure to find it here. Pearl Powders of every variety, Rouge, Bandoines, Philacombe, Hair oils of all kinds and price, German Colorgue, Lowes fine Soap, Wash Balls, Lyon's Kathanon, Tricophrous, Phalons Hair Invigorator, &c. Mr. O'Conner will be pleased to see and to wait on all his friends and at the very lowest prices. H. B REED.

1853. 1853.

Wm. S. EDSALL.

FORWARDING and Commission Merchant, and General Dealer in Produce, Salt, Fish, &c.—Warehouse on the canal, Fort Wayne Liberal Cash advances will be made on property consigned to me for sale in this, Toledo, Buffalo or New York markets.

REFER TO

Hugh McCulloch, Esq., Cashier Br. Bank.	
Smith & Hunt,	Toledo.
G. S. Hazard, Esq.,	Buffalo.
W. A. Brown,	New York.
Ayers & Tunis,	do. y25

COUNTY, Township, and City Orders wanted, for which the highest price will be paid in Cash or Goods. HEDEKIN & SON.

KENTUCKY HOMMONY of superior quality can be had at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

WOOL! WOOL!

THE highest price will be paid in Cash or Goods for all the Wool that may be offered at the *Fort Wayne Woolen Factory.*

WOOL CARDING

will be done as usual at 4 cents per lb, and warranted, if brought in proper condition.

COUNTRY SPINNING will be done at a reasonable price, and at the shortest notice.

MACHINE CARDS

We keep on hand an assortment, and will sell at *Buffalo Prices.*

WANTED,—50lbs. SOAP and 500lbs Lard.

RUDISILL & WOLK.

May 12, 1853

Fort Wayne, Columbia, & Warsaw Hack.

THE travelling public are informed that the undersigned has fitted up and will run a good Hack from Fort Wayne to Warsaw and back, as follows:

Leaves Fort Wayne for Warsaw, through Columbia, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, in the morning,—through same day.

Leaves Warsaw for Fort Wayne, same route, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, in the morning, —through same day.

The Hack and Teams are good, and every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of he passengers. Fare reasonable.

J. B. EDWARDS.

June 24th, 1853. 6m51

CARPETS—We have a few pieces of Carpets left, which we are selling lower than ever those wishing to purchase will do well to call.

WILSON & TRESSELT.

June 25, 1852.

D. W. MAPLES

IS still associated with H. Durrie in the Manufacturing of

Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware.

He will give special attention to heavy

Copper and Sheet Iron Work, Roofing and Galvanized Iron Work, of all descriptions.

The success that he has met with in putting up

HOT AIR FURNACES,

Bathing & Shower Bath Apparatus,

hot and cold, warrants him in saying that he has equalled the best constructed

Furnace and Bathing Apparatus

in the East or elsewhere. He is at liberty to refer to the following gentlemen who have had them put up:

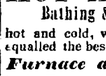
SAMUEL HANNA,	H. McCULLOCH,
ROBT. TOWNLEY,	JAS. SWEETSER, of Marion,
Rev. JOS LARGE,	Trustees 1st Pres'n Church.

Thankful for past patronage, he would solicite a continuance of the same.

Fort Wayne, July 30, 1853. 6m5

C. COOPER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF



LOCOMOTIVES

AND STATIONARY ENGINES,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels, Boilers, Mill Gearing, &c.. &c.

All on the most Improved Styles, and Warranted.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO. C. G. CAMP, Agent.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. LITTLE & McCULLOCH, Fort Wayne.
HUBBEL, COMPARET & Co, " "

July 2d, 1853. ply52

GOLDEN SYRUP, a choice article, at the Cheap Store, cooner Calhoun and Pearl streets.

May 27. J. PIERR.

443 Pieces Cocheco, Sprague's, Philip Allen's, and Richmond & Carr's PRINTS, warranted *fast Colors*, and the best fabrics ever manufactured in the Calico Line. For sale by the piece or pattern at No. 87. BAYLESS & CO.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

Wholesale & Retail

At No. 4, Phœnix Block, Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

C. L. HILL has now on hand a full supply of Books and Stationery, which he offers at wholesale or retail on unusually favorable terms. The Stock includes of general and well selected assorment of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books

of all kinds: Law, Medical, Scientific, Historical, Poetic, Blographical, and Standard Works; a large variety of cheap Novels and Tales.

SCHOOL BOOKS of all kinds used in this part of the country. Day Books, Ledger, Memorandums, and other Blank Books. Travellers Pocket MAPS; Sectional do.

Also the heaviest Stock of French, English and American

Cap & Letter Paper,

of all qualities and prices, ever before offered in this market.

Together with a large and grand assortment of

Notions and Fancy Articles,

as Card Cases of the latest and best styles. Pocket Books, Porte-Monaie, Port Folios, Fandy Toilet Boxes, Albums, Fancy Writing Desks, Note Paper, Envelopes, Gold and Steel Pens, Holders, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Mettoes, Ink Stands, Pencils, &c.,&c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

He has also fitted up his second story as a Musical Depot, and keeps on hand a supply of superior Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, &c. SHEET MUSIC in great variety.

Teachers and Country Dealers are invited to call and examine this stock, as it will be sold on as favorable terms as at any other establishment in the country.

The highest price paid for RAGS.

June 4.

Valuable Lands for Sale,

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give him a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,
General Lands and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne, Nov 22, 1849. 21y.

To Farmers.

THE fair market price in CASH will be paid by the subscribers for any quantity of Wheat delivered at the Stone Mills of Samuel Edsall. Receipt cashed by Orff & Schwegman, at our old stand on Calhoun-street.

N. B. Particular attention paid to *grinding Grists for Farmers.* SAMUEL EDSALL.

Leeches! Leeches! Leeches!

JUST received a supply of fine SWEDISH LEECHES!!! for sale or applied by Dr. R. C. NEWMAN, at the establishment of COLLINS & WHITE, Druggists, etc.

Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

April 22, 1853.

OAKLEY & FRENCH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,
FORT WAYNE.

Piano Forte Warehouse.

At Manufacturer's Prices.

T. P. ANDERSON, agent for G. Gilbert, and Lemuel Gilbert, Piano Forte Manufacturers, of Boston, has a splendid collection of

Æolian and Boudoir Pianos

now on hand, at his room, in Hamilton's Block, over Tellier's Store, to which he invites the attention of the public. The

BOUDOIR PIANOS

or compact ness of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, veiled and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard.

He is also agent for the sale of

Carhart's Patent Melodeons,

which for quality of Tone and Finish are universally admitted to be superior to anything of the kind ever before offered to the public.

All instruments sold by him are warranted.

October 29, 1852. 1y7

BOOT, SHOE, AND *LEATHER* STORE.

A. LINTZ has just received from New York an unusually large and well assorted stock of

Boots & Shoes.

Gent's fine Calf and Common Boots, Stogas, Brogans, Rubber Overshoes, &c.

LADIES' WEAR

a beautiful assortment of Gaiters, Excelsiors, Shoes &c., &c., all the latest styles.

Youth's, Misses', and Children's Wear

in every variety. The best stock ever brought this city.

He stock this year is very large, and being a practical workman of many years' experience, he feels assured that he has been able to select such articles as will meet the wants of his customers, and can warrant them to be of the first quality. They will be sold

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

He has also a large stock of leather of the best quality, and will continue to serve those who want good articles with

Home-Made and Custom Work

in his usual style of workmanship—not to be excelled in the country.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, Fendings, &c., of all sorts will be sold at the very lowest prices.

Remember the Cheap Shoe Store, Columbia Street, one door east of Lillie's Tavern.

Nov. 12, 1852. y19

50 Sacks Prime Coffee—Bayless & Co. have the best Coffee and are selling at the lowest rates of any house in this city.

85 Columbia Street

A Supply of double-refined, crushed, pulverized, and loaf Sugar. Citrons and Currants. Also a superior quality of Black Tea and Java Coffee at

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

WOOLLEN YARN.—A superior article of Eastern Woolled Yarn for sale at GREY'S *Cheap Store.*

DR. VON BONHORST,

SURGEON DENTIST,

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him since his arrival in this place, respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of his profession at his residence on Calhoun Street, one door north of the Franklin House, where he may be found at all hours during the day.

Several years successful practice in his profession justifies him in warranting all operations to be perfectly satisfactory.

Old Gold wanted for which the full value will be given.

May 29, 1852. y41.

CHEESE—A large quantity of the best brand of Western Reserve Cheese, just received and for sale, at wholesale or retail, at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

BUCKWHEAT.—Lovers of Buckwheat can now be supplied with the article put up in sack of twenty-five pounds each—also extra trimming for the same at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Fresh ground Extra Family Flour kept constantly on hand at EDSALL'S Warehouse.

Combs, Brushes, &c.

THE finest and cheapest lot of articles of the sort ever offered: Buffalo, Ivory, Shell and common Combs of every description and price. Hair Brushes, Clothes, Teeth, Nail, Hat, Flesh, Shoe, and Whists of Box Wood, cheap and durable. H. B. REED.

CROCKERY—White Iron Stone—the largest and most magnificent assortment ever brought to this city, for sale in sets or single pieces to suit purchasers at No. 87. BAYLESS & CO.

No. 85 Columbia St.

40 Barrels prime New Orleans Molasses.
50 bbls Sugar.
150 qarter, half and whole boxes New Raisins.
50 sacks Coffee.
45 boxes Tobacco.
50 doz. Brooms.
100 Boxes Glass assorted.
85 kegs Shoenberger Nails.
100 reems Wrapping Paper.
50 boxes Neff & Sons Superior Axes.
20 half and quarters boxes Star Candles.
500 lbs Maple Sugar.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Dec. 23, 1852. y25

TOBACCO.—John Anderson's cut chewing Tobacco, together with a good stock of 5 Lump and 6 Twist, at wholesale and retail at BAYLESS & Co.

ROBINSON'S

Tannery.

LEATHER,

AND

Boot & Shoe

STORE,

SITUATED across the WEST end of principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE.

At this MANUFACTORY and SALE STORE may be found a general assortment of

All kinds of Leather suited to this Market.

ALSO

Home-Made Boots & Shoes,

of the best quality, made in this place, *Warranted.*

ALSO

Eastern Styles of Boots & Shoes,

for all clases and of great variety.

CHILDREN'S at 20 Cts and upwards.

LADIES' from 45 Cts. to the neatest city styles and prices.

MEN'S from 60 Cts. to the California mark!

No establishment can furnish any *Cheaper or better* articles for the price than can be found at this STORE

My arrangements are suited to the

Wholesale and Retail Trade

And all are invited to call and examine the extensive varieties now on hand, and that will hereafter be added to my Stock, as the varying seasons and tastes of purchases shall require.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, June 1852.

Tin Smiths Wanted.

PERMANENT employment and liberal wages will be given to a few good Tin Smiths. Call on D. W. MAPES, at

H. DURRIE'S Hardware Store.

Fort Wayne, June 11th, 1852.

THE LARGEST

SILK RIBBON, AND TRIMMING HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

Silks, Millinery, and Fancy Goods,

At Best Cash Prices—Time granted by adding interest.

162 Broadway, N. Y.,

HAS now in store, and is daily receiving and offering at the lowest Prices, a complete assortment of Goods in his line, comprising all the various styles and designs, consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks

Marcelines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings Bonnet Ribbens.

TAFFETA AND SATIN RIBBONS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS OF ALL KINDS,

EMBROIDERIES,

French and English Crapes, Crape Lisses, Silk Cravats, Gloves of all kinds, Silk Lace Mitts, Barèges, Laces, White Goods, Hosiery, Lace Mitts.

The undersigned would invite the Merchants from the North, South, East, West, when in the City, to favor him with a call, and examine his stock before purchasing.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,
162 BROADWAY,
Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N. Y.
y26

Motto Cups & Saucers.

Gold Band, of the richest and rarest styles or $5 a pair. Those wishing something fancy in that line would do well to call soon, as delays are dangerous.

No. 87. BAYLESS & CO.

JOHN BROWN,

DEALER IN

STONE AND LIME,

New York and Louisville Cement, and Plaster of Paris.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y12

10 Bbls Sperm Oil,
12 bbls. Tanners Oil,
10 do Linseed Oil,
100 Kegs pure White Lead,
150 Boxes Window Glass,
5 Bbls Cider Vinegar.

Also a barrel of pure French Wine Vinegar, for sale by the gallon or barrel by WALL & MEYER.

Fort Wayne, November 3.

Fancy Goods.

CALL and examine a large Stock of new Styles of every thing you can think of in this line, all of them direct from Paris. Bronze Vases, Statutes, Paper Weights, Mantle Ornaments, Urns, etc Stationery, Work Boxes, Roco Boxes, Purses, Sauvters, Pearl Portmonias, Fine water color, Fancy Boxes, &c. &c., all of them so cheap that you can't help buying.

Dec. 18, 1852. H. B. REED.

H. B. REED.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils. Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H B R.

300 Air Tight Cook Stoves of the latest and most improved styles; and charge nothing to show them. O. & F.

500 Premium, Box and Parlor Stoves, here's the place to make a choice. O. & F.

COOPER'S TOOLS.

A General assortment just received, including Heading, Stave, Hollowing, Backing, Up, and Howl Knives; also, Howells, Levellers, and Dress Hoops. O. & F.

NEW York Erie Railroad, this Stove has been gotten up with great care and expense by one of the first establishments east, and can be sold cheap, when compared with other Stoves. Call and see. O & F.

Hoes, Pitchforks, Shovels, and a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, for sale low R. McMULLEN.

CODFISH—The best in town—for sale at HEDEKIN'S

BLACK SILKS.—A large stock of Black Silks just received and for sale cheaper than ever before offered in this market by

April 26. WILSON & TRESSELT.

WOOLSEY & WALTON,

Coal & Lumber Yard,

Lower Town, foot of Lagrange st., Toledo, O.

COAL suitable for Blacksmiths, Founderies, Steamboats and domestic purposes, *of the best qualities*, constantly on hand and for sale by the tone or cargo, at the lowest cash prices. Founderies and Steamboats supplied by the cargo at low rates.

ROLLING FREIGHT and LUMBER received and shipped at reasonable rates at our Warehouse, foot of Lagrange street.

PINE LUMBER.

Pine Lumber, Lath and Shingles for sale.
Black Walnut Lumber bought and sold.
☞ Salt for sale. 6m50

DRESS MAKING.

MISS L FORD respectfully informs the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has *Removed* No. 6 PHŒNIX BLOCK, CALHOUN ST. (SECOND STORY),

Entrance between Mr Fallinger's & Mr. Thieme's stores,

where she will be happy to wait upon all who wish Dresses made.

She returns her thanks for the flattering support she has received, and will spare no effort to merit a continuance, and give satisfaction to her customers.

☞ *The Newest Fashions* regularly received.

April 30. y

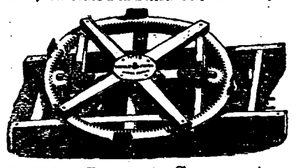
NOTICE.—The highest price in cash paid for Wheat, Oats, Corn, Timothy, Clover and Flax Seeds at EDSALL'S Warehouse.

Dec. 25, 1852.

MATTS.—A superior article of Oficant door Matts can be had by calling at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Agricultural Implement Manufactory

corner of Caroline and Third St., BUFFALO, N.Y



Pitt's Patent Separator,

IMPROVED DOUBLE PINION HORSE POWER,

Corn and Cob Mills, &c.

I HEREBY give notice that since the extension of the Patent Right on my machine for threshing and cleaning grain, I have removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where I have permanently located and erected a large establishment for the future manufacture of the above machines.

The Separator has been enlarged, improved and rendered more permanent and durable in all its parts, while the Horse Power, for strength, ease, durability and cheapness of repair, is not surpassed by any in the United States. This Power is warranted to stand the full strength of eight horses; also to give as much effective or useful power when driven by one or two horses as any other Horse Power, whether constructed on the endless chain or lever principle. It was put on trial at the great exhibition of Horse Powers and Treshing Machines at Geneva in July, 1852, where it received the New York State Agricultural Society's first premium.

My machines will thresh and clean from three to five hundred bushels of wheat per day, and other grain in proportion. Two hundred of the above machines are for sale at the Agricultural works of the subscriber in this city, all warranted to be a better article than can be purchased at any other shop, and if they do not on trial prove to be so, I will take them off the hand of the purchasers at the price they may pay me for them.

I further notify all persons who are purchasing Horse Powers to be used in California and Oregon, that I will hold them accountable for any infringements to the rights secured to me by letters patent to the above machines, as I am manufacturing a Horse Power and Separator expressly for that section.

All orders for the above machines, hereafter addressed to John A Pitts, Buffalo, New York, will receive prompt attention. JOHN A PITTS.

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co, are Agents for the sale of the above machines, Fort Wayne. Persons wishing to purchase can see them by calling at our Warehouse. 51—tf

Clear the Track, Boys!

The Cars are coming, and no mistake

Fort Wayne Cheap Ready-Pay

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

HENRY WILLIAMS having associated with him in trade, A. HUESTIS, business will be continued at the old store, No. 85, Hamilton's New Block Columbia street, under the firm of

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

where will be constantly kept on hand

Groceries of all kinds;

Such as Teas, Sugars, coffee, Molasses, Raisins, Spices of all kinds, Fish, Tobacco, Soap, candles, buggy and door Matts, Brooms, Tubs, Buckets,

Nails, Glass, Paints and Oils,

Sash, Stone and Earthen Ware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Yarn and Dye Stuffs, Hatchets, Shovels,

Neff & Sons superior Axes,

Forks, Powder, Lead, Gun caps, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Twine, and various other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest, and warranted to be as good as the best.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

wishing to replenish their stock will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for Butter, Eggs, Cheese, and all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne, November 20 20

DRIED APPLES—100 bushels superior Dried Apples, for sale by HEDEKIN & SON.

Fort Wayne Plow Factory.

CORNER OF Main & Harrison streets. CORNER OF Main & Harrison streets.

THE subscribers inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of the

Empire Steel Plows

at the shop lately occupied by Broom. This is now the favorite Plow throughout the southern part the state; it took the First Premium at the Ohio State Fair in 1850, and the Indiana State Fair last fall—Farmers are invited to call and examine them. Various sizes will be kept on hand.

They also make Steel SHOVEL PLOWS, and 3 and 5 Shovel CULTIVATORS of the best quality.

All the articles made by us will be warranted to erform satisfactorily. REID & THATCHER.

A. D. BRANDRIFF,

No. 94 Columbia Street, FORT WAYNE. Sign of THE GOLDEN STOVE.

COOKING STOVES

OF all kinds, at prices from $10 to $90, of extra weight and quality, made directly from the ore to order, at one of the best Furnaces in the United States, which enhances their value and durability at least fifty per cent above New York castings, (where there is a mixture of old metal.) Every Stove we will

Warrant to give perfect satisfaction,

and will insure every plate from breaking from the action of fire for a reasonable time, at prices CHEAPER than was ever before offered in Fort Wayne. Our stock consist in part of the following:

5 sizes of the Ironton Premium Cooking Stove.		
5	do	best do do do
4	do	new do do do
2	do	Elevated oven or Drum do
5	do	Comets or Air-tight do
2	do	Indiana (6 holes) do
1	do	Hoosier State (5 holes) do
2 sizes 7 plate Stove suitable for Churches and School houses.		
6	"	Box Stoves, beautiful pattern and heavy plates.
2	"	10

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 14—No 24. FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1853. WHOLE No. 1069

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE,—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Keet's.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co of New York.

Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

Net accumulating Cash Funds, July 31st., 1853.

$2,193,302.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital and Surplus, over $100,000.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and information on the subject of Life Insurance, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more the duty of man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Sept. 24th, 1853. y10

General Insurance Agency.

CHAS. WHITMORE

Is agent for the Following responsible Insurance Companies:

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE Co., of Hartford, Conn.

NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE Co., of New York City.

ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE Co., of Utica, N.Y.

GRANITE INSURANCE Co., of Utica, N. Y.

AMERICAN INSURANCE Co., of Amsterdam, N. Y.

ALL of the above Companies are No 1 and boast of no more capital than they really have, but one thing they do boast of, and that is a safe and profitable business. All persons about getting their property or lives insured will do well by calling on the undersigned, who has insured more lives and property, within the last four years, than all the rest of the agents of this place put together.

CHAS. WHITMORE *Agent.*

☞ Tinware cheap. dan1

NEW ENGLAND

Live Stock Insurance Co.,

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

CAPITAL $100,000,

HORSES, Cattle, and Sheep Insured against *death by disease, damage*, from natural causes, accidents or diseases, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of the protection.

FARMERS STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon their teams for a livelihood, should cause immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured before they are injured or take sick and die.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

WM. CHILSON, *Inspector.*

November 19, 1853. y19

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 20, 1851. y17

Ohio Live Stock Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS Company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from natural causes, accidents or diseases, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of the protection.

FARMERS STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon their teams for a livelihood, should cause immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured before they are injured or take sick and die.

Directors—Wm. Burnett, B. S. Haines, S. Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Parson.

E. W. RAYMOND, Sec'y. WM. BURNETT, Pres't.

Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati.

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, May 10, 1851 y44

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorized to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained and stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, House hold Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandize or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes) and any town in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance—Also pamphlets containing further information, apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,

Agent Protection Insurance Company.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. y45

City Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against loss or Damage by FIRE

Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.

DIRECTORS:

E. R. REEDER, GEORGE CARLISLE, J. H. BLAKE, J. P. KILBRETH, WM. BURNETT, J. C. THORP, H. RAPER, E. S. HAINES, H. L. HOFFMAN.

E. R. REEDER, *President.*

N. GODDARD, *Secretary.*

☞ Office No. 8, (Front Street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 7 court house.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

W. S. HOAGLAND,

Attorney at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Room No. 2, over Recorder's Office. y7

JOHN HOUGH, JR. WILLIAM H. JONES

HOUGH & JONES,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

FORT WAYNE, Ind.,

WILL attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the state.

REFERENCES.

Allen & Hamilton, Fort Wayne. Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y.
J. W. Tinsley & Co. " Harold Lowell, "
Ewing & Wells, Madison. Taylor & Berg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland. Belmont, Dudley & Co. "
Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade, " Belmont & Binkley, "
W. R. Robbins, Cincinnati. Edward Kellogg, Esq., "
Fox & Frankle, " Lowitz, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. " Stoddard & Cavarley, "
Barnes, Tweed & Co., " McDowell & Day, Philadelphia.
Wilkeson & Co., Buffalo. Wood & Abbott, "
Hayward & Sayre, " Bullitt & Patterson, "

J. L. WORDEN. C. CASE.

WORDEN & CASE,

Attorneys at Law.

Office s.w. corner of Public Square, over Reed's office.

Aug. 1st, 1853 FORT WAYNE, Ind.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

LAND & COLLECTION AGENT.

FORT WAYNE, IA.,

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collection of Debts* in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co. } New York.
Dubbins, Work & Moore,
John Stewart, Jr. & Co.
Twomly, Hamilton & Plimpton,
Robert Hyslop, Esq.
Clark & Wells, } Cincinnati.
Stedman, Morgan & Co. } Boston.
Wm. A. Brown & Co.
Allen Hamilton, } Fort Wayne.
Rich McCulloch,
H. W. Taylor.

OFFICE—On Clinton st., opposite the Brick Church.

July 15, 1851. y4

E. F. COLERICK. [1852.] E. H. MITCHELL.

COLERICK & WITHERS, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection and Securing of Claims and Agitation of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

☞ Office,—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y

WM. W. HARSHA, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 19th Judicial Circuit, and will also attend with prompt attention any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald, } *Professor of Law,*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel H. Rugg, *Decatur.*

☞ Office—In Clinton st., Cox's dance north of the Bank. y39

I. F. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery,* Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors north of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRANCKRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law,* Fort Wayne, Ind., Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examinations of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, *Indianapolis*
" Alfred Hanlon, *Indianapolis*
" Richard Snyder, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Ramsay, "
" Jno. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & E. Jones. *Cincinnati, Ohio*

OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

S. E. SHERMAN. T. M. MINER

JACOBY & NINDE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

April 7, 1853. y40

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. ROGERS

Office on Corner Main and Calhoun streets, Over R. Ewing & Co's Store.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 10, 1853. p6and12

DR. AYRES & ROWAN respectfully tender their services to the citizens of Huntington and surrounding country, and will attend promptly to all professional calls in Huntington and surrounding country, night or day.

Office, one door west of the Huntington House.

Huntington, Aug. 31, 1853. y8

DR. C. F. WILLIAMS, would inform the citizens of Monticello and surrounding country, that he has located himself in Monticello, for the purpose of practicing *Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged. y15

Homœopathy.

DR. G. W. SHOWEN respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity. He will be ready at all times to visit, prescribe with medicines at his office which is in Smith's Building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets.

Ague, Asthma, Fevers, Dysentery, Headache, Rheumatism, Toothache, &c. &c. are successfully treated with Homœopathic Medicines.

☞ Residence on East Street, at the house of Wm. Bowen. May 21, 1853. 46tf

1850. 1850.

J. B. HILL. A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Bushnell & Co., Toledo. Sykes & Towle, New York.
Smith, Robinson & Co. " Kent, Pope & Co. "
Gallup, Brown & Co. " Kimberly, Parish & Co., Buffalo.
Peck, Lane & Scott. " D. McKennell & Co., Cincinnati.
Field & King, " John Brach, Dayton
Kirk & Lawton, Piqua, Ohio. H. S. Mayo, Troy, Ohio.

Fort Wayne, September 15, 1853.

ALLEN COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Powers, and Improved Pervulum Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st, 1852.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The interest with which the people of the republic anticipate the assembling of Congress and the fulfilment on their occasion of the duty imposed on a new President, is one of the best evidences of their capacity to realize the hopes of the founders of a political system, at once complex and systematical. While the different branches of the Government are to a certain extent independent of each other, the duties of all alike have direct reference to the Source of Power.

Fortunately, under this system, no man is so high and none so humble in the scale of public station, as to escape from the scrutiny, or to be exempt from the responsibility which all official functionaries imply.

Upon the justice and intelligence of the mass in a government thus organized, is the sole reliance of the confederacy, and the only security for honest and earnest devotion to its interests, against the usurpations and encroachments of power on the one hand, and the assaults of personal ambition on the other.

The interest of which I have spoken is inseparable from an inquiring, self-governing community, but stimulated, doubtless, at the present time by the unsettled condition of our relations with several foreign powers, by the new obligations resulting from a sudden extension of the field of enterprise, by the spirit with which that field has been entered, and the amazing energy with which its resources for meeting the demands of humanity, have been developed. Although disease, assuming at one time the characteristics of a wide spread and devastating pestilence, has left its sad trace upon some portions of our country, we have still the most abundant cause for fervent thankfulness to God for our accumulation in signal mercies showered upon us as a nation.

It is well that a consciousness of rapid advancement and increasing strength be associated with an abiding sense of dependence upon Him who holds in his hands the destiny of men and of nations. Recognising the wisdom of the broad principles of absolute religious toleration proclaimed in our fundamental law, and rejoicing in the benign influence which it has exercised upon our social and political condition, I should shrink from a clear duty did I fail to express my deepest conviction that we can place no secure reliance upon any apparent progress, if it be not sustained by national integrity, resting upon the great truths affirmed and illustrated by divine revelation. In the midst of our sorrow for the afflicted and suffering, it has been consoling to see how promptly disaster made true neighbors of the districts and cities separated widely from each other, and cheering to watch the strength of that common bond of brotherhood which unites all hearts in all parts of the Union when danger threatens from abroad, or calamity impends over our home.

Our diplomatic relations with foreign powers have undergone no essential change since the adjournment of the last Congress. With some of them, questions of a disturbing character are still pending, but there are good reasons to believe that these may all be amicably adjusted.

For some years past, Great Britain has so construed the first article of the convention of the 20th of April, 1818, in regard to the fishery on the north east coast, as to exclude our citizens from some of the fishing grounds to which they freely resorted for nearly a quarter of a century subsequent to the date of the treaty. The United States have never acquiesced in this construction, but have always claimed for their fishermen all the rights which they have so long enjoyed without molestation. With a view to remove all difficulty on the subject, to extend the right of our fishermen beyond the limits fixed by the convention of 1818, and to regulate trade between the United States and the British North American provinces, a negotiation has been opened with a fair prospect for a favorable result. To protect our fishermen in their rights and prevent collision between them and British fishermen, I deemed it expedient to station a naval force in that quarter during the fishing season. Embarrassing questions have also arisen between the two Governments in regard to Central America.—Great Britain has proposed to settle them by an amicable agreement, and our Minister at London is instructed to enter into negotiations on the subject. A Commissioner for adjusting the claims of our citizens against Great Britain and those of British subjects against the United States, organized under the Convention of the 8th of February last, is now sitting in London for the transaction of business. It is in many respects desirable that the boundary between the United States and the British Provinces in the north-east as designated in the Convention of the 15th June, 1846, and especially that part which separated the territory of Washington from the British possessions on the north, should be traced and marked, I therefore present the subject to your notice.

With France our relations continue on the most friendly footing. The commercial relations between the United States and that country might, it is conceived, be relieved of some unnecessary restrictions to the mutual advantage of both parties. With a view to this object some progress has been made in negotiating a treaty of commerce and navigation.

Independently of our trade with Spain we have important political relations with her, growing out of our neighborhood to the Islands of Cuba and Porto Rico. I am happy to announce that since the last Congress no attempts have been made by unauthorized expeditions within the U. States against either of these Colonies. Should any movement be manifested within our limits, all the means at my command will be rigorously executed to repress it. Several annoying occurrences have taken place at Havana or in the vicinity of the Island of Cuba, between our citizens and Spanish authorities. Considering the proximity of that Island to our shores, lying as it does, in the track of trade between some of our principal cities, and the suspicious vigilance with which foreign intercourse, particularly that with the United States is thus guarded, a repetition of such occurrences may well be apprehended. As no diplomatic intercourse is allowed between our Consul at Havana and the Captain General of Cuba, ready explanations cannot be made, or prompt redress afforded, where injury has resulted. All complaint on the part of our citizens under the present arrangement, must lie in the first place be presented to this Government, and then referred to Spain. Spain again refers it to her local authorities in Cuba, for investigation and and postpones an answer until she has heard from those authorities. To avoid this irritating and vexatious delay, a proposition has been made to provide for a direct appeal for redress to the Captain General by our Consul in behalf of our injured fellow citizens. Hitherto the Government of Spain has declined to enter into any such arrangement. This course on her part is deeply regretted, for without some arrangement of this kind, the good understanding between the two countries may be exposed to occasional interruption. Our Minister at Madrid is instructed to renew the proposition and to present it again upon the consideration of her Catholic Majesty.

For several years Spain has been calling the attention of this government to a claim for losses by some of her subjects in the case of the schooner Amistad. This claim is believed to rest on the obligation imposed by our existing treaty with that country. Its justice was admitted in our diplomatic correspondence with the Spanish government as early as March, 1817, and one of my predecessors, in his annual message of that year, recommended that provision should be made for its payment. In January last, it was submitted to Congress, but as yet there has been no final action upon it. I conceive that good faith requires its prompt adjustment; and I present it to your early and favorable consideration.

Unfortunately, there has been a serious collision between our citizens who have resorted to the Chinca Islands for it, and the Peruvian authorities stationed there. Redress for the outrages committed by the latter was promptly demanded by our minister at Lima. This subject is now under consideration, and there is reason to believe that Peru is disposed to offer adequate indemnities to the aggrieved parties.

We are thus not only at peace with all foreign countries, but in regard to the political affairs are exempt from any cause of serious disturbance in our domestic relations.

The controversies which have agitated the country heretofore, are passing away with causes which produced them, and the passions which they had awakened up if any trace of them remains, it may be reasonably hoped, that it will only be perceived in the zealous rivalry of all good citizens in testify their respect for the rights of the States, their devotion to the Union, and this dauntless determination of the States, that its institutions, its welfare, and its domestic peace shall be held alike secure under the sacred ægis of the Constitution. This new league of amity, and of mutual confidence into which the people of the Republic have entered, happily affords inducement and opportunity for the adoption of a more comprehensive and unembarrassed line of policy and action as to the great national interests of the whether regarded in themselves or in connexion with the powers of the civilized world.

The United States have continued gradually and steadily to expand through acquisitions of territory which, how much-soever some of them may have been questioned, are now universally seen and admitted to have been wise in policy, just in character, and beneficial to the human race in freedom, in prosperity and in happiness.

The Thirteen States have grown to be Thirty-one, with relations reaching to Europe on the one side, and on the other to the distant realms of Asia. I am deeply sensible of the immense responsibilities which the present magnitude of the Republic and the diversities and multiplicities of its interests devolve upon me, the alleviation of which, so far as relates to the immediate conduct of the public business, is first in my reliance on the wisdom and patriotism of the two Houses of Congress, and secondly in the directions afforded me by principles of public policy affixed by our Father of the epoch of 1793, sanctioned by long experience and confirmed anew by the overwhelming voice of the people of the United States. Resorting in these principles which constitute the organized basis of union, we assume that vast as are the functions and the duties of the Federal Government vested in it by the constitution, especially in the application of the public funds as drawn by taxation from the people and appropriated to specific objects of Congress.

Happily I have no occasion to suggest any radical changes in the financial policy of the Government. Ours is almost, if not absolutely the solitary power of Christendom, having a surplus revenue drawn immediately from immediately from imports on commerce, and therefore measured by the spontaneous enterprise and national prosperity of the country, with such indirect relation to agriculture, manufactures and the products of the earth and sea, as to violate no constitutional doctrine, and yet vigorously promote the general welfare. Neither as to the sources of the public treasury, nor as to the manner of keeping and managing it, does any grave controversy now prevail, there being a general acquiescence in the present system.

The report of the Secretary of the Treasury will exhibit in detail the state of the public finances, and the condition of the various branches of the public service administered by that department of the Government. The revenue during the period named almost insensibly to the tax payer, goes on for some year to year, increasing beyond either the interests or the prospective wants of the Government. At the close of the fiscal yeer ending June 30, 1852, there remained in the Treasury a balance of fourteen millions six hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and thirty-six dollars.

Considering the vast regions of this Continent, and the number of States that would be made accessible by the free navigation of the river Amazon, particular attention has been given to this subject. Brazil through whose territories it passes into the ocean, has hitherto persisted in a policy so restrictive in regard to the use of this river, as to obstruct and nearly exclude foreign commercial intercourse with the states which lie upon its tributaries and upper branches.

Our Minister to that country is instructed to obtain a relaxation of that policy, and to use his efforts to induce the Brazilian government to open to common use, under proper safeguards this great national highway for international trade. Several of the South American states are deeply interested in this attempt to secure the free navigation of the Amazon; and it is reasonable to expect their co-operation in the measure. As the advantage of free commercial intercourse among Nations are better understood, more liberal views are generally entertained, as to the common rights of all, to the free use of those means which nature has provided for international communication. To this end, enlightened views it is hoped, that Brazil will conform her policy, and remove all unnecessary restrictions upon the commerce of a river, which traverses so many states and so huge a part of the continent.

I am happy to inform you that the republic of Paraguay and the Argentine confederation, have yielded to the liberal policy still resisted in Brazil in regard to the navigable rivers within their respective territories.

Treaties embracing this subject among others, have been negotiated with those governments which will be submitted to the Senate at the present session.

A new branch of commerce important to the agricultural interests of the United States, has within a few years past, been opened with Peru. Notwithstanding the inexhaustible deposits of guano upon the islands of that country, considerable difficulties are experienced in obtaining the requisite supply. Measures have been taken to remove these difficulties, and to secure a more abundant importation of the article.

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The public revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1853, amounted to $58,931,865, from customs, and $2,405,780, from public lands and other miscellaneous sources; amounting together, to $61,337,971; while the public expenditures for the same period, exclusive of payments on account of the public debt, amounted to $47,504,282; leaving a balance of $32,428,147 of receipts above expenditures.

This fact of increasing the surplus in the Treasury, became the subject of anxious consideration at a very early period of my administration; and the part of my duty in regard to it, seemed to be obvious and plain, namely: first to apply the surplus revenue in the discharge of the public debt, so far as it could possibly be done, and secondly to devise means for the gradual reduction of the revenue to the standard of the public exigencies.

Of these objects, the first has been in the course of accomplishment in a manner and to a degree highly satisfactory. The amount of the public debt of all classes was, on the fourth of March 1853, sixty nine million, one hundred and ninety thousand and thirty seven dollars: payments on account of twelve million, seven hundred and twenty nine dollars leaving unpaid and in the continuous course of liquidation the sum of fifty six million, four hundred and eighty six thousand, seven hundred and eight dollars.

These payments, although made at the market price of the respective classes of stocks, have been effected readily, and to the general advantage of the Treasury, and have at the same time proved of signal utility in the relief the have incidentally afforded to the money market, and to the industrial and commercial pursuits of the country.

The second of the above mentioned objects—that of the reduction of the tariff—is of great importance, and the plan suggested by the Secretary of the Treasury, which is to reduce the duties on certain articles, and to add to the free list many articles now taxed and especially such as enter into manufactures, and are not at all produced in this country, is commended to such careful and careful consideration.

You will find in the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, also, abundant proof of the entire adequacy of the present system to meet the requirements of the public service, and that while properly administered, it operates to the advantage of the community, in ordinary business affairs.

I respectfully ask your attention to sundry suggestions of improvements in the settlement of accounts, especially as regards the large sum of outstanding arrears due in the government. Most of the reforms in the administrative action of this department, which are indicated by the Secretary, as also to the progress made in the construction of marine hospitals, custom houses, and of a new mint in California, and an assay office in New York, hereafter provided for by Congress, and also to the eminently successful progress of the coast survey, and of the Light House Board.

Among the objects meriting your attention will be important recommendations from the Secretaries of War and Navy. I am fully satisfied that the navy of the United States is not in a condition of strength and efficiency commensurate with the magnitude of our commercial and other interests, and commend to your respectful attention, the suggestions on this subject made by the Secretary of the Navy.

I respectfully submit, that the army, which under our system must always be regarded with the nation may gather in the hour of danger, requires augmentation or modification, to adapt it to the present extended limits and frontier relation of the country, and the condition of the Indian tribes in the interior continent, the necessity of which will appear in the communications of the Secretaries of War and the Interior.

In the administration of the Post Office Department for the period year ending June 30th, 1853 the gross expenditure was seven millions nine hundred and eighty two thousand seven hundred and fifty six dollars, and the gross receipts during the same period, five millions nine hundred and forty two thousand, seven hundred and thirty four dollars—showing that the current revenue failed to meet the current expenses of the department by the sum of two millions, forty thousand and twenty two dollars.

The causes which under the present postal system and laws lead inevitably to this result, are fully explained by the report of the Post Master General—one great house being the numerous rates the department has been compelled to pay for mail service rendered by railroad Companies. The exhibit in the report of the Postmaster General, of the income and expenditures he shall recommend will be found particularly interesting and of the highest order to the mind the immediate action of Congress.

Numerous and flagrant frauds upon the pensions have been brought to light within the past year, and in some instances merited condign punishment inflicted; but unfortunately, in other cases guilty parties have escaped, not through the want of sufficient evidence to warrant conviction, but in consequence of the provision of limitation in the existing laws. From the nature of these claims, the remoteness of the transactions to which they relate, the frequent impossibility of obtaining the proofs of necessity furnished, temptations to crime have been greatly stimulated by the obvious difficulties of detection. The defects of the law upon this subject are so intimately connected with the ends of justice, that your early action relating to it is most desirable.

During the last fiscal year, nine millions, eight hundred and nineteen thousand four hundred and eleven acres of the public lands have been surveyed, and ten millions three hundred and sixty-three thousand eight hundred and ninety-one acres, brought into the market. Within the same period, the sales by public purchase and private entry, amounted to one million eighty-three thousand four hundred and ninety-nine acres located under military bounty land warrants six million one hundred and forty-two thousand three hundred and sixty acres located under certificates; nine thousand four hundred and forty-seven acres under the States swamp grants; sixteen millions six hundred and eighty-four thousand two hundred and fifty-three acres, selected for railroads and other objects under acts of Congress; one million four hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred and twenty-seven acres. Total amount of lands disposed of within the fiscal year, twenty million three hundred and forty-six thousand nine hundred and ninety-two acres, which is an increase in quantity sold and located under land warrants and grants of twelve millions two hundred and thirty-one thousand, eight hundred and eighteen acres over the fiscal year immediately preceding. The quantity of land sold during the second and third quarters of 1852, was three hundred and thirty-four thousand, four hundred and fifty-one acres. The amount received therefor was six hundred and twenty-three thousand, six hundred and eighty seven dollars. The quantity sold the second and third quarters of the year 1853, was one million, nine hundred and nine thousand, nine hundred and nineteen acres, the amount received therefor two millions, two hundred and twenty-six thousand, eight hundred and eighty dollars, the whole number of land warrants issued under existing laws, prior to the 30th of September last, was two hundred and sixty-six thousand nine hundred and forty-seven. The quantity of land required to satisfy these outstanding warrants is four million seven hundred and seventy-eight thousand one hundred and twenty acres. Warrants have been issued to the 30th of Sept. last, under the act of 11th Feb. 1847, calling for twelve million eight hundred and seventy-nine thousand two hundred and eighty acres, under acts of Sept. 28th 1850, and March 22d, 1852, calling for twelve millions five hundred and five thousand three hundred and sixty acres—making a total of twenty-five millions three hundred and eighty-four thousand six hundred and forty acres.

It is believed that experience has verified the wisdom and justice of the present system with regard to the public domain in most essential particulars, as will perceive by the report of the Secretary of the Interior, that opinions which have often been expressed in relation to the question of revenue to the Federal Treasury were erroneous. The net profits from the sale of the public lands to June 30, 1853, amounted to the sum of fifty-three million two hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and sixty-five dollars. I recommend the extension of the land system over the territories of Utah and New Mexico, with such modifications as their peculiarities may require.

Regarding our public domain as chiefly valuable to provide homes for the industrious and enterprising, I am not prepared to recommend any essential change in the land system, except by modifications in favor of the actual settler, and an extension of the pre-emption principle, in certain cases, for reasons and on grounds which will be fully developed in the reports to be laid before you.

Congress representing the proprietors of this territorial domain, and charged especially with power to dispose of territory belonging to the United States, has for a long course of years, beginning with the administration of Mr. Jefferson extended the power to construct roads within the territories, and there are so many and such obvious distinctions between the exercise of this power, and that of making roads within the States, that the former has never been considered subject to such objections as apply to the latter, and as such may now be considered the settled construction of the power of the Federal Government upon the subject.

Numerous applications have been and no doubt will continue to be made for grants of land in aid of the construction of railways. It is not believed to be within the intent and meaning of the Constitution, that the power to dispose of the public domain should be used otherwise than might be expected from a prudent proprietor, and therefore that grants of land taxed in the construction of roads should be restricted to cases where it would be for the interest of a proprietor under like circumstances thus to contribute to the construction of those works.

For the practical operation of such grants thus far in advancing the interests of the States in which the works are located, and at the same time the substantial interests of all other States by enhancing the value and promoting the rapid sale of the public domain, I refer you to the report of the Secretary of the Interior. A careful examination, however, will show that this experience is the result of a just discrimination, and will be far from affording encouragement to a reckless or indiscriminate extension of the principle.

I commend to your favorable consideration the men of genius of our country who, by their inventions and discoveries in science and art, have contributed largely to the improvement of the age, without in many instances, securing for themselves anything like an adequate reward.—For many interesting details upon this subject, I refer you to the appropriate reports, and especially to that portion of the early attention the apparently slight, but really important modifications of existing laws thereon suggested.

The liberal spirit which has so long characterized the action of Congress in relation to the District of Columbia will, I have no doubt, continue to be manifested.

The erection of an Asylum for the insane of the District of Columbia, and of the Army and Navy of the United States, has been somewhat retarded by the great demand for men, materials, and labor during the past summer, but full progress in the execution of patriotic object contemplated by the liberality of the last Congress, is confidently anticipated, and there are no doubt will be no unnecessary delay in the completion of the work.

The census of the United States has been in operation for so long a period of time, and has in its general theory, and much of its details become so familiar in the country and acquired so entirely the public confidence that it may well be considered unnecessary for me to do more than to call your especial attention to the accurate and full publication of the returns, which may embrace in addition to the usual statistics of population and legal business of the United States. In this relation the organization of the corps is now needlessly inadequate to the duties to be performed by the; in consequence of which the States of Florida, Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas and California and districts of other states are in effect excluded from the full benefits of the general system, by the functions of the Circuit Court being devolved on the district judges in all those States or parts of States.

The spirit of the Constitution and a due regard to justice require that all the States of the Union should be placed on the same footing in regard to the judicial tribunals. I therefore commend to your consideration this important subject, which, in my judgement, demands the speedy action of Congress.

I will present to you, if deemed desirable, a plan which I am prepared to recommend for the enlargement and modification of the present judicial system. The act of Congress establishing the Smithsonian Institution provided that the President of the United States and other persons therein designated should constitute an establishment which had then name, and that the members should hold stated and special meetings for the supervision of the affairs of the Institution. The organization not having taken place, it seemed to me proper that it should be effected without delay. This have been done and an occasion was thereby presented for inspecting the condition of the institution and ascertaining its successful progress thus far, and as high promise of great and general usefulness. I have omitted to ask your favorable consideration for the estimates of works of a local character in twenty-seven of the thirty-one States, amounting to one million seven hundred and fifty-four thousand five hundred dollars, or for the grounds which have so often been urged against the application of the federal revenue for works of this character, for rapidity with consequent injustice to judgement in the nature of the report indicated, and become evident that the present system cannot become the plan has proved entirely inadequate to the accomplishment of the objects sought.

The subject of internal improvements claiming, as it does, the interest and great will of all, has my self-chosen been the basis of much political discussion, and has stood as a deep graven line of division between statesman of eminent ability and patriotism. The rule of strict construction of all powers delegated by the states to the general government, has arrayed itself from time to time against the rapid progress of expenditures from the national treasury on works of a local character, within the States.

Memorable as an epoch in the parties of this subject, is the message of President Jackson of the 27th of May, 1830, which met the spirit of internal improvements in its comparative infancy but so rapid had been its growth, that the projected appropriations in that year for works of this character, had risen to the alarming amount of more than one hundred millions of dollars. In that message the President admitted that a difficulty of bringing back the appropriations of the government to the construction of the Constitution set up in 1798, and marked it as an administrative proof of the necessity of guarding that instrument, with sleepless vigilance against the authority of precedents which had not the sanction of most plainly defined powers. Our govern-

ment exists, under a written contract between no foreign states, uniting for specific objects, and for specific grants to their general agent. If them, in the progress of its administration there have been departures from the terms and intent and intent of the compact, it is, and will ever be proper, to refer back to the fixed standard which our fathers left us, and to make a strong effort to conform our actions to it. It would seem that the fact or a principle, having been resorted from one time, by many of the wisest and most patriotic men of the republic, and a policy having provoked constant strife without arriving at a conclusion which can be regarded as satisfactory to its most earnest admirers, should suggest the inquiry, whether there may not be a plain more likely to be crowned by happier results. Without perceiving any sound distinction or evidences to assert any principle as opposed to improvements needed for the protection of internal commerce, which does not equally apply to improvements upon the seaboard for the protection of foreign commerce; I submit to you whether it may not be safely anticipated that if the policy were once settled against appropriations by the General Government for Local improvements, for the benefit of commerce, localities requiring expenditures would not by modes and means clearly legitimate and proper raise the fund necessary for such constructions as the safety or other interests of their commerce may require. If that can be regarded as a system which, in the experience of more than thirty years, has at no time so commanded the public judgement as to give to the character of a settled policy, which, though it has produced some works of conceded importance, has been attended with an expenditure quite disproportionate to their value, and has resulted in squandering large sums upon objects which have answered no valuable purpose, the interests of all States require it to be abandoned unless hopes may be indulged for the future, which fail to warrant in the past.

With an anxious desire for the completion of the works which are regarded by all good citizens with sincere interest, I have deemed it my duty to ask at your hands a deliberate reconsideration of the question, with a hope that animated by a desire to promote the permanent and substantial interests of the country, your wisdom may prove equal to the task of devising and maturing a plan, which if applied to this subject may promise something better than constant strife, the suspension of the powers of local enterprise, the exciting of vain hopes, and the disappointment of cherished expectations.

In expending appropriations made by the last Congress, several cases have arisen in relation to works for the improvement of rivers, which involve questions not only of the right of local jurisdiction, and have threatened conflict between the authority of the State and General Government.

The right to construct a breakwater, jetty, or dam, would seem necessarily to carry with it the power to protect and preserve such constructions. This can only be effectually done by having jurisdiction over the soil. But no clause of the constitution is found on which to rest the claim of the United States to exercise jurisdiction over the soil of a State, except that conferred by the 8th section of the first article of the constitution. It is then submitted whether in all cases where constructions are to be erected by the General Government the right of soil should not be first obtained and legislative provision be made to cover all such cases. For the progress made in the construction of roads within the appropriation of the last Congress, I refer you to the report of the Secretary of War.

There is one subject of domestic nature, which from its intense importance, and the many interesting questions of future policy which it involves cannot fail to receive your early attention. I allude to the means of communication by which different parts of the wide expanse of our country are to be joined in closer connexion, for purposes both of letience and commercial intercourse, and more especially such as appertain to the communication of those great divisions of the Union which lie on opposite sides of the Rocky Mountains. That the government has not been unmindful heretofore, is apparent from the aid it has afforded through appropriations for mail facilities and other purposes; but the subject will soon present itself under aspects more national, by reason of the surveys ordered by Congress, and now in progress of completion, for communication by railroad across the continent, and wholly within the limits of the United States.

The power to declare war, to raise and support armies, to provide and maintain a navy, to call forth the military to execute the laws, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, was conferred upon Congress, as means to provide for the common defence, and to protect a territory and a population now wide spread and vastly multiplied. As incidental and indispensable to the exercise of this power, it must sometimes be necessary to construct military roads, and protect harbors of refuge.

To appropriations by Congress for such objects no sound objection can be raised. Happily for our country, its peaceful policy and rapidly increasing population impose upon us no urgent necessity for preparation, and leave few trackless deserts between assailable points, and a patriotic people ever ready and generally able to protect them.

Those necessary links, the enterprise and energy of our people are steadily and boldly struggling to supply. All experience affirms that wherever private enterprise will, avail, it is most wise for the general government to leave to it but a nd individual watchfulness the location an direction of all means of communication.

The surveys before alluded to, were designed to ascertain the most practical and economical route for a railroad from the river Mississippi to the Pacific Ocean. Parties are now in the field, making explorations where previous examination had not supplied sufficient data, and where there was the best reason to hope the object sought might be found. The means and time being both limited, it is not to be expected that all the accurate knowledge desired will be obtained, but it is hoped that much and important information will be added to the stock previously possessed, and that partial, if not full reports, of the surveys ordered, will be received in time for transmission to the two houses of Congress on or before the first day in February next, as required by the act of appropriation.

The magnitude of the enterprise contemplated has aroused and will doubtless continue to excite a very general interest throughout the country. Its political, its commercial and its military bearings it has varied, great and increasing claims to consideration. The heavy expense, the great delay, and at times fatality attending the travel by either of the Isthmus routes have demonstrated the advantage which would result from International communication by such safe and rapid means as R. R. would supply. These difficulties which have been encountered in a period of peace would be magnified and still further increased in time of war and while the embarrassment already encountered, and others made under new contingencies to be anticipated, may serve strikingly to exhibit the importance of such a work, neither these nor all considerations combined can have an appreciable value when weighed against the obligation strictly to adhere to the constitution and faithfully to execute the power it confers within this limit, and to the extent of the interest of the government involved, it would seem far more expedient and proper if an economical and practical route shall be found to aid by all constitutional means in the construction of a road which will unite by speedy transmit the population of the Pacific and Atlantic States. To guard against misconception, it should be remarked that although the power to construct or aid in the construction of the road within the limits of a territory is not embarrassed by that question of jurisdiction which would, arise within the limits of the State it is nevertheless held to be of doubtful power and more than doubtful propriety, even within the limits of a territory, for the general government to undertake to administer the affairs of a canal or railroad or other similar construction and therefore that its connection with a work of this character should be incidental rather than primary. I will only add at present that fully appreciating the magnitude of the subject, and solicitous that the Atlantic and Pacific shore may be bound together by inseparable ties of common interest, as well as of common fealty and attachment to the Union, I shall be disposed as far as my own action is concerned, to follow the lands of the Constitution as expounded and illustrated by those wise opinions and expositions constituted the standard of my political faith.

In regard to the powers of the Federal Government, it is I trust, not necessary to say that no grandeur of enterprise and no present influencement promising popular favor, will lead me to disregard the lights or to depart from that path which experience has proved to be safe, which is now radiant with the glow of prosperity, and legitimate constitutional progress.

We can afford to wait, but we cannot afford to overlook, the ark of our security. Is is no part of my purpose to give prominence to any subject which may be properly considered as set at rest by the deliberate judgement of the people. But while the present is bright with promise and the future full of promise and inducement for the exercise of active intelligence, the past can never be without useful lessons at admonition and instruction. If its dangers serve not as beacons they will evidently fail to fulfill the object of wise design. When the grave shall have closed over all who are now endeavoring to meet the obligations of duty; the year 1850 will be regarded to as a period filled with anxious apprehension of the results of a successful war whose land gains he announced. Ocean brought with it a vast augmentation of territory. Disturbing questions arose bearing upon the domestic institutions of the confederacy, and involving the constitutional rights of the States, but notwithstanding differences of opinion and sentiment, which then excited in relation to details and specific provisions, the experience of distinguished citizens whose devotion to the Union can never be doubted, has given renewed vigor to our institutions and restored a sense of repose and security to the public mind throughout the Confederacy.

That this repose is to suffer no shock during my official term, if I have power to avert it, those who have placed me here may be assured. The wisdom of the men who knew what independence cost, who had put all at stake upon the issue of the revolutionary struggle, disposed of the subject to which I refer in marvels of power and prosperity which has made us what we are.

It is a significant fact that from the adoption of the Constitution, until the officers and soldiers of the revolution had passed to their graves, or through the infirmities of age and wounds had ceased to participate in public affairs, there was not merely a quiet acquiescence, but a prompt vindication of the constitutional rights of the States. The reserved powers were scrupulously respected. No statesman put forth the narrow views of restraints to justify interference and agitation but the spirit of the compact was regarded as sacred in the eye of honor, and indispensable for the great cause of civil liberty though entertained by inherent difficulties was yet borne forward in apparent weakness by a power superior to all obstacles.

There is no condemnation which the voice of freedom will not pronounce upon us, should we prove faithless to this great trust. While men inhabiting different parts of this vast continent can no more be expected to hold the same opinions or entertain the same sentiments, than every variety of soil or climate can furnish the same agricultural products; they can unite in a common object and sustain common principles essential to the maintenance of that object.

The gallant sons of the south and the north could stand together in the more trying period which succeeded the change of arms. As their united valor was adequate to all the trials of the camp and the dangers of the field, so their united wisdom proved equal to the greater task of founding upon a deep and broad basis, institutions which it has been our privilege to enjoy. It is but a feeble expression of a fact strong and universal to say that their sons whose blood mingled so often upon the same field during the war of 1812, and who have more recently borne in triumph the flag of the country upon a foreign soil, will never permit alienation of feeling to weaken the power of their united efforts, nor internal dissensions to paralyze the great arm of freedom uplifted for the vindication of suffering.

I have thus briefly presented such suggestions as seem to me especially worthy of your consideration. In providing for the present, you can hardly fail to avail yourselves of the light which the experience of the past casts upon the future.

The growth of our population has now brought us in the destined career of our National history to a point at which it well behooves us to expand our vision over the vast prospective.

The successive decimal returns of the census since the adoption of the Constitution have realized a law of steady progressive development which may be stated in general terms as a multiplication every quarter century. Carried forward from the point already reached for only a short period of time as applicable to the exigence of the nation, this law of progress, if unchecked, will bring us to almost incredible results. A large allowance for a diminished proportional effect of emigration would not very materially reduce the estimate while the increased average duration of human life shown to have already resulted from the scientific and hygienic improvements of the past fifty years, will tend to keep up through the next fifty or perhaps a hundred years, the same ratio of growth which has been thus revealed in our past progress. And to the influence of these causes may be added the influx of laboring masses from eastern Asia to the Pacific side of our possessions, together with the probable accession of the populations already existing in other parts of our hemisphere, which, within the period in question, will knit with increasing force the natural attachments of an unbroken and prosperous a confederation of self-governing republics, and will seek the privilege of being embraced within its safe and happy bosom, by transferring with themselves, by a peaceful and healthy process of incorporation, regions of virgen and exuberant soil, which are destined to swarm with the first growing and first spreading of our race. These considerations seem fully to justify the presumption that the law of population above stated will continue to act with undiminished effect through at least the half century, and that thousands of persons who have already arrived at maturity and are now exercising the rights of freemen, will close their eyes on the spectacle of more than one hundred millions of population embraced within the majestic proportions of the American Union. It is not merely as an interesting topic of speculation that I present these views for your consideration. They have important practical bearings upon all the political duties we are called upon to perform. Heretofore our system of government has worked on what may be termed a miniature scale in comparison with the development which it much then possess within a future so near at hand as scarcely to be beyond the present life of the existing generation. It is evident that a confederation so vast and so varied, both in numbers and in territorial extent, in habits and interests, could only kept in national cohesion by the strictest fidelity to the principles of the Constitution, as understood by those who have adhered to the most restricted construction of the powers granted by the people and the States. Interpreted and applied according to those principles, the great compact adapt itself with healthy ease and freedom to an unlimited extension of the benign system of federative self government of which is our glorious and I trust immortal characteristic.

Let us then, with redoubled vigilance, be on our guard against yielding to the temptation of the exercise of doubtful powers, even under the pressure of the motives of conceded temporary advantage and apparent temporary expedience. The mission of Federal Government compatible with the maintenance of National Unity and efficient action in our relations with the of the world should afford the rule and measures of construction of our powers under the general clauses of the Constitution.

A spirit of strict deference to the sovereign rights and dignity of every State, rather than a disposition to subordinate the States in a provincial relation to the central authorities should characterize all our exercise of the respective powers, temporarily vested in us as a sacred trust from the generous confidence of our constituents. In like manner, as a manifestly inseperable condition of the perpetuation of the Union and of unification of that magnificent national future advert to, does the duty become daily stronger and clearer upon us, as citizens of the several States to cultivate a fraternal and affectionate spirit, laughing confidence in regard to other States, and in relation to the varied interests institutions, and habits of sentiment and opinion, which may respectively characterize them. Mutual forgiveness, respect and non interference in our p rsonal action as citizens, and no enlarged exercise of the most liberal principles of comity to the public dealings of State with State, whether in legislati g or in the execution of laws, are the means to perpetuate that confidence and fraternity, the decay of which a mere political union could not long survive. In still another point of views is an important practical duty suggested by his consideration of the magnitude of dimensions to which our politi l system, with its corresponding machinery of laws, is so rapidly expanding. With increased vigilance does it require us to cultivate the cardinal virtues of public frugality and official integrity and purity.

Public affairs ought to be so conducted that a settled conced shall pervade the entire Union, that nothing short of the highest tone and standard of public morality marks every part of the administration and the legislation of the General Government. Thus will the Federal system, whatever expansions time and progress may give it, continue more and more deeply rooted in the love and confidence of the people.

That si e economy, which is as far removed from parsimony as from corrupt and corrupting extravagance that single regard for the public good, which will frown upon all attempts to approach the treasury with insidious projects of private interest, cloaked under public pretexts; that sound fiscal administration, which in the legislative department guards against the dangerous temptations incident to an overflowing revenue, and in the executive, maintains as unsleeping watchfulness against the the tendency of all national expenditure to extravagance, are admitted elementary public duties which may, I trust, be deemed properly advocated to and urged, in view of the more impressive sense of that necessity which is directly suggested by the considerations how presented.

Since the adjournment of Congress, the Vice President of the United States has passed from the scenes of earth, without having entered upon the discharge of the duties of the station to which he had been called by the voice of his countrymen. Having occupied almost continuously for thirty years a seat in one or the other of two Houses Congress, and having by his singular purity and wisdom secured unbounded confidence and universal esteem, his failing health was watched by the nation with painful solicitude. His loss to the country, under all the circumstances, has been justly regarded as irreparable. In accordance with the act of Congress of March 3d, 1893, the oath of office was administered to him, at Arcadia reside, near Matanzas, in the Island of Cuba, but his strength gradually declined, and was hardly sufficient to enable him to return to his home in Alabama, where on the 18th day of April, in the most calm and peaceful way, his long and eminently useful career was terminated.

Entertaining unlimitted confidence in your faithfulness and patriotic devotion to the public interest, and being conscious as no motives on my part which are not inseperable from the honor and advancement of my country, I hope it may be my privilege to deserve and secure not only your cordial co-operation in great public measures, but also those relations of mutual confidence and regard, which it is always so desirable to cultivate between members of co-ordinate branches of government.

FRANKLIN PIERCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6, 1853.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1853.

☞ The President's Message, and an unusual press of new advertisements this week leaves us no room for extended editorials

The Message is a plain, temperate, statesman-like document of reasonable length, and will of course be perused by all our readers. We leave them to make their own remarks.

Magazines at Club Prices.

We are making up clubs for Graham's and Peterson's Magazines for 1854. The lists are nearly complete. Those who want either of these Magazines at the reduced rates must hand in their names by Tuesday next.

The Club price of Graham is $2,50—single subscriptions $3,00. Peterson,Club price $1,25 single $2,00

Military Supper.

The Mad Anthony Guards will give a Supper at Colerick's Hall on Monday Evening, Jan. 2d—the proceeds to be applied towards the expense incurred by the company in equipping &c.

This company bids fair to be a credit to our city, and our citizens ought to feel it a duty to come forward liberally on the occasion and sustain them.

The War in Erie has commenced. The mayor assisted by a big nigger named Yeabrugh, and a large mob of other citizens, has torn up about two miles of the track and broken down the bridge. The company have not as yet made any resistance; if they should, there will probably be bloodshed. Erie is gaining an unenviable notoriety by the lawless course pursued by its functionaries and citizens in this unjust effort to annoy and inconvenience travellers, for the miserable purpose of flooding them, and compelling them to spend a few dimes, while waiting for the change of cars.

Opening of the New Concert Hall.

Bennett Concert.—Colerick's new Concert Hall will be opened on Monday evening, Dec. 26th, with a grand Concert for the benefit of Mr. Coleriok, the enterprising proprietor of the Hall.

He has created a splendid hall, which was much needed here, at a very heavy expense, and we trust our citizens will show their appreciation of his public spirit by giving him a rousing benefit—a bumper. He richly deserves this mark of public approbation, and the Hall ought to be filled to its utmost on the night of the benefit.

A gift Concert is to be given in the same Hall on the following Friday evening, and some have confounded the two together. Remember, Mr. Colerick's Benefit Concert comes off on *Monday* evening, Dec. 26th; and Messrs. Hill & Bond's Prize Concert on *Friday*, Dec. 30th. They are totally distinct and separate.

Monument to Gen. Wayne.—A petition is in circulation asking Congress to make an appropriation for the erection at this place of a monument to the memory of the gallant Mad Anthony. The petition can be found at P. Kiser's, and will of course be signed by every citizen of Fort Wayne.

The U. S. mail steamship Humboldt, from Havre, was lost near Halifax, on the 6th inst. Passengers all saved. Vessel a total loss; part of the cargo saved in a damaged condition.

Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroad.—The following have been elected Directors of this Company:—Wm. H. Gibson, A. C. Baldwin, W. P. Noble, W. D. Scott, Geo. Knapp, R. G. Pennington, Wm. C. Hedges, Joseph Walker, Charles L. Johnson. Wm. H. Gibson is elected President, and G. Knapp, Secretary. The work is expected to be put under contract next week.

Congress.—Gen. Armstrong, editor of the Union, is elected printer to the House by a large majority, and Rev. Mr. Wilburn, Chaplain.—Beverley Tucker, editor of the Washington Sentinel, is elected printer to the Senate; and Rev Mr. Slicer, Chaplain.

The Committees in the House are announced. Disney, is chairman on Public Lands; Stanton on Judiciary; Orr, on Indian affairs; Benton on Military affairs; Dunham, on roads and canals; Olds, on Post Offices. Mr. Benton declined serving as chairman of the Military committee; and Mr. Bissell of Illinois was appointed in his place.

In the Senate, Mason of Va. is Chairman on Foreign Relations; Hunter on Finance; Butler on Judiciary; Rusk on Post Office; Bright on Roads and Canals; Douglass on Territories; Hamlin on Commerce.

Prize Concert.—Messrs. Hill and Bond have engaged the service of the Kimball Brothers, and will give a Concert in Colerick's Hall on Friday evening, Dec. 30th. From the high reputation of the Kimballs as Vocalists, we anticipate having a rich treat on the occasion. The interest will be greatly enhanced by the distribution by lot, to the audience, of a splendid Piano and a Melodeon, as gifts or prizes—after the manner of the distribution of paintings by the Art Unions.

The prospect of securing a Piano for the price of a ticket, and enjoying the concert to boot, will we think ensure a large audience, and create quite an interest in the result. Some few straight-laced pharisees may perhaps attempt to whine against the affair as a species of gambling; but our citizens generally, we are assured, will not be influenced by such croakings, nor look upon the gift concert as any worse than the religious fairs, where gold rings are sometimes concealed in cake, and the slices sold at a high price, in hopes of securing the ring, and various other harmless devices resorted to, to which the harsh term gambling might be applied with as much propriety as it can to the distribution of gifts at this concert.

A Newspaper in Columbia.—Mr. R. J. Strickland proposes to commence the publication of a paper to be called the Columbia News in Columbia, Whitley Co. That county is second to none in the State for richness of soil, and natural resources; it is rapidly filling with an intelligent and enterprising population; will soon have three railroads running through it; and all it now needs is a good newspaper to make its advantages known abroad. The citizens of that county will therefore consult their own interests by giving the News a liberal support. From our acquaintance with Mr. Strickland we should judge he is well calculated for the undertaking, and worthy the confidence and patronage of the public. We wish him ample success.

The Musical Review and Choral Advocate, edited by C. M. Cady.—A new volume of this popular journal will commence on the 1st of January. It is to be published *semi-monthly*, instead of *monthly* as heretofore, without addition to the original price:—$1,00 per annum,—making it the cheapest musical publication in existence. Each number contains four pages of choice music—96 pages in a year, which alone is worth far more than the whole subscription price. It would be an excellent New Year's present to any lady having a taste for music.

Published by Mason Brothers, 23 Park Row, New York.

Harper's Printing Office, in Cliff Street, New York, the largest printing office in the United States, was totally destroyed by fire on Saturday last. has estimated at $1,200,000 of which only 000 was insured.

Johnny Chapman of the Times is out in full blast this week. He appears to be laboring under the strange hallucination that he is the great champion of the Protestant faith, and that when his insolence and vile language passes for him a merited thrashing, it ought to be paraded as a "Catholic outrage on the freedom of the Press." Keep cool, Johnny; don't visit any place where beer or ale is kept, even it be a respectable store; some persons are so constituted that there is no safety for them except in total abstinence; read the eloquent denunciations of these "snake holes" which have appeared as editorials in the Times; keep a civil tongue in your head, and there will be no danger to the liberty of the press. But if, unfortunately, you should again use insulting language to any person, and as a natural consequence be flogged for it, don't try to gull the community into the belief that the liberty of the press is attacked, or that you are to be canonized as a martyr to religious persecution.

Arrival of the Niagara.

Halifax, Dec. 8.

The Niagara, from Liverpool has arrived. The Arctic was out on the 23d of November—having been ashore on Barbadoes bank a few hours, in a dense fog. She sustained no damage. The screw steamer, Sarah Sands, sailed from Liverpool for Portland, Maine, on the 26th, being the pioneer of that line.

The Turkish War.—For the present, hostilities have ceased all along Moldavia. Floods on the Danube preventing operations; but when the frost sets in, the fighting will be resumed. On the 7th, the British steamer Fury brought to Constantinople draft of a new Anglo French note, but the Porte declined to consider it. It was therefore withdrawn. If we are to believe Austrian statements, the Czar has replied to the inquiry of Austria that he will propose a new project of peace. The Sultan is said to be equally disposed to come to terms, but would not be the first to retract.

The present position of military affairs is that Omer Pacha holds the strong position of Caliphat with 10,000 troops, and is fortifying himself in the valley between that place, Kragrova, and Monrovia.

The Turks under Ismael Pacha, but fought the Russians and taken Kragrova.

The successor of the Turkish army are brilliant. They have captured the fort of St. Nicholas, and now hold it, having repulsed the Russians three times.

The rumor of the persecution of Christians was totally false. The firm of Pattago has loaned the Porte 760,000 francs.

Constantinople letters show that the operations at Olleniza were designed mainly to deceive Gottschkoff, as to Omer Pacha's real intentions. The plan succeeded.

Omer is collecting his troops to attack the division of Gen. Ludens in West Anatia, and the Ottoman force in the Black Sea is co-operative.

The Porte has received assurances from the Ambassadors of England and France that he may rely on the effective co-operation of those nations, case of need, and may remove his fleet into the Black Sea, without fear of leaving his capital exposed.

Arrival of the Arctic.

New York, Dec. 11.

The Arctic left Liverpool on the 30th ult., at noon, and arrived to-day at 1 P. M.

Nothing occurred along the Danube, as heavy rain and snow had set in. There were some rumors of an armistice, but doubtful. It was also reported that the Turks and Servians had come to conflicts, but this was doubted.

Omar Pacha's conduct is sanctioned by his government. The Sultan has sent him a present of a horse.

The allied fleets lie at Briceus. The Turkish fleet has gone to the Black Sea, to keep open the coast of Circassia.

The Turks have repulsed the Russians five times from before the fortress of San Nicholas.

Two Russian ships have been lost on the Black Sea. The English admiral, Sir L. Lyon, is on his way to take command of the British fleet.

It is reported, contrary to former advices, that Dost Mohamed is opposed to the Russians, as are all the Mahomedans in India.

No British news, except a reported treaty between Great Britian and Prussia, to guarantee Turkey, with the option of Austria and Prussia to join it. The Prussian Chambers were opened. Prussia claims to act as she sees best for her own interest. Some troubles are reported in Baden between government and the clergy.

A large force of artillery is ordered to Hungary.

Details of China news have come to hand.—The rebels are every where triumphant. Some talk of a Tartar invasion.

Parliament was prorogued to January.

Liverpool Market, Dec. 3.—Breadstuffs—Sales to a fair extent at a reduction of 1d on wheat, 6d a 1s on flour, and 1s on Indian corn. Richardson & Bros. and Mason & Son quote western canal flour 36s a 36s 6d; Philadelphia, Baltimore and Ohio 39s 6d a 37s; U. S. white wheat, 10s 8 10s 9d; red and mixed 9s 4d a 9s 8d; white Indian corn 46s 6d; yellow 45 a 46s. Provisions—Mcssury reports beef more saleable. Pork unchanged; sides and shoulders lower. Tallow also lower.

Post Office Fort Wayne, Dec. 12th 1853.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Toledo Steamer—Leaves daily (except Sundays) at 8½ to 9 A M
Arrives " " 5 to 6 P M.
Logansport—Leaves Rousing Written days & Fridays
at 7 to 8 A M.
arrives Tuesdays Thursdays & Saturdays
at 3½ to 4 P M.
Piqua—Leaves Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays
at 3½ to 4 A M
arrives Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays
at
Winchester—Leaves Mondays and Fridays at 5 A M.
Arrives Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 P M.
Cold Water—Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 A M.
Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 P M.
Hughes—Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7 A M.
Arrives " " at 5 P M.
Bucks—Leaves Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 A M.
Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 P M.
Whitley—Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 P M.
Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7 P M.
Hicksville—Leaves Fridays at 5 A M.
Arrives Saturdays at 7 P M.
Vinghamville—Leaves Wednesdays at 5 A M.
Arrives " " 12 A M
N. B. As all Mails (except Vaughanville) leave in the morning, they will be made up and closed the evening previous.
JOHN S. MATHERS, P. M.

Baldness Cured!

Emerson's American Hair Restorative

For restoring the Hair on Heads Hairbrushy Bald, and to prevent the hair from falling, is winning golden opinions of persons who are using it. This is a new article, recently introduced, to a large sale for Bald men, and will annul the test of a discerning public, as thousands who have used will testify. See Circular to be had of the Agents, giving full particulars.—Price $1 00 in large Bottles. Sold by

H. B. REED, Agent.

C. E. FISHER & Co., Proprietors,
No. 57 Superior st., Cleveland, Ohio.

Nov. 26, 1853. 3m21

PROCLAMATION.

Friends, countrymen and lovers!—hear me for my cause, and be silent that you may hear; discard prejudice that you may believe, and read facts that you may act intelligently. Who, that is young, but value the luxuriant locks of youth and beauty? Who, that is middle-aged, but shudders at Gray Hairs! Who, that is old, but would avert Baldness! Many, spunk,—for him have I offended in addressing twenty-four million people.

Not one of these many million who have attested the virtues of Lyon's Kathairon, for Preserving, Restoring and Beautifying the Hair, but will proclaim its beneficial effects for and near. One trial will convince the most incredulous. Sold uniform, for 25 cents, by every Druggist in America.

D. B. BARNES, Proprietor,
161, Broadway, N. Y.

Dec. 1st.

Commercial.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, December 16.

There is no change in prices this week.

Wheat sells at $1 10 for white, and 1 05 for red; Flour from wagon 5 50; extra city, 6 00; Corn 31 a 33; Oats 33 a 34, Rye 50; Beans 1 00; Potatoes 40; Onions 60; Cranberries 2 50; Butter 15; Eggs 15; Salt 2 50; Pork in firm at 4; Beef 3½ a 4½. Flaxseed 75 a 1 00; Clover Seed 4 62; Timothy 1 25 a 1 75.

C ARBON OIL just received,
Dec 14. Bass & Eisenbise.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

The Trustees of the Fort Wayne Academy, having resolved to organize a separate department for the Education of Females, the public are hereby informed that a

First Class Female Academy

will be opened on Tuesday, January 3d, 1854, in the basement rooms of the First Presbyterian Church.

Competent teachers have already been secured, the rooms are central and comfortable, and discipline every way worthy of public confidence.

For further particulars inquire of

J. EDWARDS, President.

December 15th, 1853. 3w24

GIFT CONCERT.

A Grand Concert of VOCAL MUSIC will be given on Friday evening, December 30th, at Colerick's new Concert Hall, by the

KIMBALL BROTHERS,

Vocalists of the most distinguished reputation, who will introduce some new and peculiarly appropriate Music, illustrative of the joyous social season of the Holidays.

The rooms will be brilliantly lighted, warmed and ventilated and every means adopted by the managers to secure the comfort and convenience of the audience.

It is the confident expectation of the managers that their earnest endeavor to make this Concert the best ever given in the State, and one that will make a new era in our musical history, will be eminently successful.

After the Concert the magnificent *Gift*, a splendid new six octave Piano Forte, rose wood case, and a five octave Melodeon, will be distributed after the manner of the "Art Unions" of Europe and America, which have done much for our country in promoting the growth of a correct taste in art.

N. B. If any person are scrupulous in regard to that part of the Evening's entertainment, relative to the distribution of the gifts, they can be supplied with tickets separately for the concert.

Tickets to be had at C. L. Hill's Book Store, and of S. E. Bond.

20 HALF BOXES FRESH RAISINS for sale by R. W. TAYLOR,
West and Columbia st., No. 125

75 Bbls New Orleans MOLASSES in just received and will be sold low to country Merchants by R. W. TAYLOR,
Dec. 12 West and Columbia st., No. 125

A Few bales of 3-4, 4-4 and 6-4 brown Sheeting will be sold low by R. W. TAYLOR,
No, 125 West and Columbia st.

40 dos. Axes Shovels and Lippencotts.
20 doz. Matlocks,
for Sale by
R. W. TAYLOR, West and Columbia st. 125.

R. W. TAYLOR

HAS now now received and offers for sale, at No. 123 & 125 west and Columbia street,

50 tons Jamiete Iron.
10 " Sheets "
American and English blister Steel,
Cast Steel, German Steel,
Steel Plow Slabs,
Steel and Iron Plow Slabs.

Dec 12 1853.

A LARGE LOT OF WINDOW GLASS
Is offered very low at No. 123 & 125, by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

DOE & Co. and ROLLAND CAST Steel Mill Saw, at No 123 & 125 Columbia st.
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

I HAVE just received and all to for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No. 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.

Dec 12, 1853

2500 lbs. WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE just received and for sale at No. 123 & 125 Columbia street, by R. W. TAYLOR.
Dec. 12.

200 Pairs of Muckinaw and California BLANKETS for sale at No. 123 & 125 Columbia street, by R. W TAYLOR.

20 Pieces new styles All Wool CARPETS received and for sale by
Dec 2 R. W. TAYLOR.

10 Packages well assorted Queensware suitable for country Merchants, for sale by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

A FINE assortment of Floor Oil CLOTHS is offered for sale by
D c. R. W. TAYLOR

5 Bbls C mbed Sugar,
5 bbls Pulver zed Sugar, for sale by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

20 BALES COTTON BATTERY for sale by R. W. TAYLOR,
West and Columbia st., No 125

OYSTER SALOON

Under the Spencer House.

THE subscribers have opened an Oyster Saloon in the basement of the Spencer House, where they will be prepared at all times to serve up Oysters in the best style.

The best of Wines and Liquors at the bar.—Families furnished with fine fresh Baltimore Oysters, by the can or keg, at the lowest rates

DITZ BLD & Co.

Dec 17 3w24

Again on Hand with more New Goods.

WILSON & TRESSELT

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that they have just received at their well known stand, corner of Calhoun and Columbia st (under

LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF

NEW GOODS,

Among which may be found the following Dress Goods

50	pieces	new style De Laines,
30	"	All Wool "
6	"	French Merinos,
10	"	plain and figured Cashmeres,
10	"	Persian Cloths,
60	"	new style Ginghams,
6	"	figured and plain Velvets,
15	"	black and colored Silks,
20	"	black Alpacas,
20	"	colored Mousselines,
200	"	new style Prints.

Will a full assortment of

STAPLE GOODS,

Consisting of Flannels, Linseys, Tickings, Bleached and brown Sheetings, Chicks, Shawls, Cassimeres Satinetts, Jeans, Cloths, Cottonades, Carpet Warps, with a full assortment of

Groceries, Crockery,

Hardware, Notions, &c., &c.

All the above Goods were purchased during the late *Panic in the Money Market*, at greatly reduced rates. We always give our customers all the benefit of our purchases, consequently we can give them better *Bargains than ever*.

Dec 17, 1853

WASH. M'LEAN. P. L. WEAVER

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Horses and Engines, *Congress Street, one door East of Lumber,*

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. 1—24

Estray Notice.

TAKEN up by Jacob Kell, of Eel River township, Allen county, Indiana, one light brown, three years old Steer, left fore foot white, and both hind legs white, with some white under the belly. No ear marks. Appraised at twelve dollars, before H. Utter, a Justice of the Peace of said county, on the 12th November, 1853.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
Dec 16, 1853. 3 3-21

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Mason & Waite is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

R. MASON,
A. WHITE

Oct. hey 19th, 1853. 3w24

Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned having taken out letters of administration on the estate of John C. Hall, late of Allen County, Indiana, deceased, notifies all persons indebted to said estate to make an immediate settlement. Those having demands

CHARLES M. MUHLER.

Dec. 10, 1853 3w24

Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis Railroad Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the seventh instalment of *Ten per cent* on the capital stock of the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis Railroad Company is made payable at the office of the Company, in the city of Lafayette, on the first day in May 1854.

Stockholders residing in Allen County can, at their discretion, pay instal ments upon their stock at the banking offices of Messrs. Allen Hamilton & Co., Fort Wayne

JOHN N DRUMMOND,
Secretary & Asst Treasurer.

Lafayette, Dec. 1st, 1853. 3w24

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Adam Hull, deceased.

THE administrator of the estate of Adam Hull, deceased, having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec 9, 1853 ($1 45) 3w24

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the October term, 1853, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Indiana, after final settlement of the Estate of Henry Dobrea, deceased, about twenty-five dollars was found remaining for distribution among the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said court, and receive their distributive share.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec 9, 1853 ($1 45) 3w24

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Henry Heineman,

THE administrator of the estate of John Heineman, deceased, having filed his final account current and vouchers, Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec. 15, 1853. ($1 45) 3w24

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Jacob Lightner, deceased.

THE Administrator of said estate having filed, in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, his final account; Notice is therefore hereby given that, at the next term of said court, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec. 9, 1853. ($1 45) 3w24

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Ernest Katkef, deceased.

THE Administrator of said estate having filed, in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, his final account; Notice is hereby given that, at the next term of said court, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec. 9, 1853. ($1 45) 3w24

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Azariluch, deceased.

THE Administrator of said estate having filed, in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, his final account; Notice is hereby given that, at the next term of said court, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P. Allen County.
Dec. 9, 1853. ($1 45) 3w24

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the October Term, 1853, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, in lieu, after final settlement of the Estate of David W. Miller, deceased, about seventy dollars was found remaining for distribution among the heirs of said estate. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said court, and receive their distributive share.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

COLERICK'S HALL,

Will be opened on Monday evening, December 26th, with a

GRAND BENEFIT CONCERT,

Particulars next week. Dec. 10.

10 BAGS PEPPER is offered for sale by R. W TAYLOR,

10 Bales assorted Nos. COTTON YARN from the Cooper's factory, Dayton, by R. W. TAYOR,

100 SACKS BEST RIO COFFEE for sale by R W TAYLOR, No 125 Columbia st.

A General Assortment of Men and Boys HATS and CAPS, for sale cheap by R. W. TAYLOR, Dec 12 No 125, west end Columbia st.

500 KEGS JUNIATE NAILS for sale low, at No. 125 & 125 Columbia st., by R W TAYLOR.

10 Bbls TANNER'S OIL for sale by R W TAYOR

60 Bbls NEW ORLEANS SUGAR for sale by R W TAYLOR, No 125 west end Columbia st.

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County ss } February term, 1854.

Francis S. Avalino, vs. Louis Bourie et Al.
IN EQUITY.

IT being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, that Louis Bourie, one of said defendants, is a non-resident of the State of Indiana: Notice is therefore hereby given said non-resident defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint, and that unless he be and appear before the Judge of the Allen Circuit Court, on or before the first day of the next term of said Court, and answer said complaint, the same will be taken in his absence.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.
Dec. 5, 1853. [$1 25] 3w23

ESTRAYS.

TAKEN up by Abraham Hubler, of Marion township, Allen County, Indiana, November 5th, 1853, one Red Cow supposed to be four years old, with a white face; appraised at eleven dollars and fifty cents.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

TAKEN up by John Wenner, in Springfield township, Allen County, Indiana, an estray Steer; said Steer is black, with thin back star in the face, both hind foot white; appraised at twelve dollars and fifty cents.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk

TAKEN up by Peter Wagner, of Wayne township, an estray Cow, supposed twelve dollars, light brindle, white face, brindle around the eyes and nose, long white horse, some white on both hips, white belly, most part of tail white, and some spots on the neck

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
Dec. 9, 1853. [$4 25] 3w23

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of George A. Ansemn, late of Allen County, in the State of Indiana, deceased.

The estate is supposed to be solvent.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to settle the same immediately, and those having claims against the estate, to present them for settlement.

F. D. LASSELLE, Administrator.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 9th, 1853. 3w23

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture. for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

DOMESTICS at WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
10 bales Muslins, 15 pieces Tickings,
10 " Ditto, 50 " Blenched Muslins
300 Grain Bags, 200 " Calicoes.
1000 lbs Cotton Yarn, Cooper's Mississippi.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

SHAWLS—by Express—a beautiful assortment of all fashionable styles, just received at the Farmer's Depot. H. R. Schwegman.

2000 lbs TALLOW & 500 lbs FEATHERS wanted, for which the highest price will be paid.

H. R SCHWEGMAN.

Groceries at Wholesale.

For sale Cheap, at Wholesale or Retail, at the Emporium Depot.

75 sacks Coffee, 10 chests Tea,
10 hogsheads Sugar, 20 boxes Tobacco,
5 bbls Crushed Sugar, 5 bags Spices,
40 " Molasses, 5 " Pepper,
20 " Vinegar, 10 boxes Raisins,
10 boxes fine fresh Prunes,

And a full assortment of all other Groceries; also 1000 lbs Hamburch Cheese, 1000 gallons wonewan
25 Doz, Zinc Washboards,
10 boxes Rosin Soap. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

HARDWARE, &c.

Just received at the Farmers' Depot, a prime lot of Hoe's Mulay Stows, Hollin's 301 Axes, Cut Saws, a good assortment of Hand and Wood Saws, Augers 50 large Nails assorted, 500 lbs. Cable Chains, 25 boxes Glass 5 10 " Log Chain,
Tran Chains, a large ass ortment

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BIRDCAGES,—a beautiful assortment, and cheap as beautiful. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

TO BOAT BUILDERS.

FOR sale at the Farmers' Depot, 15 kegs Spikes assorted sizes, 5 bbls Pitch, 5 bbls Rosin, 5 bbls best navy Tarkam. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

WOODEN WARE—25 doz. Buckets, 5 doz Churns, and an assortment of Crank Churns; do 2 Tubs.

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

EMBROIDERIES.—The Ladies are particularly invited to give their attention to our stock of Cambrics and Muslin Edgings and Insertings, Collars, and Undersleeves, as our stock is very large and prices extremely low. W. T. ABBOTT.

EMBROIDERING & SAMLERS SILK of all colors may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 57 Columbia street.

WHITE ENGLISH FLANNELS—30 pieces white Flannel, varying from 1 to 1¼ yd in width, decidedly the best assortment ever offered in this city, for sale at 57 Columbia street, by W. T. ABBOTT.

BLK. BOMBAZINES & MERINOES of the nicest qualities, just received and for sale at No. 57 Columbia street. W. T ABBOTT,

OPERA FLANNELS of all colors, on hand and for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store. No. 57 Columbia street, by Wm. T. ABBOTT.

BLK DRESS SILKS. A splendid assortment of Blk Dress Silks, very fine lustres and warranted not to break in wearing, for sale at Boston prices, at 57 Columbia street, by Wm. T. ABBOTT.

PARAMETTA, LYONESE CLOTHS & MERINOES, 100 pcs, very desirable colour, and at surprisingly low prices just received and for sale at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by Wm. T. ABBOTT.

BLEACHED & BROWN MUSLINS—150 pieces Bleached Muslins, from 4 to 11 yd width, both dressed and undressed.

Also 20 bales brown do, various widths and qualities, for sale at great bargains by Wm. T. ABBOTT.

All ready for Christmas.

FANCY FOODS

OF every description, suitable for beautiful presents for the Holidays, just arranged and ready for inspection and sale at the

Boston Dry Goods Store.

Purchasers are respectfully solicited to call and examine at 57 Columbia street.
Dec. 8, 1853. Wm. T. ABBOTT.

LADIES AND GENTS KID GLOVES—A 50 dozens of ladies and gents Kid Gloves of all sizes and the very best quality just, opened & for sale at 57 Columbia street, by Wm. T. ABBOTT.

Oysters! Oysters!!

R CHISON is on hand as usual, to supply the citizens of Fort Wayne with his celebrated

BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

put up in their own liquor, and hermetically sealed. He is daily in receipt of Oysters put up in large, cans and half cans, from C.S. Bailey's extensive establishment at Baltimore. Families and Social Parties supplied at the shortest notice. Country Dealers are respectfully invited to call.

Depot at W. H. BEACKENRIDGE'S *Confectionaries Store, corner Calhoun and Berry streets.*
November 8th, 1853. tf 18

HARPER & PUTNAM'S MAGAZINES For December, also the ILLUSTRATED CRYSTAL PALACE can be had at HILLS Book Store, Calhoun Street.

Something New.

NEWMAN & DOID are just opening, in the store room lately occupied by S. Sobieski, corner of Calhoun and Main streets, a large assorts of

Books, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, &c.,

all of which will be sold at unusually low prices—Call and see for yourselves.

Also a large lot of *Yankee Notions, Cigars and Perfumery* for the wholesale trade.

Dec. 24, 1853. tf-22

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County ss } February Term, 1854.

DIVORCE.

Sophia Knudson vs. Mark Knudson.

IT being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, by affidavit filed, that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana, Notice is therefore hereby given said non-resident defendant of the filing and pendency of said complaint and that unless he appear before the Judge of said court, on or before the first day of the next term of said court, and answer the same, the same will be heard in his absence.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk.
M. JENNISON, Att'y.
Dec 1st, 1853. $3 00 w22

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 21st day of December, 1853, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: All of that and each of their interest, either divided or undivided, in law or equity, in and to the section of land, in township twenty one (21), north of range three (3) east, on the St. Joseph River, in said county of Allen, known as the Da Rome section, which section was granted to the children of Marish Christina De Rome, in the treaty with the Miami Tribe of Indians by the United States, made October 23d, A D 1826, and no further to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and places expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of George W. Ewing, Solomon R. De Rome, Et Al., at the suit of Franklin P. Randall.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.
Nov. 19th, 1853 ($2 75) 4w23

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 24th day of December 1853, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: Lots numbered twenty and twenty one (20 & 21) in Hanna's addition to the town of Fort Wayne, and four thirty-two and thirty-three (32 & 33) in Tabor's addition to the town of Fort Wayne; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and places expose the Fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Joseph Johnson, at the suit of State of Indiana.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.
Nov 30th, 1853. ($2 00) 5w23

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Allen, the undersigned will sell at public auction on the premises in Huntsy of Fort Wayne, on Saturday, December 24th, 1853, the following real estate, to wit: Lots 9 and 21 in the town of Middletown, in said county; also the south half of the southeast quarter of section 31, town 32, north of range 12 east, containing 80 acres; also, the fraction of the north-west quarter, lying west of the Huron road, in section 3, town 31, north of range 12 east, containing 36 acres. All belonging to the estate of John Maston, deceased.

Terms of sale:—One third cash in hand, one third in six months, and one third in twelve months, with interest from date, and waiving all benefit of the appraisement laws.

Dec. 1st, 1853. J. C. WELLS, Admr.
($2 00) 3w22

NEW DRY GOODS STORE!

AN

Entire New Stock

At Wholesale and Retail.

WM. T. ABBOTT having leased No 57 Columbia street in the new block recently erected by E. Colerick, Esq, is now opening one of the most attractive assortments of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods

ever brought into the Western country, and is bound to sell them at

PRICES THAT CANNOT BE BEAT.

W. T. A. having had great experience in selecting, and possessing one qualified facilities for purchasing goods, buying altogether for cash, and thereby saving a profit for his customers by having nothing to pay for bills credit, by buying entirely of Importers and Manufacturers Agents he is enabled to offer

MOST EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS

to all who may favor him with a call, and reassures the public generally that he shall be extremely happy to have every body examine his stock, whether they wish to purchase or not, as it is a pleasure for him to exhibit his goods, and it is a difficult undertaking in every line for any house in this or any other town, but will endeavor to convince all who wish to purchase anything in his line that their time which is well spent at No. 57.

Particular attention has been paid in the selection of Dress Goods and of all kinds of

Fancy Dry Goods.

Below we give a few of the articles that may be found at his Store,

DRESS GOODS,

200 pieces new pattern Prints, 200 pieces elegant low priced all Wool A.C. and Wool Delaines, 15 pieces all Wool, de plain colors; 25 pieces black SILKS, all widths and prices; 100 pieces Bleached, Plaid Striped and Rapid Shirtings; 50 Dublige Robes; 40 pieces Lyonese Cloths very choice colors; 25 pieces Gala and Silk Plaids; 20 pieces Reversible cloths plain colors; about to run all Wool DeLaines; 10 pieces French Chilley and Black and Colored Alpaccas, Silk and Mo. Black Bonda Laces, &c., &c.

Also, 5 pieces yard wide Silk Velvet, and 10 pieces Ladies' Cloths for Cloaks, Capes, &c. 150 Empire and Long Shawls and Square SHAWLS, and a complete assortment of Genuine Thread Laces and Setts, 50 dozen ladies and Gents Black, White and colored KID GLOVES of the best quality, and a great variety of Silk, Cassimere and Lisle do.

Embroideries and White Goods,

Ladies Under Skirts, Undersleeves, Torcs and Muslin Collars, Cambric and Muslin Edgings and Insertings, Infants Waists, Plain and Figured Lawns, Tucs and Thread Edgings and Insertings, 100 doz. Ladies' and Gents' Linen Cambric Hdk'fs; 50 pieces Irish Linen, dressed and undressed; Linen Damask Table Covers; Linen Lawns, Bird's eye Diapers; plain and checked Nainsooks and Muslins; Book and Swiss Muslins, Linen Napkins and Doilies, and a great

Variety of Fancy Goods,

Such as Ladies and Gents travelling and Dressing Cases, Reticules, Fancy Boxes, Writing and Odor Cases, Gammon Boards, Dominoes, Cologne Bottles, Colognes and Lavenda Water, Ladies's Extracts, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Hand Stands, 50 dif. pat. styles Portmonnaie, Card Cases, Souvenirs, Cornelian Chain and Rings, Bone and Pearl Paper Folders, silver Tablettes, Ivory Combs, Buffalo Horn back and dressing do, Shell Side do, Beads, Thermometers, Fans, Wax Matches, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Brown Muslins of all widths, qualities and prices, 100 pieces bleached do, dressed and undressed; Drilling, Ticking, Stripes, Wicking, Batting, Seamless Bags, Denims bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels; also a big stock of all Wool Scarlet Flannels, Twilled and Plain; White, Orange and Gray do; Horse Blankets and Millard do; Sattinets, Tweeds, Jeans, Fancy Cassimeres, Black do, German Doe Skins and Broadcloths, Pilot Cloths, &c., &c.

And a large stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,

And choice

FAMILY GROCERIES

All of which are offered at prices that cannot fail to suit, at

Wholesale or Retail.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 22, 1853

Hurd's Golden Gloss for the Hair.

AMONG the many preparations for the growth of the HAIR, this GOLDEN GLOSS takes the lead. Three reasons will be given why it is so universally used and preferred to all others. 1st Because it has proved the most effectual in Baldness. 2d. Because it imparts a beautiful dark gloss and delightful perfume to the Hair. 3d. Because the Ladies, with fine discrimination, which they all possess, have adopted it. Many other reasons could be given why it is a great favorite, but those who want it must try it only to give it a trial. Price 25 cents in large bottles. For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers everywhere.

W. C. HURD, Proprietor, 304 Broadway, N York.
Large Discount to Merchants. 6m 20

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa, to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 17th day of December, 1853, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to wit: The north half of the south-west quarter of section three (3), township twenty two (22), range 11, containing eighty acres, more or less, and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate. Taken as the property of Joseph Woidman, at the suit of John Orll & Rudolph Schwegman.

W. H. McDONALD, Sheff A. C.
Nov. 21, 1853 ($2 00) 3w21

REAL PREMIUM
DAGUERREOTYPES.

"Sweet cupid, for more dear to me,
Likeness, imbodying as thou art,
Thou art the living flame itself to me,
Save her who placed the seal my heart."

Mr. A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity for their liberal patronage, and respectfully invites them to call examine specimens of his pictures, and see the perfection to which the Daguerrean art has arrived.

His Pictures exhibited at the late State Fair, at Lafayette, were universally admitted to be far superior to any collection of pictures there, for which he was awarded a Premium and Diploma.

Those who want perfect copies of themselves or friends are respectfully invited to call and see the

Real Premium Pictures

(not those styled so only by the advertiser) at Mr. McDONALD'S Rooms, No. 3 Phenix Block, Calhoun street.

Instructions given in the Art, and Apparatus and Materials furnished on the lowest terms.

We, the undersigned, who attended the late State Fair at La Fayette, take pleasure in certifying that Mr. A. McDonald's Daguerreotypes were universally admitted (so far as we heard any expression) to be far superior to any exhibited at the Fair.

Mrs. Samuel Edsall,	Wm Rockhill,
Mrs. T. N. Hood,	E. C. Nelson,
Miss Lucinda Hamilton,	A. J. Avery,
Miss Dor. Edsall,	Joshua Holmes,
Dr. F. Pierce,	G. W. Nettleborst,
T. N. Hood,	James Story,
Mrs Mary Hoop,	F. P. Randall,
John Stapleford,	Chauncy Oakley,
James Vandegriff,	Wm. Hamilton,

2,000 Pounds HAMBURGH CHEESE just received.

Sept. 3, 1853. BASS & EMRICK.

The Great Exhibition

IS NOW OPEN AT

Kirk, Williams & Co.,

ARE now receiving a very large and general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods

for 1853-4, which we are determined to sell cheap. We don't wish you to take our word for it, but come and see for yourselves, and we will try and give you a clear demonstration of the fact, or no sale. We take great pleasure in showing our goods, and hope you will not be backward about calling in.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 27, 1853.

$5,000 REWARD

OFFERED to any person that can show as large and cheap a stock of *Boots, Hats, Caps and Leather* as

B. MASON

has now on hand, at the old stand of B. Mason, one door west of John Hamilton's grocery, where may be found the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, & BEST-SELECTED

STOCK OF

BOOTS, SHOES, Leather, Hats, & Caps,

that has ever been brought to Fort Wayne, which he intends to sell for cash exclusively; consequently any man will not have to pay for the delinquency of another, but those who will not pay for being asked, but having no bad debts every thing can be sold at a small per centage and yet yields a handsome profit.

The attention of the LADIES is particularly invited as the stock will be found better, more fashionable, and more distinctive than ever before offered here, embracing every variety of *Gaiters, Buskins, Tie's, Slippers, &c* now in vogue.

Youths', Misses' & Children's Wear

in full variety. An excellent and cheap assortment of

Gentlemen's Wear.

Calf, and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans.

Good workmen are engaged and a superior article of

HOME-MADE BOOTS AND SHOES

will be kept on hand or made to measure.

Sole and Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, &c, for sale low.

HATS AND CAPS.

He has also a large and well selected stock of Hats and Caps, well deserving inspection, as they are believed to be cheaper than any house elsewhere. Beebe's celebrated Moleskin Hat; Esmond, Fur, Wool, Leghorn and Palm Leaf, Do. Silk and Mohair Plush Caps; Cloth Do., all styles and prices.

September 23.

NEW STOCK of BOOKS.

THE following is a list of Books for sale at HILLS Book Store on Calhoun street:

Encyclopedia Americana, 13 volumes.
Fox's Book of Martyrs, large quarto with 200 engravings.
Clark's Commentaries on Old and New Testaments.
Barn's Notes on the Bible complete,
Methodist Episcopal Hymn Book Dictionary,
Scott's Commentaries on the Bible,
Woodfall's Junius Letters, Plutarch's Lives,
Sturm's Reflections,
History of the World, by White,
Brandt's Encyclopedia of Science, Literature and Art,
History of the Middle Kingdom, by Robertson,
Incidents in the American Wars,
Grover Greek and English Lexicon,
Elliot's Delia Mornaine,
Masonic Ours,
Sewert's Free Mason's Manual,
The Gentleman,
Old Fellow's Text Book,
Works of Facitus, Cicear, Xenophon and Sallust, in English,
Tickner's History of Spanish Literature,
Prescott's Miscellaneous Works,
Conquest of Mexico,
American Farmer's Encyclopedia,
Leyard's Nineveh and Romaine,
Family Kitchen Garden, by Buist,
Fruit Culturist,
Miner's Bee Keeper's Manual,
Jeddy and Simpson's Bible,
Thackeray's complete Works,
Ike Marvel's complete Works,
Wide World, Quercky, Women's Rights,
Spiritual Manifestations, by Charles Beecher,
Irving's Works complete,
Hydropathic Encyclopedia,
Stillman's Gibbon's Rome, six volumes,
Napoleon Dynasty,
Home's History of England.

MEDICAL WORKS.

Wood's Practice,	Watson's Practice,
Beach's "	Gun's "
Dunglesson's Practice,	
Medical Dictionary,	
Druit's Surgery,	
Ramshottom's Process of Therapeutics,	
Carpenter's Physiology,	
Carson's Synopsis of Materia Medica,	
Dunglesson on new Remedies,	
Cad Lives' Do.,	
Hobbyn's Medical Dictionary,	
Beebe's Select Medical Works,	
Muller's Physics and Meteorology,	
Moore, Redwood and Procters Pharmacy,	
Dunglesson's Cyclopedia of Practical Medicine,	
Condi on Diseases of Children,	
Gross on the Urinary Organs,	
Lee's Midwifery,	Liston's Surgery,
Dunglesson's Therapeutics and Materia Medica,	
Guthrie on Urinary Organs.	

LAW BOOKS.

Swan's Practice and Precedents,
Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 volumes,
Chitty's Blackstone 2 volumes,
Wendall's Blackstone, 4 vols. American Notes.

REMOVAL.

C. A. GREY has removed to his New Store, at his old stand, No. 84 Columbia street, where he is now opening a large stock of

New Fall Goods.

of every variety, which he has purchased for cash, and notwithstanding the increase in prices in New York, he will be enabled to sell as low as heretofore. Buyers that favor will save money by purchasing of him.

THE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

includes a full assortment of Alpacas, Calicoes, Sattinetts, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels, Muslins, Tickings, &c., Woollen Shawls, Worsted Goods, &c.,

GROCERIES.

A fine stock of the choicest qualities.

Hardware, Queensware, Nails, Glass, &c.

Persons wanting a real good article will find it at a low price will find this the place to get it.

Oct. 1st. 3m13

YARN—Woollen and Cotton knitting Yarn. A superior article. C. A. GREY.

HOSIERY—A choice lot of German Hosiery—Gloves and Mitts, children do, Wristers, Comforts, Woollen Winter Shoes, ladies' and children's Hose, &c. C. A GREY.

SHAWLS—A general assortment—Cheap, Good and Warm. C. A. GREY.

1853. **FORT WAYNE** 1853.

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C. BOWSER. JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY'S

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Shire, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address as by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

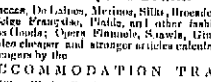
REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

THE OPENING OF THE

Ohio & Indiana Railroad



NOT having yet taken place, the subscriber has brought an his full stock of goods, viz the Lake and Canal. Includes all the most fashionable styles of Goods, such as a Lady would wish to wear on

The Express Train.

Alpaccas, De Laines, Merinos, Silks, Broadies, Robe de Beiges Frenchies, Plaids, and other fashionable Dress Goods; Opera Flannels, Shawls, Ginghams, Bonklen cheaper and stronger articles calculated for passengers by the

ACCOMODATION TRAIN.

and Plat Cloths, Cassimeres, Broadcloths, Satinets, Jeans, &c., just the thing for gentlemen travelling by the

Express Train.

These goods will be sold at Bargains, as it is intended they shall go off like a train running

Through to Philadelphia in 24 hours!

Also an excellent stock of choice Family Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Hats, Caps, and Bonnets. In short, a little of every thing, and a great deal of such things as one must needs think would fill the columns of the Sentinel to enumerate half of them, and it would require a

Freight Train

to contain them. Gentlemanly conductors and other employees are at their recommendations to a Railroad, but they are to be excelled in attention and accommodation by the gentlemanly clerks at this establishment.

Ample room for storing produce, for which the highest price will be given.

For further particulars call at the Depot, No 99 Columbia street.

Oct. 20, 1853. H. McMULLEN.

PURE WING, WHITE PAINT.

New Jersey do, " "	
Pure White Lead,	No. 1 White Lead,
Dewar Varnish,	Copal Varnish.
Japan Dryer,	fresh supply at

WALL & MEYER'S.

Fire Proof Paint.

A BETTER Article than ever, of all colors, to be had by the barrel or pound at No. 95

WALL & MEYER.

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING built a TANNERY combated and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph Office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather,

FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,

which they offer for sale at reasonable prices.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

☞ HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Price. Sept. 10, 1853. y10,d.

NEW HARDWARE.

H. DURRIE,

No. 91 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place, of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axles, Elliptic Springs, anvils, ball vises, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape, and warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS,

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes, Forks, &c., &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Cabinetts' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons.

SOLAR LAMPS.

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Sets Curtain Fixtures and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.

Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

McKenzie, Craft & Co.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants

DEALERS IN W. R. CHEESE,

And Produce generally,

Nos 20 & 22 Main St., Cincinnati

☞ All orders promptly attended to. Ga15

500 Bbls Sugar, 375 bf choice Tea,
350 bds Molasses, 200 cases do.
700 bags Coffee, 5 Crates Cassia,
50 000 lbs Cotton Yarn, 2 Hhds Nutmegs,
1,000 Kegs Nails, 15 tierces Rice,
Buckets, Tubs, Rakes, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by McKENZIE, CRAFT & CO.
Ga15 Nos. 20 & 22 Main St. Cincinnati.

PIANO FORTE WARE ROOM

C. L. HILL having opened rooms for the sale of

PIANO FORTES,

AND OTHER

Musical Instruments,

would say to the public that he is now receiving a fine stock of Bradman & Gray's celebrated Pianos, with and without the

DOUBLE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT,

This attachment combines more richness and beauty of tone than ever before attained in the Piano Forte. In particular qualities its clearness, brilliancy and delicacy of tone, which fall upon the ear with a surpassing softness, like the chiming peals of distant bells.

Messrs. Bradman & Gray's Pianos, besides their other excellences, are warranted to be of great durability and wear longer than any others made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of *Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.* Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

He is daily expecting a consignment of Stoddard's superior Piano Fortes. Oct. 1st.

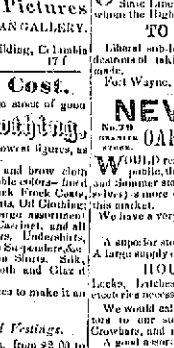
DE LAINES.—A splendid assortment of De Laines from our stalling to one dollar per yard. WILSON & TRESSELL.

ALPACAS.—A fine stock of black and colored Alpacas, very cheap.
Sept. 23. WILSON & TRESSELL.

WOOL SHAWLS.—A large assortment of long and square Wool Shawls in
Sept. 26 WILSON & TRESSELL.

DRESS GOODS.—De Laines, Alpacas, French Muslins, all wool De Laines, Q Bajo Robes, Fancy Silks, Mourning Ginghams, &c., just received and for sale very cheap.
Sept. 26. WILSON & TRESSELL.

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of Columbia St., *three doors east of Clinton*

SMITH & CO.,

Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

GUNSMITHS furnished with *materials a Low Prices.*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

☞ *Increased Twist Target Rifles* made to order, and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, on average of 1 inch each shot.
200 " " 2½ "
300 " " 5 "
400 " " 8 "

Aug. 27. SMITH & Co.

Wholesale Boot and Shoe Store,

125 Columbia Street, Fort Wayne.

ANDERSON & Co. have received, at their new store, 125 Columbia street, up stairs, a large and general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

adapted to the present season and the wants of the country. The assortment is complete, and includes every variety of

LADIES', GENTS', YOUTHS' & CHILDREN'S WEAR,

of all kinds and prices, from the neatest and most fashionable Lady's Gaiter to the stoutest and most substantial Kip Brogan. Thoroughly were purchased early, before the late rise in prices, and will be sold to dealers, by the case or dozen.

AT NEW YORK PRICES;

Purchasers will therefore save transportation by dealing with them. The Stock is large and well assorted, so that buyers can find every description they need.

A general assortment of the best

HOME-MADE WORK

of our own manufacture, always on hand.

All kinds of LEATHER and FINDINGS at the lowest rates.

Highest Price in Cash for HIDES

Flaxseed.

4,000 bushels Flaxseed wanted, for which the highest market price will be paid

May 27. WALL & MEYER.

Composition Cement Roofing.

THE subscriber has made arrangement and procured the necessary materials for covering buildings with the popular Composition and Gravel Roofing. This system of Roofing has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, and is rapidly supercarding all others. Its great advantages of durability, cheapness, lightness, and perfect safety from fire recommend it to all persons erecting good buildings. Though fully equal to tin in every respect, the cost is less than one half—but little more in fact than pine shingles.

For specimens the public are invited to examine the new 3 story Cabinet Shop of J. M. Allibry and Cooper's new Car Factory, south of A. Hamilton

HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.

Oct. 10. y16

Pictures that are Pictures

TAKEN at DAY'S DAGUERREAN GALLERY, without regard to weather.

Rooms, third floor of Bowen's building, Co Lumbia street, over Brandriff's Stove store. 17 f

Selling off at Cost.

J. G. THEME has on hand a large stock of good

Home-made Clothing,

which he is selling off at the very lowest figures, as he is resolved to sell them all out.

The stock consists of black, blue and brow cloth Overcoats; heavier do of all fashionable colors—lined throughout with satin; Fancy Dark Frock Coats, Tweed Sacks, India Rubber Overcoats, Cloth Pants of all colors and qualities, a large assortment of Satin Vests, Cloth, Cassimere, Cashmere, and all other varieties of Vests. Drawers, Undershirts, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Suspenders, &c. A lot of well made fine and common Shirts. Silk, Fur, and Kossuth Hats; Plush, Cloth and Glaz'd Caps.

These goods will all be sold at prices to make it an object for persons to buy.

A large stock of

Broad Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Black, blue, brown and green Cloth, from $2 00 to $7 00, a good stock of fancy Cassimeres, and a very large stock of Black Cassimeres and Doeskins, which he will make up to measure in a superior style at reasonable prices.

Gentlemend wishing good clothing cheap, are invited to call at the store No. 5 Phenix Block, Calhoun street.

Oct. 29, 1853 3m17

Cabinet & Chair Making.

GRIEBEL & KNOTE having commenced business in the same lately occupied by W & J. Paul, in Clinton St., two doors south of Columbia, invite the public to examine their

Furniture and Chairs,

which will be found to be of the best and most substantial workmanship, and warranted made of good seasoned lumber. Chairs, Tables, Stands, Bureaus, Bedsteads, and all other kinds of furniture kept for sale or made to order on the lowest terms.

UNDERTAKING.

They also have a Hearse and a Carriage, and will keep COFFINS of all sizes and descriptions.

LOUIS GRIEBEL.
Sept. 16, 1yr JULIUS KNOTE.

The Oyster Depot

IS well supplied with Oysters of Rowe & Co.'s celebrated brands put up in

KEGS & CANS.

Also hermetically sealed

Lobsters	**Clams**
SALMON.	OYSTERS.
For sale by	WM. GROUT.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 6, 1853. 3m14

OLD No. 8

Again in full Blast!

J. & C. CORFE having purchased the entire stock of M. Hogan, jr., and being determined to sustain the well-earned fame of the Old No. 8 for

THE CHEAP STORE,

are now receiving a full assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Queensware, Glassware, Hardware, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, &c.,

to which they call the attention of their own friends, the old customers of No. 8, and the public generally, who may rest assured that they will here find a stock of Goods rarely to be equalled in the West, and never exceeded in this place. Particulars are needless,—a very description of goods are included in the stock—all are of the first quality, and all are

TO BE BOUGHT CHEAP!

C. P. cash, or exchange, make your selections, and the price shall be satisfactory.

All kinds of PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, or bought at the highest market price for cash.

Aug. 9, 1853.

The Ohio Harmonist.

THE very Popular Singing Book can now be had in any quantities at

HILLS Book Store,
Fort Wayne, 8 pt 20. Calhoun Street.

Encourage Domestic Manufacture!

D GESSELMAN informs the public that he is now manufacturing superior article of

SPANISH CIGARS,

Half Spanish do, and all other qualities required—His Spanish Cigars are manufactured from the choicest imported Tobacco. He warrant the equal in quality and lower in price than any bought in Cincinnati or New York, and the longer a trial he will give him a call, and expect before one rent in pocket to going to any other house. Call next as far as they do it with advantage to themselves.

Fort Wayne, Aug 27. 6m

30 lbs. N. Orleans MOLASSES and GOLDEN SYRUP for sale by the bbl, or gallon, at No 3.
J. & C. CORFE.
Sept. 10.

THE Highest Market Price paid for Ginseng, Tallow, Beeswax, Butter and Eggs, at the Farmer's Depot. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

PRINTS.—1,000 PIECES of latest styles at Calhoun row, 6 to 12½ per yard.
Sept. 23 WILSON & TRESSELL.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS!

New Clothing Store

In Fort Wayne, No. 99 Columbia St.,

Formerly known as No 5, two doors east of Jones' Block

BOSLER & Bolman

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that they have opened on the new Clothing Establishment at the above place, where they offer for sale the largest and best selected

STOCK

TREMENDOUS CRASH

Among the Eastern Banks.

THE Crystal Palace closed, and the Goods that were on exhibition divided among the favorite firms. We being the lucky ones in Fort Wayne, the following amazing offer we have left to our lot:

LADIES' WEAR.

Rich'd & Plain Dress Silks, Thibet cloths, French Merinoes of all colors, Cannon cloths, French & American Ginghams,
Do do De Laines,
Do do Prints.

VARIETIES.

Marseilles and Lancaster Quilts, Table Covers, Cloths cotton and linen.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Cloths, Cassimeres Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, Dra'vers Stocks, and the best and most fashionable stock of Gloves of all varieties ever placed on exhibition some of which took the Prize Premium at the World's Fair. These goods were purchased on credit and must be sold; any person wishing bargains would do well to call soon, as we cannot promise any more of the same kind, and we were lucky in getting the best assortment from the small stock at the Palace.

BAYLESS & CO.,
No 87 Columbia st., Fort Wayne, Ind.

November 18, 1853.

BASS & EMRICK,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE just received and opened in the new brick building corner of Canal and Calhoun Streets, the largest, cheapest and best selected

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

of every kind and description, ever brought to this market, all of which they are now prepared to exchange for cash, or Country Produce, such as Wheat, Corn, Oats, Beans, Bacon, Lard, Feathers, Rides, Beeswax, Ginseng, Tallow, Butter, and Eggs, and in fact, almost any and everything else, except old stone and brick-bats.

To the COUNTRY DEALERS we would say we have bought our goods from first hands, and can offer inducements not heretofore offered in Fort Wayne.

All we ask is an examination of our goods and prices. They cannot fail to please. Call and see for yourselves.

Fort Wayne, August 20, 1852. n7

The Farmer's Depot

Is now in full blast with a splendid assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

H. R. SCHWIERMAN, thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him by his friends and the public in general, respectfully informs them that he has laid in a large and well selected assortment of

NEW GOODS,

to which he invites their attention; and in return for the favors of his friends, intends to give them the

Best Bargains

ever offered in the place.

DRY GOODS:

Broad Cloths, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linsey & Flannels, DRESS GOODS in great variety—Cashmeres, Delaines, Alpacaes, Colleens, and all the new and fashionable styles. SHAWLS—Long Shawls, Embroidered do. Woollen Dress Handkerchiefs, Woollen Hoods, Ladies Ties, &c.

Groceries.

A full Stock of choice quality.

Hardware, Queensware & Glassware.

A good stock, and cheap.

All kinds of produce taken at the highest prices—Beeswax, Ginseng, Seneca Snake root, Wash root, Ladies' Slipper, Wahoo Bobbin Root, Golden Seal, Yellow Parrow,—Butter & Eggs.

Ladies, save your RAGS! The highest price in Cash or Goods paid for them. S pt 16 h.

PIANO STOOLS.

C. A. BILL has just received a large lot of Piano Stools of every description. Call and see them Nov. 12, 1853.

ALPACCAS. A large assortment black and colored Alpaccas, very low. C. A. GREY.

GRINDSTONE,

Paper and Rug Depot at

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co's Fort Wayne,

BANK and County Officers, Forwarding Merchants and others can have blank books made to order on short notice, ruled and bound to any pattern, and in the *best* style and of the very best *Eastern* paper, *note Letter and Cap Writing Paper* of the same quality.

A good article of Wrapping Paper constantly on hand to supply Merchants in the vicinity. Also the *GREAT GRINDSTONE* for the trade at quarry prices including transportation and charges. RAGS taken at the highest price

J. B. JOHNSON.

Fort Wayne, August 10th 1852. 3-f.

H. R. REED has on hand a larger and better variety of everything in his line than was ever offered in any store in the State, and is being sold at lower prices. Those in want of goods in his line are invited to call and examine the prices, and if not cheaper he will not ask you to buy. He warrants all articles sold by him to give satisfaction.

Dec. 18, 1852.

Dress Goods---Fall Styles.

MRS. DYKES has received a beautiful assortment of

FALL DRESS GOODS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES:

Oriental Robes, all wool De Laines, Plain, Plaid, and Brocade Silks, &c., &c.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

A neat variety of Fall Trimmings—Velvet, Gimp, &c.

August 26, 1853.

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market price.

They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one more Run of Stone in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all time, for sale. HOAGLAND & COMSTOCH,
Fort Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

10 BBLS Spirits Turpentine, 10 bbls Rosin, 10 bbls Oakum No. 1, 10 " Pitch, for sale by WALL & MEYER.

A Pure Article of BANK and STRAITS OIL for sale at No. 90.

Also Winter Strained SPERM Oil, do do Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Burning Fluid, for sale by WALL & MEYER.

A Good COOKING STOVE for sale CHEAP. Inquire at this Office.

OAK HALL.

Emporium of Fashion

SHARP & HANNA have always on hand the most extensive stock of

CLOTHING

in this city, consisting in part of Dress and Frock Coats, Overcoats of all colors; Pants and Vests, silk and woolen under Shirts, Shirt Collars,

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

Cravats, Stocks, Hats & Caps; also a large stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings,

which will be made up in Sharp's good style, cheap as any house in the west. These goods will be sold at one price, for we want *all to travel over Jordan*" with some of our rag mercenaries at set spring.

Ladies don't fail to call and get you a pair of silk vests, it will save you buying cough candy. Our prescription is two vests and three tea spoons cold water.

We intend to make this the

Fashionable and Cheap Clothing House

in this city. Read! Coats, $3 00 to $8 00, of the best make; Pants, $1 25 to $3 00 and 4 00, cassimeres; vests in proportion.

Farmers, don't forget the place, and for a few dollars we will dress you so nice your wives won't know you. Call and pop you the wessel. Stone front and large windows is the place to get made up here.

SHOAFF & HANNA,
Oct. 29—y Proprietors.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, 85, Columbia Street, are now receiving their

Spring Supply of Groceries

Having made their purchases with a view of supplying the Country Trade—they would respectfully call the attention of Country Dealers to their Stock, as they feel confident

MONEY CAN BE SAVED

by purchasing of *them* instead of going East or to Cincinnati.

Fort Wayne, April 23, 1853.

THESE PILLS WILL RELIEVE
every "human being" who has any of the following symptoms:

Indigestion,	Headache,
Biliousness,	Extreme nervous agitation,
A sense of oppression at the Stomach,	An uncertainty for the slightest exertion,
Heart-burn and Spitting,	Blotches, and Pimples in the face,
Habitual costiveness,	Dizziness of Vision,
Pain in the Head,	Unnatural desire in the Morning, immediately after rising in the morning,
Sudden flushes of Heat over the body,	Dull heavy Pain, and sense of weight in the Head,
Restlessness,	A temporary loss of memory,
Drowsiness,	A confusion of Imaginations,
Irritability,	Pains less to appear & more bodily than mental,
Peevishness,	Dryness of the Skin,
Inability,	Eruptions and Extreme
Extreme languor and Exhaustion,	Debility
Heavy sensations,	Costiveness,

Principal depot at **Burnet's,**
No. 14 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio,

☞ For sale by Druggists everywhere.
☞ Price FIFTY CENTS.
☞ Country Dealer's supplied at proprietor's prices by any of the Cincinnaty Druggists. y50

CEILING PAPER—Another lot just received. June 25th, 1852. MRS. DYKES.

German Books.

FOR sale at the Farmer's Depot Bibles Testamente, Hymn Books, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kostanecki's History of the Germans, Schiller, Luther's Works, Edinguer's edition, 31 volumes, price $20 00; Wirtemberger's edition, $15 00. Leipsic edition $26 00. Hirschberger Bible, late edition $4 00; Brockhaus' Conversations L. Lex. late edition, 15 volumes. And a great variety of literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.

June 18. H. R SCHWIERMAN.

TRUSSES!

THE largest and most complete assortment of Trusses to be found in the state. His stock comprises every thing in use of the best styles. French, Prench Lagel's, and American, also Children's Trusses, of every size and makes, all of which will be sold lower than ever before offered. H. R. REED.

J. A. MAIERS,

At the old stand of J. G. MAIERS, No. 80 Columbia street,

HAS just received a large and beautiful assortment of

French, German & American TOYS,

of all descriptions; China and Alleaster Mantel Ornaments; Jewelry, Porte Monnies and Pocket Books. Pictures, Gilt Mouldings for Frames.

Violins, Fifes, Accordeons, Violin Strings and Trimmings,

which will be sold at eastern prices, for cheaper than ever before offered in Fort Wayne. A'so a full stock of

Family Groceries

of all kinds and the choicest quality.

Call and examine the stock. The Toys will be found far ahead of any thing ever brought here, and includes several rarities and new articles.

Oct. 1st. 3m61

Candy! Candy!

$12.00 PER HUNDRED POUNDS, and no charge for Boxes. At SHEMANDS Candy Factory, Walnut Street, between 5th and 6th Streets, *Cincinnati, O.* 1y45

NOTICE EXTRA.

OGLEY & FRENCH have just received and will keep on hand a large supply of the best *four ply*

RUBBER BELTING,

from 6 to 12 inches wide. Also a quantity of *Rubber* and other *Steam Packing.*

They have also received

250 Stoves,

which they will sell very low in order to make room for more that are on the way.

June 11th, 1853.

China and Queensware.

SOME beautiful sets French China—latest styles Iron-stone China, and Queensware of all varieties, just received. MRS. DYKES.

Glassware! Glassware!!

THE greatest variety, *best and cheapest* Glassware ever offered in this market, can be had, by the wholesale or retail, at No. 85 Columbia street.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

June 23.

CRAPE SHAWLS, CASHMERE do. and other fashionable styles just received

May 6 MRS. DYKES.

MERINO WORK.—Under Sleeves, Collars, Capes, Chemisettes, etc., etc., just received

May 6 MRS. DYKES.

PAPER HANGINGS.—A new assortment just received MRS. DYKES.

Tanner's Oil

BY the bbl or gallon

May 27. WALL & MEYER.

Facts for the People.

IT IS A FACT, that it is to the interest of buyers to trade at the store that has the largest and best assortment of Goods.

It is a fact, that it is also their interest to trade where they can buy the cheapest.

It is a fact, that HEDEKIN & SON have one of the best stocks of

Fall & Winter Goods

ever brought here, including every description o DRESS GOODS more especially those used in vogue; also Broadcloths, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels, and all kinds of Staple Articles; Ladies Shawls, Trimmings, and every thing else required by the ladies.

It is a fact, that their GROCERIES are always of the best and cheapest, and then they have an excellent stock of HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c.

It is a fact, that they sell so cheap that buyers save money by buying of them.

It is a fact, that it would be needless for them to particularize all the articles they have on hand. If you want any description of goods, call at their store and you may be sure of finding it.

And it is also a fact, that these facts are well known to the public, and they find it to their advantage to keep them in mind. October 20, 1853.

The Place to get your Money back

IS AT W. JACOBS'

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

IN FORT WAYNE.

I AM on hand again with a very large and most beautiful assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's

Fall & Winter Wear

of every conceivable style and variety, of the best quality found in the Philadelphia, New York and Boston Markets. Also,

Children's, Youths' Boys' and Men's Wear

of every kind. In short, the understandings from the cradle to the hoary headed, can be embellished at this establishment, with that which is neat, genteel, fashionable, comfortable and serviceable, and

AT PRICES FAR BELOW

any thing in this market, as our motto is quick sales small profits, and ready pay.

I am also constantly manufacturing in Fort Wayne, Women's Men's and Boys'

FINE & HEAVY WEAR,

of all kinds. Please give me a call at my old stand. Ten or fifteen good workmen will find employment by immediate application in this establishment.

WM. JACOBS.

Oct. 29th, 1853.

ELEVATED Oven Stoves pas, lendid article, call and see them. O & F.

JAMES COLLINS,

Chemist & Druggist,

At the Old Stand of SHOAFF & COLLINS, *next door to Peter Kiser's on Calhoun Street,*

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of Physicians, and the public generally, to his large and well selected Stock of

DRUGS & CHEMICALS,

Pure Wines, Brandy, & Gin,

which he is now receiving from

NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

Also, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty, Teeth, Nail, Hair, Clothes, Paint, and White wash Brushes.

With a general assortment of

Family Groceries,

All of which have been bought for cash, and will be offered at such prices as to render it an object for all cash customers to call at his establishment and purchase. A constant supply of fine

SWEDISH LEECHES.

always on hand; or applied by Dr. R. C. NEWMAN, who will also continue to give his attention to the preparation of Medicines and Physicians Prescriptions.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 7th, 1852 y11

PRINTING INK!

AN excellent article—for sale at the Pure Store of WALL & MEYER.

Perfumery, Soaps, &c.

IF there is anything you want for the toilet, you will be sure both of it here. Pearl Powders of every variety, Rouge, Hands ines, Pomatums, Hair oils of all kinds and price, German Colognes, Lowes fine Soaps, Wash Balls, Lyon's Kathairon, Fine Combs, Phalons Hair Invigorator, &c., &c. Physicians will be pleased to call and to wait on all his friends and at the very lowest prices.

H. R REED.

1853. 1853.

Wm. S. EDSALL,

FORWARDING and Commission Merchant, and General Dealer in Produce, Salt, Fish, &c.—Warehouse on the canal, Fort Wayne. Liberal cash advances will be made on property consigned to me for sale in this, Toledo, Buffalo or New York markets.

REFER TO

Hugh McCulloch, Esq., Cashier St. Bank,	Toledo.
Smith & Hunt,	Toledo.
G. S. Hazard, Esq.,	Buffalo.
W. A. Graves,	New York.
Ayers & Towle,	do. y26

COUNTY, Township, and City Orders wanted, for which the highest price will be paid in Cash or Goods. HEDEKIN & SON.

AN extra Hominy of superior quality can be had at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

WOOL! WOOL!

THE highest price will be paid in Cash or Goods for all the Wool that may be offered at the *Fort Wayne Woolen Factory.*

WOOL CARDING

will be done as usual at 1 cent per lb, and warranted, if brought in proper condition.

COUNTRY SPINNING will be done at a reasonable price, and at the shortest notice.

MACHINE CARDS

We keep on hand an assortment, and will sell at *Buffalo Prices.*

WANTED,—Soda, SOAP and Wool, Lard.

RUDISILL & WOLK.

May 13, 1851

Fort Wayne, Columbia, & Warsaw Back.

THE travelling public are informed that the undersigned has fitted up and will run a good Hack from Fort Wayne to Warsaw (and back), as follows:

Leaves Fort Wayne For Warsaw, through Columbia, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, in the morning,—through same day.

Leaves Warsaw for Fort Wayne, same route, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, in the morning,—through same day.

The Hack and Teams are good, and every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of the passengers. Fare reasonable.

J. B. EDWARDS.

June 24th, 1853. 6n51

CARPETS—We have a few pieces of Carpets left, which we are selling lower than ever those wishing to purchase will do well to call.

WILSON & TRESSELT.

June 25, 1853.

D. W. MAPLES

IS still associated with H. Burrie in the Manufacturing of

Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware.

He will give special attention to heavy

Copper and Sheet Iron Work, Roofing and Galvanized Iron Work, of all descriptions.

The success that he has met with in putting up the following gentlemen who have had them put up:

SAMUEL HANNA,	H. McMILLOCH,
ROBT. TOMLEY,	JAS. SWEETSER, of Marion,
Rev. Jos. LARGE,	Thomas in Peck's Block.

Thankful for past patronage, he would solicite a continuance of the same.

Fort Wayne, July 30, 1853. 6m5

C. COOPER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LOCOMOTIVES

AND STATIONARY ENGINES,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels, Boilers, Mill Gearing, &c. &c.

All on the most Improved Styles, and Warranted.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO. C. B. CAMP, Agent.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. LITTLE & McCULLOCH, Fort Wayne.
HUBBELL, COMPARET & Co., "

July 23, 1853. pl52

GOLDEN SYRUP, a choice article, at the Cheap Store of Stone, corner Calhoun and Pearl streets.

May 27. J. PIERR.

443 Pieces Goebens, Sprague's, Philip Allen's, and Richmond & Carr's PRINTS, *warranted fast colors*, and the best fabrics ever manufactured in the Calico line. For sale by the piece or pattern at No. 87. BAYLESS & CO.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

Wholesale & Retail

At No. 4, Phœnix Block, Calhoun St., Fort Wayne.

C. L. HILL has now on hand a full supply of Books and Stationery, which he offers at wholesale or retail on unusually favorable terms. Also Sheet Music in cludes of general and well selected assortment of

School, Miscellaneous & Blank Books

of all kinds: Law, Medical, Scientific, Historical, Poetic, Biographical, and Standard Works; a large variety of cheap Novels and Tales.

SCHOOL BOOKS of all kinds used in this part of the country. Day Books, Ledger, Memorandums, and other Blank Books. Traveller's Pocket MAPS Scotland do.

Also the heaviest Stock of French, English and American

Cap & Letter Paper,

of all qualities and prices, ever before offered in this market.

Together with a large and grand assortment of

Notions and Fancy Articles,

as Card Cases of the latest and best styles. Pocket Books, Porte-Monnie, Port Folios, Pandy Toilet Boxes, Albums, Fancy Writing Desks, Note Paper, Envelopes, Gold and Steel Pens, Holders, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Mottoes, Ink Stands, Pencils, &c., &c.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

He has also fitted up his second story as a Musical Depot, and keeps on hand a supply of superior Pianos, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, &c. SHEET MUSIC in great variety.

Teachers and Country Dealers are invited to call and examine this stock, as it will be sold on as favorable terms as at any other establishment in the country.

The highest price paid for RAGS.

June 4.

Valuable Lands for Sale,

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana, improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and other them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give him a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and deed prepared *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,
Real'al Lands and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne, Nov 22, 1849. 2dy.

To Farmers.

THE fair market price in CASH will be paid by the subscriber—for any quantity of Wheat delivered at the Stone Mills of Samuel Edsall. Receipts cashed by Gill & Schwegman, at our old stand on Calhoun-street.

N. B. Particular attention paid to grinding Grists for Farmers.

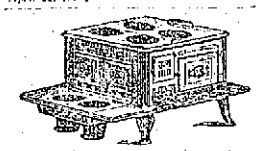
SAMUEL EDSALL.

Leeches! Leeches! Leeches!

I JUST received a supply of fine SWEDISH LEECHES!!! for sale or applied by Dr. R. C. NEWMAN, at the establishment of COLLINS & WHITE, Druggists, etc.

Calhoun Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

April 22, 1853.



OAKLEY & FRENCH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

Piano Forte Warehouse.

At Manufacturer's Prices.

H. P. ANDERSON, agent for G. Gilbert, and Samuel Gilbert, Piano Forte Manufacturers, of Boston, has a splendid collection of

Melina and Boudoir Pianos

now on hand, at his room, in Hamilton's Block, over Taylor's Shoe Store, to which he invites the attention of the public. The

BOUDOIR PIANOS

of compact size of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others ever* made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction renders the tone sweet, veiled and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard.

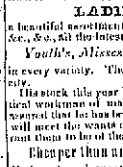
He is also agent for the sale of

Carhart's Patent Melodeons,

which for quality of Tone and Finish are universally admitted to be superior to anything of the kind ever before offered to the public.

All instruments sold by him are warranted.

October 29, 1852. 1y7



BOOT, SHOE, AND LEATHER STORE.

A. LIETZ has just received from New York an extensive and well assorted stock of

Boots & Shoes.

Gent's fine Calf and Common Boots, Brogans, Rubber Overshoes, &c.

LADIES' WEAR

a beautiful assortment of Gaiters, Excelsiors, Shoes &c., &c., all the latest styles.

Youth's, Misses', and Children's Wear

in every variety. The best stock ever brought this city.

His stock this year is very large, and being a practical workman of many years' experience, he feels assured that he has been able to select such articles as will meet the wants of his customers, and can warrant them to be of the first quality. They will be sold

Cheaper than any other Store in the city.

He has also a large stock of leather of the best quality, and will continue to serve those who want good articles with

Home-Made and Custom Work

in his usual style of workmanship—not to be excelled in the country.

LEATHER, FINDINGS, &c.

A large stock of Sole Leather, Calf and Kip skins, heavy Upper Leather, Linings, Bindings, Peculiars &c., all of which will be sold at the very lowest prices.

Remember the Cheap Shoe Store, Columbia Street, one door west of Lillie's Tavern.

Nov. 12, 1852. y12

50 Sacks Prime Coffee—Bayless & Co. have the best Coffee and are selling at the lowest rates of any house in this city.

85 Columbia Street

A Supply of double-refined, crushed, pulverized, and loaf Sugar. Cheap and Corrects. Also a superior quality of Black Tea and Java Coffee at

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

WOOLLEN YARN.—A superior article of Eastern Woolled Yarn for sale at GREY'S *Cheap Store.*

DR. VON BONHORST,

SURGEON DENTIST,

THANKFUL for the liberal patronage he has received upon him since his arrival in this place, respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of his profession at his residence on Calhoun Street, one door north of the Franklin House, where he may be found at all hours during the day.

Several years successful practice in his profession justifies him in warranting all operations to be perfectly satisfactory.

Old Gold wanted for which the full value will be given.

May 29, 1853. y31

CHEESE.—A large quantity of the best brand of Western Reserve Cheese, just received and for sale, at wholesale or retail, at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

BUCKWHEAT.—Loads of Buckwheat can now be supplied with the article put up in sack of twenty-five pounds each—also extra trimming for the same at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

FAMILY FLOUR.—Fresh ground Extra Family Flour kept constantly on hand at EDSALL'S Warehouse.

Combs, Brushes, &c.

THE finest and cheapest lot of articles of the sort ever offered: Buffalo, Ivory, Shell and common Combs of every description and price. Hair Brushes, Clothes, Teeth, Nail, Flesh, Shoe, and Whisk or Bass Wood, cheapest and durable. H. R. REED.

CROCKERY.—White Iron Stone—the largest and best magnificent assortment ever brought to this city, for sale in sets or single pieces to suit purchasers at No. 87. BAYLESS & CO.

No. 85 Columbia St.

40 Barrels prime New Orleans Molasses.
50 bbls Sugar,
150 qarter, half and whole boxes New Raisins.
50 sacks Coffee,
45 boxes Tobacco,
50 doz. Brooms,
100 Boxes Glass assorted,
25 kegs Shoemaker Nails,
100 reams Wrapping Paper,
50 boxes Buff & Sinas Superior Axes,
20 half and quarter boxes Star Candles,
500 lbs Maple Sugar.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Dec. 23, 1852. y26

TOBACCO.—John Anderson's cut chewing Tobacco, together with a good stock of 5 Lump and 6 Twist, at wholesale and retail at BAYLESS & CO.

ROBINSON'S Tannery.

LEATHER,

AND

Boot & Shoe

STORE.

SITUATED across the WEST end of principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE,

At this MANUFACTORY and SALE STORE may be found a general assortment of

All kinds of Leather suited to this Market.

ALSO

Home-Made Boots & Shoes,

of the best quality, made to this place, *Warranted.*

ALSO

Eastern Styles of Boots & Shoes,

for all classes and of great variety.

CHILDREN'S at 20 Cts and upwards.

LADIES' from 45 Cts. to the neatest city styles and prices.

MEN'S from 60 Cts. to the California mark!

No establishment can furnish any *Cheaper or better* articles for the prices than can be found at this STORE

My arrangements are suited to the

Wholesale and Retail Trade

And all are invited to call and examine the extensive varieties now on hand, and that will hereafter be added to my Stock as the varying seasons and tastes of purchasers shall require.

JAMES H. ROBINSON.

Fort Wayne, June 1852.

Tin Smiths Wanted.

PERMANENT employment and liberal wages will be given to a few good Tin Smiths. Call on D. W. MAPLES, at H. BURRIE'S Hardware Store.

Fort Wayne, June 11th, 1853.

THE LARGEST

SILK RIBBON, AND TRIMMING

HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

Silks, Millinery, and Fancy Goods,

At Fair Cash Prices—Time granted by adding interest.

162 Broadway, N. Y.,

HAS now in store, and is daily receiving and offering at the lowest Prices, a complete assortment of Goods in his line, comprising all the various styles and designs, consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks

Marcelines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings Bonnet Ribbons.

TAFFETA AND SATIN RIBBONS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS OF ALL KINDS,

EMBROIDERIES,

French and English Crapes, Crape Lisse, Silk Cords, Gloves of all Kinds, Silk Lace Mitts, Barages, Laces, White Goods, Hosiery, Linen Hdfs.

The undersigned would invite the Merchants from the North, South, East, West, when in the City, to favor him with a call, and examine his stock before purchasing.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,
163 BROADWAY,
Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N.Y.

y26

Motto Cups & Saucers.

Gold Band, of the richest and rarest styles or $5 a pair. The most wishing something new in this line would do well to call soon, as these are dangerous.

No. 87. BAYLESS & CO.

JOHN BROWN,

DEALER IN

STONE AND LIME,

New York and Louisville Cement, and Plaster of Paris.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y12

10 Bbls Sperm Oil,
12 Bbls Tanners Oil,
40 do Linseed Oil,
100 Kegs pure White Lead,
150 Boxes Window Glass,
5 Bbls Cider Vinegar.

Also a barrel of pure French Wine Vinegar, for sale by the gallon or barrel by WALL & MEYER.

Fort Wayne, November 1.

Fancy Goods.

CALL and examine a large Stock of new Styles of every thing you can think of in this line, all of them direct from Paris. Bronze Vases, Statuary, Paper Weights, Mantle Ornaments, Hose, also Stationery, Work Boxes, Rose Boxes, Purses, Snuff Jars, Pearl Portmonies, Fine water color, Fancy Boxes, &c. &c., all of them as cheap that you can't help buying.

Dec. 18, 1852. H. R. REED.

H. R. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Print and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

I am now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H R R.

300 Air Tight Cook Stoves of the latest and most improved styles; and charge nothing to show them. O. & F.

500 Premium, Box and Parlor Stoves, here's the place to make a choice. O. & F.

COOPER'S TOOLS.

General assortment just received, including Adzes, Hewing, Shaves, Hollowing, Backing, Oil and Hollow Augers; also, Howells, Levellers, and Drawknives. O. & F.

NEW York Erie Railroad, this Stove has been got ten up with great care and expense by some of the best establishments east, and can be sold cheap, when compared with other Stoves. Call and see. O & F.

Hoes, Pitchforks, Shovels, and a GENERAL ASSORTMENT of HARDWARE for sale low R. McMULLEN.

CODFISH.—The best in town—for sale at HEDEKIN'S

BLACK SILKS.—A large stock of Black Silks just received and for sale cheaper than ever before offered in this market by

April 26. WILSON & TRESSELT.

WOOLSEY & WALTON,

Coal & Lumber Yard,

Lower Town, foot of Ingrange st., Toledo, O.

COAL constantly for Blacksmiths, Foundries, Steamboats and domestic purposes, *of the best qualities*, constantly on hand and for sale by the tons or cargo, at the lowest cash prices. Foundries and Steamboats supplied by the cargo at low rates.

ROUGH Feeding and Lumber received and shipped at reasonable rates at our Warehouse, foot of Ingrange street.

PINE LUMBER.

Pine Lumber, Lath and Shingles for sale. Black Walnut Lumber bought and sold.

☞ Slit for sale. 6m50

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. L. FORD respectfully informs the ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has *Removed* to *No. 6 PHŒNIX BLOCK, CALHOUN ST.* (SECOND STORY),

Entrance between Mr Fallinger's & Mr. Thieme's stores,

where she will be happy to wait upon all who wish Dress making.

She returns her thanks for the flattering support she has received, and will spare no effort to merit a continuance, and give satisfaction to her customers.

☞ *The Newest Fashions* regularly received.

April 30. y

NOTICE.—The highest price in cash paid for Wheat, Oats, Corn, Timothy, Clover and Flax Seed at EDSALL'S Warehouse.

Dec. 25, 1852.

MATTS.—A superior article of Oilcant door Matts can be had by calling at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Agricultural Implement Manufactory

corner of Caroline and Third St., BUFFALO, N.Y

Pitt's Patent Separator,

IMPROVED DOUBLE PINION HORSE POWER,

Corn and Cob Mills, &c.

I HEREBY give notice that since the extension of the Patent Right on my machine for treading and cleaning grain, I have removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where I have permanently located and erected a large establishment for the manufacture of the above machines.

The Separator has been enlarged, improved and rendered more permanent and durable in all its parts, while the Horse Power, for strength, ease, durability and cheapness of repair, is not surpassed by any in the United States. This Power is warranted to stand the full strength of eight horses; I can give as much effective or useful power when driven by one or two horses as any other Horse Power, whether encumbered on the endless chain or lever principle. It was put on trial at the great exhibition of Horse Powers and Treshing Machines at Geneva, in July 1850, where it received the New York State Agricultural Society's first premium.

My machines will trash and clean from three to five hundred bushels of wheat per day, and other grain in proportion. Two hundred of the above machines are for sale at the agricultural works at the enhancher in this city, all warranted to be a better article than can be purchased elsewhere as any other sheep, and if they do not on trial prove to be so, I will take them off the hand of the purchasers at the price they may pay me for them.

I further notify all persons who are purchasing Horse Powers to be sued in Cuba'ruin and Dragon, that I will hold them accountable for any infringements to the rights secured to me by Letters patent to the above machines, as I am manufacturing a Horse Power and Machine expressly for evading them.

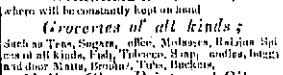
All orders for the above machines, hereafter addressed to John A Pitts, Buffalo, New York, will receive prompt attention. JOHN A. PITTS.

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.

are Agents for the sale of the above machines, Fort Wayne. Persons wishing to purchase can see them by calling at our Warehouse. 21—tf

Clear the Track, Boys!

The Cars are coming, and no mistake.



Fort Wayne Cheap Ready-Pay

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

HENRY WILLIAMS having associated with him in trade, A. ——, Hardy, business will be conducted at the old store, No. 85, Hamilton's New Block Columbia street, under the firm of

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

where will be constantly kept on hand

Groceries of all kinds;

such as Teas, Sugars, coffee, Molasses, Rubbies Syrup, Cases of all kinds, Fish, Tobacco, Soap, candles, Isiggs and door Mats, Brushes, Tubs, Buckets,

Nails, Glass, Paints and Oils,

Sash, Stone and Earthen Ware, Flour, Cotton Batting, Yarn and Dye Stuffs, Hatchets, Shovels,

Steel & Sows superior Axes,

Forks, Powder, Lead, Gun ops. Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Twine, and various other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest, and warranted to be as good as the best.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

wishing to replenish their stock will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

FARMERS

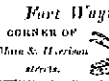
will at all times receive the highest cash price for Butter, Eggs, Cheese, and all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne, November 20 y51

☞ APPLES—100 bushels superior Dried Apples, for sale by HEDEKIN & SON.

Fort Wayne Plow Factory.

CORNER OF Main & Harrison streets.



CORNER OF Main & Harrison streets.

THE subscribers inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of the

Empire Steel Plows.

at the store lately occupied by Goom. This is now the favorite Plow throughout the southern part the state; it took the First Premium at the Ohio State Fair in 1850, and the Indiana State Fair last fall—Farmers are invited to call and examine them. Various sizes will be kept on hand.

They make Steel SHOVEL PLOWS, and 9 and 3 Shovel CULTIVATORS of the best quality.

All the articles made by us will be warranted to conform satisfactorily. REID & THATCHER.

A. D. BRANDRUFF,

No. 94 Columbia Street, FORT WAYNE.

THE GOLDEN STOVE. Sign of

COOKING STOVES

OF all kinds, at prices from $10 to $30, of extra weight and quality, made directly from the ore to order, at one of the best Furnaces in the United States, which enhances their value and durability at least fifty per cent above New York castings, (where there is a mixture of old metal.) Every Stove we will

Warrant to give perfect satisfaction,

and will insure every plate from breaking from the action of fire for a reasonable time, at prices CHEAPER than was ever before offered in Fort Wayne. Our stock consists in part of the following:

5	sizes of the Ironton Premium Cooking Stove.	
5	do best do do	
4	do new do do	
2	do Elevated oven or Dram	do
5	do Comets or Air-tight	do
2	do Indiana (6 holes)	do
1	do Dresser Stove (6 holes)	do
2 sizes	7 plate Stove suitable for Churches and School houses.	
6	do Box Stoves, beautiful pattern and heavy plates.	
3	do 10 Plate Stoves with oven and 2 holes on top, suitable for dining rooms and saloons.	
2	do Franklin, and open front Parlor Stoves.	
2	do Russia Iron self regulators.	
4	do Rip Van Winkle of original design, and one of the most beautiful cast Parlor Stoves ever presented to the public.	

Also a large variety of all kinds of Stoves too tedious to mention. Also Sugar Kettles, Ovens, Skillets, Pots, Dog Irons, Smoothing Irons, and odd Lids, &c., &c.